

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th November 1874.—It is hereby notified that the declaration (published in the *Gazette* of the 6th August 1873) in respect of the plot of land in the village of Azimgunge, pergunnah Assudnagore, zillah Moorshedabad, required for the site of a Post Office, is cancelled.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th November 1874.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of Section 11, Act VII of 1864, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to exclude Chitpore, the terminus of the Eastern Bengal Railway, from the ring-fence defined in clause 4 of the notification of the 22nd February 1869, and to declare it a place within the limits of the operation of the salt law. He is also pleased to notify the following modification in the list of pass stations contained in the said notification:—

In the place of the words "Scaldah, at the termini of the Eastern Bengal and Calcutta and South-Eastern Railways," substitute the words, "Chitpore, at the terminus of the Eastern Bengal Railway."

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

RAJSHAHYE DISTRICT.

The 7th November 1874.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (The District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the Rajshahye district have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st October 1874 at the following rates, being three-fourths of the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Four and a half pie, or a pice and a half, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

				Yearly Cess.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500				...	0	12 0
" 500, " 1,000				...	2	4 0
" 1,000, " 2,000				...	3	6 0

Not less than Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 2-4 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of twelve annas.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF MANBHOOM.

The 7th November 1874.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (The District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Manbhoom have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st of October 1874 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pie, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

				Yearly Cess.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500				...	1	0 0
" 500, " 1,000				...	3	0 0
" 1,000, " 2,000				...	4	8 0

Not less than Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an encamping ground for troops in the village of Raj Baili Dugrua, pergunnah Havli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 100 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by māl lands of Dugrua village, on the south by the Government lands attached to the Gauges and Darjeeling road, on the east by the small nullah known by the name of the Bishnah Dhar, and on the west by the cultivated lands of village Bodhbatī, in the occupation of Rajah Lila Nunda Sing, is required within the aforesaid village of Raj Baili Dugrua, pergunnah Havli, zillah Purneah.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the District Road Committee, Fureedpore, for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of part of the Rajbari road starting from Chandpore to Kallyanpore, in pergunnahs Nasibsahi and Kassimnagor respectively, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages marginally noted, and measuring 10,560 yards, more or less, in length, and 26 yards 2 feet, more or less, in breadth, is

required in the villages aforesaid.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 24th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Doomka and Jamtarrāh, passing through the villages of Mohuadangul, Begaipore, Begaipore Newtola, Dudhance, Amjhar, Manka Chuck, Sukbari, Katoria, Begai, Lakerguri, Charkheta, Kadrasul, Bigkura, Paharidi, Dasodi, Bhurkunda, Forasimal, Palajuri, Nowadi, Thengandi, Bamangaon, Mohundular, Bijnathpore, Chandardi, Rampur, Dhowdaga, Dubrajpore, Jargoni, Asna, Baranosula, Raghonathpore, Rajhudi Newtola, Khongu, Sikari, Falkoria, Manpore, Opparbundhu, Barjuri, Kuramara Nowadi, Chitta, Bhairampur, Tulsidabur, Kuthara, Khairhani, Ghusi Chapati, Barataur, Patagoria, Talibad, Manickpore, Nowadi, Chinuabad, Muchinaud Sirsa, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 45 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Jarmandi and Deogurh, passing through the villages of Jhosugaree, Baidonathpore, Moheshmarah, Koilaspore, Lehrabwa, Hendalabara, Linenogar Nowadih, Sirsa, Bansdiha, Bank, Ghormara, Mulgaghar, Boladih, Dumimerkan, Chowpo, Ramsinghrāi Jote, Agoi, Chalakurum, Kotana Kherukdiha, Nowaree, Nargunge, Taljhuri, Koosma, Buhanga, Jorediha, Choorudiha, Ambapaghu, Pathree, Berajpore, Jamna, Jarmandi Harrihurpore, and Saharamara, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 26 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Godda and Hunsdiha, passing through the villages of Mukhapore, Khejurmoh, Hurrearee, Hunsdiha, Faraya, Kathorri, Punsia, Bhutdiha, and Latha, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 31 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Godda and Burahat, passing through the villages of Rowtarah, Jamjeri, Pipra, Luckhunpaharree, Doie, Pertabpore Simrah, Mohagaon, Lohundia, Dhemupore, Mosudunpore, Pathergama, Sebpore, Pursa, Gurgunda, Niskara Gumerhia, and Boskope, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 34 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Kamra to Auddee, in the villages of Kamra, Doorooragourbazar, and Koondol, pergunnah Dore Mouressor, Lalbazar, pergunnah Noonni, Dukhin, gram, pergunnah Muzkoory, and Hatia, pergunnah Shahazadpore, in zillah Beerbhoom, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles in length, and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Mahomedbazar to Mollarpore, in the villages of Mahomedbazar, Koota, Raypore, Roghoonathpore, and Dencha, pergunnah Noonni, Gunria Pergunnah Dore Mouressor, Gopalnagore, Goupore, Modian, and Mollorpore, pergunnah Mollorpore, zillah Beerbhoom, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 12 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 16th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the village of Koolchara, pergunnah Shahajial, zillah Nudda, it is hereby declared that four pieces of land, as per boundaries specified below, measuring, more or less, 44 beeghas 3 kottahs and 7 chittacks of standard measurement, are required in the aforesaid village of Koolchara:—

No. 1.—Bounded on the north by lands in the occupation of the Company, and by the lands of Moden Gopal Ghose, Gopal Shek, and Adam Sirdar; on the south by lands belonging to Enatulla Biswas, Shitol Ghose, and Moden Gopal Ghose; on the east by the Eria-Jole, and on the west by lands in the occupation of the Company.

No. 2.—Bounded on the north by lands in the occupation of the Company, and by the lands of Moden Gopal Ghose, Bishonath Ghose, Sonai Mundul, Mohesh Ghose, Moden Biswas, and Beram Biswas; on the south by Moden Gopal Ghose, Ishur Ghose, Ferdina Koosham Bibee, Ali Ghose, and Beram Biswas; on the east by lands in the occupation of the Company; and on the west by Nobogunga Jole.

No. 3.—Bounded on the north by the lands of Adam Sirdar and Kishta Ghose; on the south by the lands of Adam Sardar and Jonai Biswas; on the east by the lands of Azim Mundul, Goushu Mundul, and Koosham Bibee; and on the west by lands occupied by the Company.

No. 4.—Bounded on the north by the lands of Beram Biswas, Ali Ghose, and Tiluck Ghose; on the south by the lands of Bishonath Ghose; on the east by the lands of the Company; and on the west by the lands of Beram Biswas, Khodabux, and Shonai Mundul.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 7th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of an imperial Post Office at Sewan, pergunnah Bara, in the district of Sarun, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 kottahs of standard measure, bounded on the north by the Government road to Chaprah, east by the Moonsiff's cutcherry compound, and south and west by the fields of Dahari Khan, is required within the aforesaid mouzah of Sewan, pergunnah Bara, in the district of Sarun.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 847.—Fort William, the 20th November 1874.—Notification.—Establishments.—The following List of Civil Servants on the Bengal Establishment, absent on furlough, special, or subsidiary leave, on the 30th September 1874, is published for general information:—

No.	Name.	Substantive appointment.	Date of commencement of furlough or leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or leave.
* * * * *				
LOWER PROVINCES.				
FURLOUGH.				
1	S. Wauchope	... Judge, 24-Pergunnahs	Oct. 28, 1873	Oct. 27, 1875
2	A. Hope	... Judge, Chittagong	April 7, 1873	April 6, 1875
3	J. A. Crawford	... Collector of Customs, Calcutta	April 13, 1874	April 12, 1876
4	H. A. Cookerell	... Commissioner of Chittagong	June 12, 1874	Dec. 11, 1875
5	H. Hankey	... Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad.	April 13, 1874	Oct. 12, 1875
6	D. J. McNeile	... Magistrate and Collector, Pooree	Aug. 15, 1873	Feb. 14, 1875
7	F. M. Halliday	... Magistrate and Collector, Tirhoot.	March 1874	Oct. 1875
8	W. Macpherson	... Additional Judge, Dacca, Tipperah, Chittagong, and Backergunge.	Jan. 3, 1873	Nov. 19, 1874
9	H. Bell	... Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.	Aug. 12, 1873	Aug. 11, 1875
10	F. G. Millett	... Out of employ.	March 14, 1873	March 13, 1875
11	A. B. Falcon	... Magistrate and Collector, Bogra	Feb. 13, 1874	Feb. 12, 1876
12	H. F. J. Kean	... Magistrate and Collector, 2nd Grade, Chumparan.	Aug. 11, 1874	Aug. 10, 1876
13	G. S. Park	... Magistrate and Collector, Bankoora	Jan. 31, 1874	Jan. 30, 1875
14	G. Graham	... Out of employ.	Sept. 11, 1872	March 10, 1875
15	H. Beverley	... Inspector-General of Registration	Jan. 6, 1873	Jan. 5, 1875
16	R. H. Wilson	... 1st Inspector of Registration Offices	Oct. 27, 1873	Oct. 26, 1875
17	A. Mackenzie	... Junior Secretary to Government of Bengal.	May 20, 1874	Nov. 19, 1875
18	F. H. McLaughlin	... Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector.	April 2, 1873	Oct. 1, 1874
19	D. W. M. Testro	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	Aug. 14, 1872	Nov. 13, 1874
20	C. C. Quinn (a)	... Out of employ.	April 22, 1872	Oct. 21, 1874
21	J. E. Hallet	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	Aug. 11, 1874	Aug. 10, 1876
22	H. W. Gordon	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	May 6, 1874	Dec. 19, 1875
23	A. Manson	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	Dec. 23, 1872	Dec. 22, 1874
24	J. G. Charles	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	May 20, 1874	Nov. 19, 1875
25	T. D. Beighton	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	April 6, 1872	Jan. 5, 1875
26	R. M. Waller	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	May 11, 1874	Jan. 10, 1876
27	J. Whitmore	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	Feb. 2, 1873	May 1, 1875
28	H. G. Cooke	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	Oct. 26, 1872	Oct. 25, 1874
29	H. R. Greaves	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector	May 7, 1873	Nov. 6, 1874
30	D. W. Marsden	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Cuttack.	Feb. 16, 1871	Aug. 15, 1874
31	F. F. Handley	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Monghyr.	April 13, 1874	April 12, 1875
32	J. McCarthy	... Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Monghyr.	April 24, 1874	April 23, 1875
* * * * *				
SPECIAL LEAVE.				
1	R. J. Richardson	... Judge, Tirhoot	July 17, 1874	Jan. 16, 1875
2	G. K. Webster	... Assistant Commissioner, Lohardugga.	July 14, 1874	Jan. 13, 1875
* * * * *				

Note.—Total absent ... 34
 Total of Civil Servants employed in the Lower Provinces ... 235
 Percentage of absentees ... 14.4

(a) Since returned.

No. 848.—The undermentioned gentlemen of Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service reported their arrival at the places and on the dates specified opposite to their names:—

Mr. H. Savage,—Calcutta, the 23rd ultimo.

„ J. Kennedy,—Calcutta, the 23rd ultimo.

* * * * *

No. 366.—*The 20th November 1874.—Ecclesiastical.*—The following list of Chaplains belonging to the Bengal Establishment, absent on furlough or special leave on the 30th September last, is published for general information:—

No.	Name.	Rank.	Date of commencement of furlough or special leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or special leave.
FURLOUGH.				
1	Rev. F. W. Robberds, B.A. ...	Senior Chaplain ..	Dec. 1, 1872 ...	Nov. 30, 1874
2	„ H. W. Crofton, B.A. ...	Ditto ...	May 12, 1873 ...	May 11, 1875
3	„ W. D. Cowley, M.A. ...	Ditto ...	June 6, 1873 ...	Jan. 5, 1875
4	„ J. Richards, M.A. ...	Ditto ...	Nov. 17, 1873 ...	Nov. 16, 1875
5	„ W. Spencer, D.D. ...	Ditto ...	Mar. 29, 1874 ...	Mar. 28, 1876
6	„ J. F. A. Gavin, M.A. ...	Ditto ...	April 19, 1874 ...	April 18, 1876
7	„ F. Crombie, M.A.* ...	Junior Chaplain...	Nov. 4, 1871 ...	Nov. 3, 1874
8	„ A. Eschelbach ...	Ditto ...	April 1, 1873 ...	Mar. 31, 1875
9	„ J. Spear, M.A. ...	Ditto ...	April 14, 1873 ...	Dec. 31, 1874
10	„ P. J. Nicolas, M.A. ...	Ditto ...	June 1, 1873 ...	Oct. 31, 1874
11	„ H. J. Mathew, M.A. ...	Ditto ...	Feb. 27, 1874 ...	Feb. 26, 1876
12	„ E. M. Beasley ...	Ditto ...	May 30, 1874 ...	Oct. 25, 1874
13	„ G. T. Carruthers, M.A.† ...	Ditto ...	Not reported.	.....
SPECIAL LEAVE.				
Nil.				

* Has been permitted to retire from the 4th November 1874.

† Obtained furlough for two years. Made over charge of his Chaplaincy on the 28th March 1874.

Total absent ...	13
Sanctioned number of Chaplains in the Bengal Presidency ...	90
Percentage of absentees ...	14.4

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information:—

No. 942.—*Fort William, the 14th November 1874.—Notification.—Land Revenue and Settlement.*—In exercise of the power conferred by Act XII of 1874, Section 2, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to delegate to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, for the purpose of being exercised within the District of Sylhet, the following powers heretofore vested in or exercisable by the Board of Revenue for the Lower Provinces:—

- The powers under the Rules for the sale of waste lands published in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th February 1874.
- The powers which under or by virtue of Bengal Act IV of 1870 (to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Court of Wards within the Provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal) were vested in or exercisable by the Board.
- The powers vested in or exercisable by the Board under Act XX of 1865 (an Act to amend the law relating to Pleaders and Mukhtars).
- The powers vested in or exercisable by the Board under all the Rules made before the 2nd February 1874, under which waste land grants are held in the Province of Assam.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 6694.—*Fort William, the 19th November 1874.—Notifications.—Leave and Allowances.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the insertion of the following as Rule 2 under Section 25 (b) of the Acting Allowance Code:—

✓ A Commissionership of a Division is a Judicial office within the meaning of Section 25 (b).

No. 6711.—*The 20th November 1874.*—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be inserted as Rule 2 under Section 1 of the Civil Leave Code:—

2.* If an officer who has completed the term of service when by ordinary rules he would be compelled to retire, as, for example, a Covenanted Civil Servant under Section 8 of Supplement A to the Civil Pension Code, or a chaplain under Section 4 of Supplement C to the same Code, is granted an extension of service, the only leave admissible to him during such extension is privilege leave under Chapter VI.

The Governor-General in Council also directs that the following be inserted as a footnote under the foregoing rule:—

* Applies to all Officers in Civil employ.

No. 6712.—*Pensions and Gratuities*.—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be inserted after the word "Service" in Rule 1 under Section 53 of the Civil Pension Code:—

(See Rule 2, under Section 1 of the Civil Leave Code.)

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 1088.—*Fort William, the 20th November 1874*.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England:—

* * * * *

Surgeon-Major B. Simpson, M.D., of the Medical Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 12th November 1874.

* * * * *

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3249C.S.

The 21st November 1874.—The following gentlemen, who have, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to be Assistant Magistrates and Collectors in the Dinagepore and Tipperah districts respectively, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Mr. William Dunbar Blyth, c.s.
Mr. Robert Carstairs, c.s.

Baboo Gopee Mohun Mookerjee, Acting Moonsif of Ranaghat, is appointed to be a Moonsif of the Third Grade, and to be Moonsif of Gungarampore, in the district of Dinagepore.

The 24th November 1874.—Mr. John Delabere Gael, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the 24-Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Baboo Sreenath Roy, Subordinate Judge and Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Fureedpore and Bhanga, is appointed to act as Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Kooshtea, Choodangah, and Pubna during the absence, on leave, of Moulvie Moazzim Hossein, or until further orders.

Baboo Bhoobun Chunder Mookerjee, Moonsif of Khoobna, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge and Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Fureedpore and Bhanga during the absence on duty of Baboo Sreenath Roy, or until further orders.

Mr. George Thomas, zemindar, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of Monghyr, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Mr. Frank Hunter Barrow, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bhagulpore, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 3, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories under His Honor's control.

The following gentlemen, who have, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to be Assistant Magistrates and Collectors in the Midnapore and Moorshedabad districts respectively, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Mr. David Norton, c.s.
„ Francis Henry Harding, c.s.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st November 1874.—The following Revised Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners in the Town of Serampore, sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 1 of Bengal Act II of 1873, are published for general information. They will come into effect immediately.

1. There shall be eighteen Municipal Commissioners for Serampore, of whom fifteen shall be elected by the rate-payers and three shall be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor.

Number of Elective Commissioners.

2. Any man of full age who is a resident within municipal limits, or within three miles thereof, who is himself a rate-payer, who can read and write, and who has never been convicted of a non-bailable offence, may be proposed for election.

Qualification of candidates.

3. The municipal jurisdiction of Serampore shall be divided into three quarters or wards, which shall return members as follows:—

In Serampore, with Chattra and Bullubpore	..	9
„ Konnagar	..	8
„ Risherah and Mohesh..	..	3
Total	..	15

4. Any two rate-payers may nominate a candidate and may inform the sub-divisional officer of his candidature on any date not later than the last day of February. The sub-divisional officer shall ascertain if the candidate accepts the nomination and is qualified under the rules; and if so, he shall notify such candidature at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and at one or more police-stations and school-houses in the town, as he may see fit. Such notification shall state the name, residence, and qualification of the candidate.

Notice of candidature.

5. If any rate-payer object to the eligibility of any candidate, he may, on some date not later than the 6th March, notify such objection in writing to the sub-divisional officer, who shall hear and finally decide any question of eligibility. On the 10th March the final list of candidates shall be notified at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and in at least one conspicuous place in each quarter.

Objection against candidates.

6. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint a sub-committee of three of their number to assist the sub-divisional officer in carrying out the following rules regarding elections.

Election sub-committee of Commissioners.

The sub-divisional officer shall decide on what day, not later than the 25th March, and at what places in the town, the poll shall be held; and he shall notify such decision at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and in at least one place in each quarter.

Time and place of polling.

7. As soon as possible after the publication of these rules, the sub-divisional officer shall prepare a list of all the persons who paid any rate on houses or lands in each ward during the year ending on the 31st December next preceding. A copy of the list shall be exposed to view at the sub-divisional and at the municipal office, and a copy of so much of the list as relates to each quarter in some police-station, school-house, or other accessible public place in each quarter of the town. All persons mentioned in the list shall be entitled to a vote in the election of Municipal Commissioners for the ward.

List of electors.

8. No rate-payer shall have a vote for more than one person or in more than one ward.

Number of votes.

9. Votes shall be recorded by such polling clerks as may be appointed by the Chairman of the Commissioners. There shall be at least one polling clerk for each polling place, who shall stay at the polling place for such hours as the sub-divisional officer may fix on the day of the poll. Each rate-payer who desires to record his vote shall attend at the polling place, and shall state his name and residence; the polling clerk shall verify from the list of voters of the quarter whether the intending voter is entitled to a vote for that quarter; and if he is so entitled, he shall record his vote against the rate-payer's name in the list of electors for the ward. The election sub-committee of the Commissioners shall, acting under the sub-divisional officer's instructions, make such arrangements as they may see fit for identifying voters in cases of doubt, and in any case of doubt as to the validity of a vote, or as to the identity of a voter, the decision of the sub-committee and the sub-divisional officer shall be final.

Recording of votes.

Identification of voters.

10. At sunset on the day of the poll, the poll shall be closed, and the registers of the polling clerks shall be scrutinised by the sub-divisional officer and the election sub-committee, whose decision upon any doubtful points shall be final. The candidates who may stand highest on the poll of their quarter shall be declared to be duly elected.

Scrutiny of poll registers.

11. The result of the poll shall be notified at the sub-divisional cutcherry and in each ward, and shall be reported to Government for publication in the *Gazette*. The candidates declared to be duly elected shall hold office from the 1st April next succeeding the day of their election.

Membership to commence.

12. The cost of erecting temporary sheds, of paying polling clerks, or taking any other necessary action under these rules, shall be paid by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

Cost of municipal elections.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st November 1874.—The following revised rules connected with the departmental examinations of junior members of the Covenanted Civil Service, the Subordinate Executive Service, the Non-Regulation Commission, Police, &c., have been sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and are published for general information:—

1. All Assistant Magistrates, Assistant and Extra Assistant Commissioners, Deputy Magistrates and Collectors, Assistant Superintendents of Police, and others to whom these rules may be applicable, who may have been more than six months on duty, shall, and those who have been less than six months on duty may, at their option, be subjected to half-yearly departmental examinations, and shall be required to pass according to the standard, or the standards of examination which may be applicable to them, respectively, in each subject according to the rules hereinafter set forth.

2. To direct and control these half-yearly departmental examinations, there shall be a Central Examination Committee appointed by Government. It shall consist of a President, and of as many members (of whom one shall be Secretary) as the Government may think proper to appoint from time to time.

3. The examinations may be held, in the Regulation Provinces, at any station which is the head-quarters of a Divisional Commissioner, and at any other station where there is a Zillah Judge.

4. For the Non-Regulation Provinces the examinations may be held at the following stations, and at any other stations where the Commissioners may, in communication with the Central Examination Committee, think it necessary to hold Committees for examination:—

For Chota Nagpore, at Ranchee.

For Cooch Behar, at Darjeeling or Julpigoree.

For Sonthal Pergunnahs, at Bhagulpore.

For Chittagong Hill Tracts, at Chittagong.

5. Each Divisional Commissioner should notify, at least one month before the date of examination, at how many stations in his division examinations are to be held, and for the officers of what districts each shall be held. If a Divisional Commissioner has only a very few examinees, and if the means of locomotion are easy, he will probably have only one or two centres of examination in his division. For remote or inaccessible districts, he might have special examinations. For instance, the Presidency Division and Midnapore District examinees could all come in to Alipore, and the rest of the Burdwan Division men to Hooghly, or all to the Presidency. The Commissioners of Rajshahye and Dacca would probably decide to have two, three, or more centres of examination. The Commissioners of the Chittagong, Bhagulpore, and Orissa Divisions, would probably want only one; the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore two; and the Commissioner of Patna either one or two centres of examination. But in all divisions the Lieutenant-Governor would leave it to each Commissioner to decide for each examination.

6. The Central Examination Committee are authorized to sanction, on sufficient cause being shown, the appearance of an officer for examination at a station other than that at which under ordinary circumstances he would be required to present himself.

7. At the several stations at which it may be determined that examinations are to be held, Local Committees shall be formed, who shall conduct the examinations under the instructions of the Central Committee, with whom they will correspond on all matters relating to the examinations.

8. The Local Committee at each station, which is the head-quarters of a Commissioner, shall consist of the Commissioner, the Collector (or Deputy Commissioner), and a Native civil officer to be selected by the Commissioner. In the absence of the Commissioner, or Collector, the Judge (or Judicial Commissioner) shall take his place on the Committee. At the other stations the Committee shall consist of the Judge, the Collector, and any native officer to be selected by the Judge. At the stations in the Non-Regulation Provinces, which are not the head-quarters of the Commissioner, and at which there is no Judicial Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner shall form a Committee with one or two other officers to be selected by him in communication, if necessary, with the Commissioner of the division.

9. The Government will on every occasion fix, in communication with the Central Committee, the days for the half-yearly examination, which shall be the same for every district. The first half-yearly examination will usually be held in the month of April, May, or June, and the second in the month of October, November, or December.

10. It shall be the duty of the Central Committee to prepare beforehand, for each examination, sets of questions to be put to the examinees; to forward a sufficient number of copies of each of such sets to the President of each Local Committee in a sealed packet, which shall not be opened until the moment of examination; to determine the order in which the

examinations in each paper and subject shall be held; and to arrange all other details for the conduct of the examinations. The Central Committee, from time to time, shall lay down such rules as may appear to them best for the guidance of the Local Committees, in order to ensure a fair and uniform method of fixing the degree of attainment upon each point of examination which the several officers examined may reach.

11. The Local Committee shall superintend the written examinations of the examinees only so far as may be necessary to ensure the conduct of them with proper strictness. They shall not examine the written answers, but shall forward them to the Central Committee with a report, which shall be furnished by the District Officer and Commissioner under whom the examinee has been employed, as to his official character, qualifications, and the work done by him during the preceding six months, as well as a paper of marks which they shall assign to candidates for conversation, in which branch their decision shall be final. The Central Committee, after taking all the reports into consideration, and perusing all the examination papers, shall report to Government the names of such officers as, in their opinion, have come up to the requirements according to one or other of the standards in force, noticing especially, in the order of their merit, those who may have passed with distinction. They shall also report the names of those who, in their opinion, have succeeded in passing in one or more of the subjects, as well as of those who have failed altogether.

12. There shall be two standards of examination in Law and Languages: the First or the Lower and the Second or the Higher Standard. As regards languages, the papers and marks for each standard shall for the present be kept distinct.

13. The only language in which officers generally shall be required to pass by the Lower Standard shall be the vernacular of the district in which they may be serving, and the principal object of the examination shall be to test the proficiency, for practical purposes, of the examinee in such language.

14. Lithographed copies of at least two documents, written in different running hands, shall be forwarded by the Central Committee to each Local Committee; and the examinees shall be required, within a limited time, to be fixed by the Central Committee, to transcribe the papers set into Roman character, and also to give an intelligible written translation thereof in English, provided they know that language. Native officers who do not know English will be required only to translate these documents. The Local Committee shall forward the transcripts and translations for the final decision of the Central Committee as to the number of marks to be awarded. An English judgment, or other official paper, to be furnished by the Central Committee, must be translated by the examinee into the vernacular without assistance. The examinee must also dictate off-hand, with some fluency, the translation into the vernacular of an English report, or other official paper, also to be furnished by the Central Committee, whereof the translation shall be written down exactly as dictated. He must then be tested in conversation with two or three natives, in such manner and to such extent as shall suffice to satisfy the Committee as to the degree of his power of understanding natives of different classes, and of making himself understood by them, both in common conversation and in the usual course of office business. An examinee must pass successfully through every step of this branch of the examination, in order to qualify himself according to the First Standard. The translation must be substantially correct in meaning, and intelligible to a native, tolerably correct in grammar and spelling, and free from any very bad errors of idiom. The dictated paper must in like manner be intelligible and substantially correct.

15. The next object of the First or Lower Standard of examination shall be to test the examinee's practical acquaintance with the Criminal Codes, and his general knowledge of certain of the more important local laws, regulations, and rules. One paper shall be prepared specially for this examination, which shall be confined to the Criminal Codes, and for which the use of books shall be allowed. The questions must not be such as can be answered by copying a passage from a book; they must be such as shall thoroughly test the intelligent knowledge of the examinees in understanding the bearing of facts, and knowing where to look for the law and how to apply it. Another paper shall be prepared, consisting of questions on the local laws, regulations, and rules enumerated in Appendix I below. These must be answered without the aid of books. The whole of this paper shall be equally available to the candidates for the Lower and the Higher Standards of examination, but the number of marks required for passing shall be less in the case of examinees by the Lower than in that of those by the Higher Standard of examination.

16. In the examination by the Higher Standard it shall be necessary for the examinee to pass in both the required vernacular languages—ordinarily Bengali and Urdu. The standard of examination shall be similar in its nature to the first, but more difficult in degree. In the vernacular portion of it the papers selected as tests should be of a more difficult description of office papers; the translation, dictation, and conversation should be fluent, generally correct, and readily intelligible; and the examinee should be tested in his power of explaining himself clearly, and with sufficient propriety, in the vernacular, in an argument or topic of some difficulty, such as may occur in official business. The questions of law and practice should be selected from the whole field of the duties of a Magistrate and Collector. All examinees will be required to pass in two papers. The nature of the one, in answering the questions in which the use of books will not be allowed, has already been explained in paragraph 15. The other paper, for which the use of books will be allowed, will contain questions on the

local laws, regulations, and rules set forth in Appendix II. The examinees should have all the Acts, Regulations, and Circulars, but the questions should be confined as much as possible to cases commonly arising in the ordinary routine of a Magistrate and Collector, or of a Police Superintendent's office. They should consist almost entirely of stating certain facts of probable occurrence in real practice, and requiring the examinees to find and apply the law applicable to the facts.

17. Covenanted Civil Servants may pass by the Lower or the Higher Standard in either or both the languages whenever they can. They must pass the examination in "local laws, regulations, and rules," and in both languages, by the Higher Standard. They will be required to pass by the Lower Standard in languages only, and will not be subject to any restrictions in respect of the order of passing the different language-tests in the Higher Standard.

18. Covenanted Civil Servants must always pass by the Higher Standard in Bengali, and those who have not so passed in Hindustani will have no claim to full powers or to the full pay of Rs. 500, and cannot have powers or promotion in a Hindustani district, although the higher powers may be conferred on them in a Bengali district, if the public service requires it.

19. All officers other than Covenanted Civil Servants will be required to pass fully both the Lower and the Higher Standards of examination, with the following exceptions:—

20. Officers who, after passing in the higher grade the preliminary examination for admission into the Subordinate Executive Service held in 1873, or subsequently received appointments in that service, will be subject to no further examination except the Higher Standard departmental examination, and the opium laws examination for those candidates who are appointed to the Opium Department without having taken the opium papers. Candidates who passed at the Subordinate Executive Service examination held in 1872 are exempted from examination by the Lower Standard in the vernacular only. They will, however, be required to pass in Law by that standard.

21. Natives of Hindustan serving in Behar and Hazareebagh shall not be required to pass in Bengali, but it will be optional with them to do so, and those who do pass will be eligible for service and promotion in Bengal as well as in Behar.

22. Officers other than natives of Hindustan will not be required to pass in Hindustani, but may do so, and will then be eligible for service and promotion in Behar and Hazareebagh as well as in Bengal.

23. These exemptions are not applicable to officers in the Police, who must pass in both Bengali and Hindustani as now, unless specially exempted.

24. All native officers in the Subordinate Executive Service, in the Non-Regulation Commission, and in the Police, will be strictly examined in their own vernacular, the object of the examination being to test their thorough competency to conduct the correspondence and other ordinary business of their offices with their own hands.

25. In case a candidate, allowed by Government for any special reason to present himself for examination by the Higher Standard in Law or Languages before passing the Lower, fail to pass the Higher Standard in either subject, the Central Examination Committee shall have full authority to decide whether he has done sufficiently well to entitle him to be passed by the Lower Standard.

26. Officers who succeed in passing by either standard, either (a) in Law or (b) in either of the languages, shall not again be required to present himself for examination by the same standard in the subject in which he was successful, but only in those in which he failed.

27. The marks to be assigned to each branch of the examination, the proportion required for passing by the different standards, and the time allowed for each paper, are set forth in Appendix III. Uniformity must be rigidly enforced in the time allowed for each subject, whether in Law or Language.

28. A civil officer who has passed according to the First Standard of examination, and who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for six months, shall usually be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class described in Sections 20, 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872), provided he is certified by the Commissioner to be fully competent to exercise them. Assistant Magistrates and Assistant Commissioners will also then be vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector.

29. An officer, however, who shall have passed by the Lower Standard in the Criminal Codes and in the language of his district, may be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, on the Commissioner of the division submitting a recommendation to that effect, provided he has had not less than six months' experience in his Magisterial duties.

30. An officer who has passed according to the Second Standard shall be eligible to be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, but not until he shall have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for at least six months.

31. An officer who has passed in Law and in the language of his district according to the Second Standard, may also be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, subject to the condition of his having exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for six months, but he shall not be entitled to any promotion or increase of pay until he has passed fully by the Second Standard. He shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class so long only as he is employed in a district where the language in which he has passed is the vernacular.

32. Assistant Magistrates and Assistant Commissioners on first appointment draw only Rs. 400 a month. On passing the Lower Standard of examination they shall be allowed an increase of Rs. 50 a month, provided they have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for six months at least; and on passing fully the Higher Standard and being invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, they will receive a second increase of Rs. 50, provided they have also exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for not less than six months.

33. Officers attending these examinations will be allowed travelling allowance according to the ordinary rates of such allowances prevailing in the services to which they respectively belong. Covenanted Civil Servants and Military Officers in civil employ will draw travelling allowance for attending examinations on three occasions for each standard. Uncovenanted Officers will draw such allowances on two occasions only.

34. No application from any junior officer liable to examination, for privilege leave or leave on private affairs, will be entertained, if the following half-yearly examinations fall due before the expiry of the leave applied for, unless the application specifies that the applicant will attend the examination.

35. If such leave is applied for, and the application from such an officer is submitted to Government, it should be stated that he is liable to pass an examination, and that the next examination will be held within the period of the leave applied for. This will enable the Lieutenant-Governor to decide whether, for the reasons stated, the leave should be granted; and if so, with what conditions.

36. It is the duty of District Officers to look to the practical training of the young officers placed under them, from their first entering into official life till they acquire a practical experience in their duties, and qualify themselves for the exercise of higher powers by passing the prescribed examinations. District Officers are expected to take active interest in the well-being of the young men placed under them by exercising due supervision over their studies, by holding periodical examinations to test their qualifications and official knowledge, and by any other means which may seem to them to be expedient for the purpose.

SPECIAL RULES.

1. Officers in Orissa must pass in Uriya as their first language.
2. For the future no officer who did not on the 4th May 1874 hold the substantive rank of a District Magistrate shall be promoted to that substantive rank in a district of Orissa until he has passed in Uriya by the Higher Standard; and the same condition as to Bengali will govern the promotion of an officer transferred from Orissa to a Bengali-speaking district. From these conditions, however, all officers who on the 4th May 1874 were of 12 years' standing (from the date of commencement of civil service) in Bengal are exempt.
3. Military Officers in civil employ under this Government, who would ordinarily be subject to examination in Urdu, shall not be required to pass in that language by either the First or the Second Standard of the departmental examinations, if they have previously passed by the Higher Standard according to the tests for the Examination of Military Officers in that language, laid down in G. G. O. No. 734, dated 9th September 1864, and G. G. O. No. 294, dated 24th March 1866.
4. For Police Officers the examination for the Lower Standard shall consist of the language of the district in which they are employed, and of the papers in Criminal Codes prepared for Executive Officers. The examination for the Higher Standard shall be in both the Bengali and Urdu languages, and in a special paper which must be prepared in Criminal Law only, including the Salt, Excise and Opium Laws, to be answered without books.
5. Police Officers employed in Orissa must pass in Uriya as their first language.
6. All Police Officers are required to pass in Bengali according to the Second Standard, and until they so pass they will not be considered eligible for transfer out of Bengal Proper.
7. Police Officers transferred to the executive service, or who desire such transfer, will be required to pass the same tests as those prescribed above for officers of the Subordinate Executive Service, subject to the exception noted below.
8. When an officer so circumstanced has already passed by either standard in a language, the pass will be accepted as sufficient to that degree.
9. Such officers who have passed in Law by the Lower Standard (as hitherto required for the Police) will still be required to pass for the Lower Standard in the general papers of local laws, &c., but they will be exempted from examination in the Criminal Codes prescribed for the Lower Standard, if they desire to avail themselves of the exemption. But if any such officer elects to pass the examination in the Codes, such pass will be taken into account in his favor.
10. Such officers who have passed by the Higher Police Standard in Law will still be required to pass in both law papers prescribed in paragraph 16 above, the word "law" being now used in a much broader sense to cover revenue and general law.
11. Candidates for admission into the Opium Department will continue to be examined according to the rules laid down in G. O. No. 1157G, of 28th October 1872. It will therefore only be in exceptional cases that after admission any such candidate will be required to appear at the departmental examinations to which the above rules refer.

APPENDIX I.

Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, in which the Examination will be without the aid of Books.

Regulations I, VIII, and XLVIII of 1793, and XII of 1817.
 Regulations I and II of 1819.
 Regulation VIII of 1819.
 Regulations VII of 1822, IX, and XI of 1825, and IX of 1833.
 Acts IX of 1847, XXXI of 1858, and IV (B.C.) of 1868.
 Act XX of 1856.
 Act XI of 1859.
 Acts VII (B.C.) of 1868 and VIII (B.C.) of 1869.
 Acts XXI of 1856* and XXIII of 1860.*
 Act V of 1861.
 Act X of 1870.
 Act VIII of 1871.*
 Bengal Council Act X of 1871.*
 Bengal Council Acts III of 1864 and VI of 1868, with amending Acts.

APPENDIX II.

In which the Examination will be with the aid of Books.

All Acts of the Government of India, Bengal Regulations, and Bengal Acts so far as they are unrepealed; Circulars of Bengal Government, the High Court, and the Board of Revenue, of the Inspectors-General of Police, Jails, and Registration.

APPENDIX III.

Table showing the subjects for Examination by each standard, the maximum number of marks assigned to each, the minimum number required for passing, and the time to be allowed.

Subjects of Examination.	Maximum marks.		Passing marks.		Time.
	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	
Criminal Codes with books	100	.....	100	.....	Three hours.
General Law Paper without books—} of questions being Revenue, and } Non-Revenue	100	100	60	90	Ditto.
Paper with books to include all Laws	.....	100	.....	90	Four hours.
Language of the District—					
Transliteration	20	20	10	10	} One-and-a-half hours.
Translation from Vernacular	20	20	10	10	
English	20	20	10	10	Two hours.
Dictation from English	20	20	10	10	Half an hour.
Conversation	20	20	10	10	Ten minutes.
Other Language—					
The same as above, but for Higher Standard only.					

N. B. As to the laws which are marked thus,* a knowledge of the principles and general scheme of the law will be sufficient. Acquaintance with the executive details and other particulars will not be required.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
 Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1874.—In supersession of the Notification of the 13th May 1869 (published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem), it is hereby notified that the boundaries of the town of Balasore, in the district of Balasore, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, are as follow :—

North.—The southern slope of the distillery road, from the Orissa Trunk Road to the boundary of the Manikhamb village; thence the western boundary of that village to the Nuniajuri river; thence the Nuniajuri river to its junction with the Burabhalong river; thence the Burabhalong river.

East.—The French settlement.

South.—A line drawn from the south-west corner of the French settlement to the Chandipore road at the entrance to Sunhut, and thence along the revenue boundaries of the following villages :—

Sunhut.

Mausing Bazar.

West.—The Orissa Trunk Road.

Makalpore.

Byramnagar.

Krushnaraipore.

Paruahpada.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
 Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th November 1874.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the substitution of the following for Rule 78 of the Rules regulating labor transport under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st January 1874. The new rule will come into operation on the 1st January 1875.

Rule 78.—Emigrants and their dependents, if any, whether under the Act or not, proceeding to a labor district, shall not be embarked on a vessel carrying more than twenty persons without a pass from the Embarkation Agent, which pass, however, shall not be granted until the Medical Inspector has thoroughly satisfied himself, in the first instance by simple inspection, of their freedom from any serious communicable disease, or anything else which would render them disagreeable or dangerous to others on board; and further, by careful medical observation for a period of fully four clear days, or 96 hours of their freedom from latent cholera. For the purposes of such medical observation, the Medical Inspector shall require the persons interested in such emigrants and their dependents to establish suitable *observation depôts*, distinct and apart from the *embarkation depôts* of licensed contractors, and shall in regard to them exercise the same powers as are vested in him in connection with the control and supervision of embarkation depôts.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th November 1874.—Under the power vested in him by Section 2, Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (an Act for the punishment of public gambling, and the keeping of common gaming-houses), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, in continuation of the Notification dated 13th May 1872, to extend the provisions of Section 11 of the said Act to the following towns in the 24-Pergunnahs:—

I.—The remaining portion of the South Suburban Town, consisting of the undermentioned villages:—(1) Taligunj; (2) Borobazar; (3) Russa; (4) Chandpore; (5) Arrankpore; (6) Dhakuriah; (7) Uluberiah; (8) Badiadangah; (9) Topsea; (10) Tiljullah; (11) Bundial; (12) Dattabad; (13) Dukhin Tengra; (14) Arapota; (15) Koostea; (16) Poonjo, Taligunj; (17) Etalghatta; (18) Pootoori; (19) Sodepore; (20) Bistoopore; (21) Kanaipore; (22) Shabpore; (23) Santushbati Behala; (24) Borisha; (25) Sursoonah; (26) Shokerbazar; (27) Dukhin Behala; (28) Thakur-pukur; (29) Garriah; (30) Barhus; (31) Rajpore; (32) Harinavi, (33) Malancha; (34) Podra.

II.—The North Suburban Town, comprising the following villages:—(1) Barhanager; (2) Bonhoogly; (3) Nowpara; (4) Arreadah; (5) Kamarhati; (6) Basdepore; (7) Bailghuriah; (8) Palpora; (9) Dakhinesar; (10) Nowda.

III.—The town of Kadihabi, consisting of the following villages:—(1) Nimta; (2) Birati; (3) Gowripore; including Bazar, and (4) Kadihati.

IV.—The town of Bagjullah, consisting of the following villages:—(1) Digla; (2) Dum-Dum house; (3) Bagjullah; (4) Satgachi; (5) Sir John Horsford's state; (6) the portion of Etalgacha called Hospital Gowkhanna.

V.—The town of Baraset, bounded on the north by the villages of Salpukuriah and Shiti; on the east by the road from the Taki road to Shiti, the eastern boundary of the village of Kooberpore, and the dry bed of the Santee Nadi; on the south by the southern boundary of the village of Mohessurpore; on the west by the western boundaries of the villages of Digheriah and Kootooshi, the south-west boundary of Rhedoypore, the south-west and north-west boundaries of the villages of Harrihurpore, the north-west boundary of Persadpore, and the western boundaries of the villages of Bonomalipore and Palpukuria.

VI.—The town of Satkhira, the limits of which were laid down in the maps of the survey sanctioned by Government and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th June 1856.

VII.—The town of Barripore, consisting of *Barripore*, including the villages of Brahmanporah, Garowanpara, Surripara, Kamarpara, Baraipara, Boishnobpara, Mundulpara, Khankipara, and the Bazar only, and of *Susan*, including Brahmunpara only.

In each case the limits of the towns for the purposes of this Act will be the same as those for the purposes of Act VI of 1868.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 20th November 1874.

No. 402.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India, in supersession of Declaration published, under date the 1st May 1874, in orders of Judicial Department, at page 833 of Calcutta Gazette of 6th idem.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a Lock-up at Begoozerai sub-division, in mouzah Begoozerai, Mokimpore, pergunnah Bullea, zillah Monghyr, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 19 cottahs and 16 dhoores, bounded on the north by Moonsif's cutcherry, south by police thana of Begoozerai, east by sub-divisional cutcherry, west by Khusroo Tantie's Jote, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

The 21st November 1874.

No. 403.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. J. O'Toole, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Dinagepore Special Division, is allowed privilege leave from the 8th September to the 20th October 1874, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in addition to that already granted* to him.

No. 404.—*Posting.*—Mr. A. G. Bremner, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, is posted to the Fourth Calcutta Division.

No. 405.—*Transfer.*—Baboo Ramnath Bhattacharjee, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Hazareebagh to the Lohardugga District.

No. 406.—*Appointment.*—Corporal E. Hughes, Probationary Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Gya District, is permanently appointed to that Grade.

No. 407.—*Notification.*—Baboo Hemchunder Biswas, Supervisor, First Grade, joined the Third Calcutta Division on the 12th November 1874, before noon.

The 23rd November 1874.

No. 408.—The following order, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 613.—*The 20th November 1874.*—Major G. S. Hills, R.E., on return from furlough, is re-appointed to the Public Works Department as an Executive Engineer, First Grade, and posted to Bengal in the Provincial Establishment.

No. 409.—*Appointment.*—Major G. S. Hills, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Bhagulpore District as a temporary measure, or until further orders.

No. 410.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. J. Caldwell, Supervisor, First Grade, attached to the Darjeeling and Julpigoree District, is allowed sick leave on Medical Certificate from the 7th July to the 14th August 1874, under Supplement F, Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code, in addition to that already granted† to him.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,
Public Works Department.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT.—NOTIFICATIONS.

The 23rd November 1874.

No. 393.—*Transfers.*—Mr. N. E. Jennings, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, from the Arrah to the Eastern Sone Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 10th instant.

No. 394.—Baboo Kristo Chunder Banerjee, Overseer, First Grade, from the Kurmanassa to the Arrah Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 10th instant.

No. 395.—*Notifications.*—Baboo Heralal Mitter, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Dehree Division, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 7th instant, of the leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 396.—Baboo Kally Kristo Dutt, Probationary Overseer, Third Grade, Kurmanassa Division, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 8th instant, of one month's leave without pay granted him on the 9th ultimo.

No. 397.—The following notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 615, dated 20th November 1874.—Lieutenant W. T. Shone, R.E., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, made over charge of the duties of Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, Establishment Branch, to Mr. E. E. Oliver, on the forenoon of the 17th November 1874, and is transferred from the Bengal Irrigation Branch to the Punjab Irrigation Branch.

No. 398.—Baboo Mohesh Chandra Bose, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Cossye Division, Notification No. 349, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 15th ultimo, of the three weeks' privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted, and returned to duty on the afternoon of the 4th instant.

No. 399.—Mr. F. B. Pemberton, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Puri Survey Division, Notification No. 369, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 28th October 1874, of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 400.—*Leave*.—Mr. R. J. Beckwith, Overseer, First Grade, Kurmanassa Division, is Notification No. 348, granted fifteen days' leave without pay, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted him in the orders dated 12th October 1874. marginally noted.

G. A. SEARLE, Lt.-Col., B.C.,
for Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P.W.D., Irrigation Branch.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 24th November 1874.—Baboo Brojo Behary Shome, B.L., Additional Moonsif of Jessore, is allowed leave of absence for a fortnight, from the 24th November 1874 to the 8th December next, in extension of that granted to him by Court's order No. 2552, dated the 22nd September 1874, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

TRANSFERS OF MOONSIFS.

The 24th November 1874.—Baboo Huro Gobind Mookerjee, B.L., Additional Moonsif in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, posted at Diamond Harbour, is transferred to Baraset as Second Moonsif there, *vice* Moulvie Dubeerooddeen Ahmed, deceased.

Baboo Chunder Prasanno Dutt, Moonsif of Jajpore, in the district of Cuttack, is transferred to Balasore, in the same district.

Baboo Judoonath Dass, B.L., Additional Moonsif in the district of Jessore, is transferred to Jajpore, in the district of Cuttack.

By order, &c.,

High Court, the 24th November 1874.

H. J. S. COTTON, Offg. Registrar.

Circular Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Circular Order No. 23.

Dated Calcutta, the 2nd October 1874.

WITH reference to Circular Order No. 18, dated 4th August 1873, it is requested that all Small Cause Court Judges, when submitting their annual scale of contingent charges to the High Court for sanction, will furnish full details of the items composing the heads Office Expenses and Miscellaneous.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

2. In cases where the officer submitting the estimate is a Subordinate Judge vested with Small Cause Court powers, charges on account of Puckahpullers should be budgeted for by the Subordinate Judge.

By order of the High Court.

H. J. S. COTTON, Offg. Registrar.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th September 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Criminal Sessions of the year 1874 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the thirtieth day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

M. RUSTOMJEE, Sheriff.

শারিক আফিস, সন ১৮৭৪ সাল ২৮ সেপ্টেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সবে বাঙ্গলার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম জুর্জের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ৩০ নবেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৪ সালের নবম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়াম বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিহিন করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

M. RUSTOMJEE, Sheriff.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER Section 14 of Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Moonsheegunge will sit at the Moonsheegunge Court on the 30th of November and 1st of December 1874.

PORESHNATH BANERJEE, *Offg. Judge.*

DACCA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 17th November 1874.

TREASURY NOTICES.

MR. F. H. BARROW, COVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR, has been placed in charge of the Treasury at Bhagulpore, and has been authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

By order of the Commissioner,

S. P. CHATTERJEE, *Personal Asst. to the Commr.*

MR. T. E. DEMPSTER, Extra Assistant Commissioner of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, has been placed in charge of the treasury at Doomka, and has been authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

S. P. CHATTERJEE, *Personal Asst. to the Commr., S. P.*

BABOO AUTUL CHUNDER CHATTERJEE, Deputy Collector, resumed charge of Balasore Treasury on the 30th October 1874, and was authorised to draw bills on other treasuries from that date.

By order,

K. C. GHOSH, *Persl. Asst. to Commr.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVISION, Cuttack, the 17th November 1874.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the examination in Surveying and Physical Geography, held, in accordance with the Junior Scholarship Rules in the Chittagong Division, on the 3rd October 1874 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

Names of successful Candidates from the districts of the Chittagong Division.			Schools.
1. Akhil Chandra Dé	...	...	Chittagong Zillah School.
2. Mohendra Chandra Das	...	...	Comillah ditto.
3. Jagat Bandhu Datta	...	...	Noakholly ditto.
4. Gobinda Chandra Das	...	...	Comillah ditto.
5. Sarat Chandra Basu	...	...	Noakholly ditto.
6. Dvarika Nath Basu	...	...	Ditto ditto.
7. Jaganmohun Sirkar	...	...	Mogultoli Aided School in Comillah.
8. Biresvar Das	...	...	Chittagong Zillah School.
9. Haria Chandra Das	...	...	Ditto.
10. Ananga Chandra Datta	...	...	Ditto.
11. Nazir Ul Hoq	...	...	Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

School by School.

12. Purna Chandra Datta	...	...	Albert Institution, Chittagong.
13. Saroda Prosad Sen	...	...	Comillah Zillah School.
14. Bepin Chandra Deb	...	...	Ditto.
15. Prosanna Kumar Sen	...	...	Ditto.
16. Krishno Kumar Bhadra	...	...	Ditto.
17. Atul Chandra Chottopadya	...	...	Ditto.
18. Pran Hari Sen	...	...	Mogultoli School, Comilla.
19. Kumidini Kanta Shom	...	...	Noakholly Zillah School.
20. Kalla Chand Mitra	...	...	Ditto.

A. W. C.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 13th October 1874.

BURMAH. 2-maund bags ... 2,11,500
 1 " " ... 85,000

MADRAS. 2-maund bags ... 69,750

No. 1.—NOTICE is hereby given that sales by public auction of the Government rice marginally noted will be held at the opium sale-rooms near the Office of the Board of Revenue, as follows:—

	BURMAH.		MADRAS.
	About one-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.
On Monday the 16th November ... ..	.....	62,000	18,000
On " " 7th December	20,000	59,250	12,250
On Tuesday the 29th December ... ..	.....	80,000	.....
On Monday the 18th January 1875	15,000	10,250	39,500
	35,000	2,11,500	69,750

The following are the conditions of the sale:—

1. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.

2. Each lot shall contain 1,000 bags, of an average weight, as ascertained by examining and weighing, in the presence of intending purchasers, a percentage of at least 100 bags of each description of rice, on days (at least ten days previous to day of sale) to be fixed by public advertisement. The average net weight thus ascertained will be declared at time of sale, and will also be notified in the *Exchange Gazette* for two days previously.

3. The bids must advance Rs. 10 at a time.

4. Intending purchasers will have an opportunity of inspecting samples of the rice at the office of the undersigned on any day previous to the sale, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., and of examining its quality and condition in the godowns on the days to be fixed by public advertisement for testing the average weight of the bags to be sold.

5. A currency note for Rs. 100 shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and such note shall be considered part of the 20 per cent. deposit referred to in paragraph 6.

6. A deposit of 20 per cent. of the price of the rice purchased must be paid into the Bank of Bengal by each purchaser as a deposit the day after the sale.

7. Within three days after making the deposit of 20 per cent., the remainder of the price must be paid into the Bank of Bengal, or the first deposits will be forfeited.

8. Payment in full may be made at any time within four days after the sale.

9. Application for delivery orders are to be made to the undersigned, and such orders will be issued according to priority of application; but no delivery order shall be issued, or application for the same be entertained or recorded, until the full amount of purchase-money shall have been paid. Delivery orders shall specify the dates on which delivery is to be taken, and these dates will be fixed, as far as practicable, with reference to the wishes of purchasers; but rice not taken delivery of on the date or dates named in the order, shall remain in the godown until all subsequent orders of same sale shall have been satisfied; nor shall the purchaser have any claim upon Government in respect of such delayed delivery.

10. Delivery in full must be taken within thirty days of date of sale, or the amount deposited shall be forfeited.

11. The buyer must satisfy himself in every respect as to the quality, description, and weight of the rice before the day of sale. No subsequent complaints or reclamations will be admitted.

12. The Officer superintending the sale on the part of Government is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit, either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal receipts, or Government securities, of a sum equal to 20 per cent. of his bid.

13. Any further information respecting weight, description, or quality of the rice advertised for sale, that may be desired, will be furnished on application to the undersigned.

14. The undersigned reserves to himself the right of altering the dates of sales should circumstances render it expedient, and of withdrawing any unsold lot.

39, STRAND, CALCUTTA,
 The 13th October 1874.

J. GRAHAM, Major, on Special Duty.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1112B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth or last Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 3rd December 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

		Chests.
Behar Opium	...	2,185
Benares "	...	1,565
Total	...	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th December respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th December 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 18th December 1874.

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th October 1874.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1199B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1872-73	534	
Supply from 1873-74	25,266	25,800
BENARES.		
Reserve of 1872-73	260	
Supply from 1873-74	18,940	19,200
Total	45,000	

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1875, will consist of 25,800 chests of Behar and 19,200 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1872-73 and 1873-74, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 4th Jan. 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Feb. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Mar. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th Aug. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th Sep. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st Oct. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Nov. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd Dec. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total	25,800	19,200	45,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1. The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2. The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest, and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Member in charge, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if

the whole quantity advertized shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Member in charge may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4. Each lot shall contain five chests.

5. A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale; or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

resold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Member in charge shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7. No tender of money, Bank of Bengal receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8. The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth Condition or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Member in charge shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9. Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10. No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book or his authorized Agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11. The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12. With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bona fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13. The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Port William in Bengal.

15. The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:— No. 1, certificate of the Opium advertized for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16. The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1873-74, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years—to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17. Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertized for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Member in charge entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1875, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 45,000 chests of

Behar	Chests.
Benares	25,800
Total	45,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertized for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period

of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article, there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so supplied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."—By order of the Member in charge.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 16th November 1874.

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on the 16th November 1874.

	Government golas.	Private golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah... ..	1,96,372	.....	2,33,694	4,30,066
Bombay Kurkutch	3,97,800	.....	90,799	4,88,599
Madras "	1,27,172	.....	.....	1,27,172
Arabian and Persian Gulfs, Kurkutch and Muscat Rock	1,07,016	.....	1,74,865	2,81,881
Total	8,28,360	.....	4,99,358	13,27,718

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs*.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 21st November 1874.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1874.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c. 1731—1757		PART VI.—Bills of the Legislative Council of India:—	
PART II.—Advertisements 2307—2411		Preliminary Report of Select Committee and Amended Civil Appeals Bill (Bengal), 1874 ...	151
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council Nil.		Memorial of the Rajshahya Association ...	154
PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council Nil.		Memorial of the British Indian Association ...	157
PART V.—Acts of the Legislative Council of India ... Nil.		From Pleaders of the High Court, Calcutta ...	158
		Report of Select Committee and Amended Distress Bill, 1874 ...	165
		SUPPLEMENT No. 48	3517—3536

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 3353C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 26th November 1874.*—Mr. William Vansittart Graham Tayler, Magistrate and Collector of Pubna, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st December next.

Mr. Phillip Nolan is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of Pubna during the absence on leave of Mr. Tayler, or until further orders.

Baboo Huri Mohun Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Tumlook Division of the Midnapore district.

The services of Lieutenant A. P. Thornton are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, Military Department.

The 27th November 1874.—Mr. Lestock Reid Forbes, Acting Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Palamow Division of the Lohardugga district, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th instant.

Baboo Nil Madhub Banerjee, Civil Extra Assistant Commissioner, is appointed to have charge of the Palamow Division of the Lohardugga district during the absence on leave of Mr. L. R. Forbes, or until further orders.

The 28th November 1874.—Captain Linley Blathwayt, Assistant Commissioner, just returned from furlough, is posted to Hazareebagh.

In supersession of the orders of the 21st instant, Mr. William Dunbar Blyth, C.S., is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Beerbhoom.

Mr. Frank Robert Stanley Collier, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, held charge of the office of Magistrate and Collector of the Bogra district from the 19th October to the 20th November 1874.

Mr. James Fortescue Harrison, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, reported his return from leave on medical certificate on the 23rd instant.

Mr. Behary Lal Gupta, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, on relief duty in Hooghly, is reappointed to have charge of the Diamond Harbour Division of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Baboo Romesh Chunder Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of Diamond Harbour sub-division, is posted to Hooghly.

The 30th November 1874.—Baboo Chunder Narain Singh, M.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bhagulpore, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Acts X (B.C.) of 1871 and X of 1870.

Mr. Harry Lee, who has been recently appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division, and is posted to the district of Burdwan.

Mr. Andrew George Wilson, Assistant Commissioner, Hazareebagh, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Pachumba Division of that district.

Mr. William Napier Campbell, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Pachumba Division of the Hazareebagh district, is transferred temporarily to the Sudder Station of that district.

Mr. Henry Murray Tobin, C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Hazareebagh, is transferred to the district of Lohardugga.

Mr. Alfred Augustus Wace, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna, is appointed to have charge of the Tajpore Division of the Tirhoot district.

Mr. Herbert Mosley, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on relief duty in Tirhoot, is appointed to be Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Patna.

Mr. James Fortescue Harrison, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, just returned from leave, is appointed to have charge of the Sasseram division of the Shahabad district.

Mr. Edward Stanford Andrew, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Sasseram division of the Shahabad district, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Chumparun.

In supersession of the orders of the 3rd instant, Mr. Henry Gillon, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to have charge of the Narail division of the Jessore district.

Mr. David Bird Allen, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, on relief duty, is appointed to the Sudder Station of Tirhoot.

The 1st December 1874.—Baboo Umulloo Churn Mullick, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, on leave, is transferred to the Rajshahye Division, and is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring land for the Northern Bengal State Railway.

Mr. Cecil Michael Wilfred Brett, who has been recently appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahye Division, and is posted to the district of Dinagepore.

Mr. Frederick Beatson Taylor, who has been recently appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division, and is posted to the district of Nuddea.

Mr. Andrew William Cochran, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, acted as Magistrate and Collector of that district, with effect from the afternoon of the 12th to the afternoon of the 25th November last.

Baboo Aunuda Prosad Ghose, Deputy Collector, Midnapore Survey, is appointed to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Cuttack.

POLICE.—*The 28th November 1874.*—Mr. Frederick Wilcox is appointed to act in the Fourth Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

The 30th November 1874.—Mr. Charles Armstrong Fisher is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police in Jessore, from the date on which he might have been relieved by Mr. Cornish.

Mr. John Briscoe Birch is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police in Pubna, from the date on which he may be relieved by Mr. W. J. Kilby.

The 1st December 1874.—Mr. Henry William John Bamber is appointed to act temporarily as District Superintendent of Police, Balasore.

Mr. Francis Graves is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police in Balasore from the date on which he may be relieved by Mr. Bamber.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 1st December 1874.*—The Reverend William Crawford Bromehead, M.A., Chaplain of St. John's Church and Medical College Hospital, having returned to duty in the afternoon of the 20th November 1874, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th October last, is cancelled.

REGISTRATION.—*The 1st December 1874.*—Baboo Sunjeeb Chunder Chatterjee, Special Sub-Registrar of Burdwan, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th instant, or any other date on which he may avail himself of it.

EDUCATION.—*The 20th November 1874.*—Baboo Shurut Chunder Das, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bogra, is transferred to Dinagepore.

Baboo Dwarka Nath Dutt, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Dinagepore, is transferred to Bogra.

The 23rd November 1874.—Baboo Peary Mohun Mookerjee, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Rajshahye, is transferred to Pubna.

Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Neogy, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Pubna, is transferred to Rajshahye.

The 30th November 1874.—Mr. Charles Deslandes Church Winter, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be a member of the Nizamut School Committee at Moorshedabad, vice Mr. T. J. Murray, who has left the station.

The 1st December 1874.—The leave of absence for three months granted to Baboo Bidyadur Das, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Tipperah, under orders of the 23rd October last, is cancelled at his own request.

MEDICAL.—*The 30th November 1874.*—The following Surgeons are appointed to do duty in the General Hospital, viz.—

Surgeon Samuel Haslett Browne.	Surgeon John Catchick Shircore.
" Edward Mair.	" George John Malcolm Smith.
" James Armstrong.	" Horace Parr Yeld.
" Lewis Richard Dawson.	" John Campbell Fullerton.

JAILS.—*The 30th November 1874.*—Mr. Wilfred Lucas Heeley, B.A., Inspector-General of Jails, is allowed leave for three weeks, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 9th October last.

OPIMUM.—*The 27th November 1874.*—Mr. Stewart Douglas Jackson, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Monghyr, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he might have availed himself of it in anticipation of sanction.

Mr. H. G. C. Clarke is appointed to act as an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent in the Behar Agency during the absence on leave of Mr. Jackson, or until further orders.

FORESTS.—*The 30th November 1874.*—Mr. J. S. Gamble, B.A., Assistant Conservator of Forests, Third Grade, having completed three years' service, having passed the prescribed tests and having been reported to be fit to hold a division, has fulfilled the requirements of the rule laid down in the notification of the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 4397 of the 20th July 1874, and is promoted to the Second Grade of the Assistant Conservators of Forests, with effect from the 18th November 1874.

ROAD CESS.—*The 25th November 1874.*—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint under Sections 49 and 51 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871, the following gentlemen to be members of the District Road Cess Committee in the Tipperah district for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Act:—

The Magistrate and Collector, Chairman	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
The Senior Covenanted Assistant to Magistrate and Collector.	...	
The Deputy Collector in charge of road cess work	...	
The Executive Engineer	...	
The District Superintendent of Police	...	
Munshi Aptahuddeen, Zemindar and Pleader.		
Mr. Edmond Delauney, Manager of the estate of Syed Basarut Ali Chowdry.		
Mr. J. P. Delauney, Zemindar.		
Baboo Ishan Chandra Rai, Zemindar.		
" Hurrish Chandra Bose, Dewan of Rajah Gungamundal.		
Moonshee Lal Meah, Zemindar.		
Mahomed Gazi Chowdhry, Zemindar.		
Baboo Nilmoney Dasa, Dewan of the Rajah of Hill Tipperah.		
" Ram Doolal Roy, Zemindar.		
" Shib Chandra Aich, Zemindar and Pleader.		
" Uma Lochun Mozumdar, Zemindar.		
Mr. H. L. Weathrell.		

ERRATUM.—*The 26th November 1874.*—At page 49 of the Special Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th November 1874, under the 24-Pergunnahs district, for " Baboo Narendra Krishna," read " Kumar Narendra Krishna."

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]




NOTIFICATION.

The 20th November 1874.—The following arrangements of storm signals for the approaches to the Port of Calcutta, as well as within the port, are published for general information in supersession of this Government Marine Resolution dated 12th April 1873, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem.


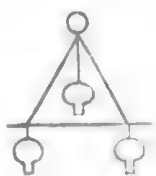
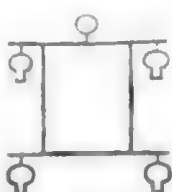
I.—Signals for the approaches to the Port of Calcutta.

When there is bad weather in the Bay of Bengal, the following signals will be hoisted at the Flag-staff near the Light-house on Saugor Island; at Mud Point; and at the Flag-staff, Diamond Harbour, near the Telegraph Station; on receipt of instructions telegraphed from the Meteorological Office, Calcutta:—

During Day.

Name.	Shape.	Signification.
<i>Bad weather signal.</i>		A single cone indicates that bad weather (such as usually precedes, but is not always followed by a cyclone), is probably prevalent in the Bay.
<i>Warning signal.</i>		A black double cone indicates that the passage of a cyclone is probable, as a cyclonic vortex is believed to have been formed in the Bay. When this signal is up, pilots will not put to sea, unless in their judgment the local weather symptoms are such that this course is not imprudent; and unless the master, concurring in this opinion, distinctly takes upon himself the responsibility of going to sea, and gives the pilot a writing to that effect.
<i>Danger signal.</i>		A black drum indicates that a cyclone is probably approaching. When this signal is hoisted, masters or pilots in charge of vessels are forbidden to put to sea from Saugor, or proceed down from Diamond Harbour, and should make their vessels as snug and secure as possible.

At Night.

<i>Bad weather signal.</i>		Two lights in a vertical line. Cyclonic disturbance in the Bay.
<i>Warning signal.</i>		Three lights in a triangle. Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>		Four lights in a square. Cyclone approaching.

The following rules for the guidance of running pilots are also published for general information :—

Rules 28 A and 28 B of the Rules for the Guidance of Running Pilots.

Rule 28 A.—When the warning signal, as described in the notification of the 20th November 1874, is hoisted on the Flag-staff at Saugor Island near the Light-house, or at Mud Point, officers in pilotage charge of vessels will not put to sea, unless in their judgment the local weather symptoms are such that this course is not imprudent; and unless the master, concurring in this opinion, distinctly takes upon himself the responsibility of going to sea, and gives the pilot a writing to that effect.

Rule 28 B.—When the danger signal, as described in the notification of the 20th November 1874, is hoisted on the Flag-staff at Saugor Island near the Light-house, or at Mud Point, officers in pilotage charge of vessels shall not put to sea, but should make the vessels under their charge as snug and secure as possible; nor should they proceed below Diamond Harbour when a black drum is hoisted at the Flag-staff at that Station.

II.—Signals for the Port of Calcutta.

The following storm signals only are to be used within the limits of the Port of Calcutta, and are to be hoisted on the yard-arm of the Flag-staff near the Government Dockyard, Kidderpore, and on the yard-arm of the Flag-staff on the roof of the Sailors' Home, on the receipt of instructions from the Meteorological Office :—

During Day.

Name.	Shape.	Signification.
<i>Warning signal.</i>	<i>Double cone.</i>	Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>	<i>Drum.</i>	Cyclone approaching.

At Night.

<i>Warning signal.</i>	<i>Three lights in a triangle.</i>	Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>	<i>Four lights in a square.</i>	Cyclone approaching.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

FUREEDPORE DISTRICT.

The 30th November 1874.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (The District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of Fureedpore have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st of October 1874 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly :—

1. Six pie, or two pice, on every ropee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

2. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.
		Rs. A. P.
Not less than Rs. 100,	but less than Rs. 500	... 1 0 0
“ 500,	“ 1,000	... 3 0 0
“ 1,000,	“ 2,000	... 4 8 0

Not less than Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(Second Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st November 1874.—The following revised rules connected with the departmental examinations of junior members of the Covenanted Civil Service, the Subordinate Executive Service, the Non-Regulation Commission, Police, &c., have been sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and are published for general information:—

1. All Assistant Magistrates, Assistant and Extra Assistant Commissioners, Deputy Magistrates and Collectors, Assistant Superintendents of Police, and others to whom these rules may be applicable, who may have been more than six months on duty, shall, and those who have been less than six months on duty may, at their option, be subjected to half-yearly departmental examinations, and shall be required to pass according to the standard, or the standards of examination which may be applicable to them, respectively, in each subject according to the rules hereinafter set forth.

2. To direct and control these half-yearly departmental examinations, there shall be a Central Examination Committee appointed by Government. It shall consist of a President, and of as many members (of whom one shall be Secretary) as the Government may think proper to appoint from time to time.

3. The examinations may be held, in the Regulation Provinces, at any station which is the head-quarters of a Divisional Commissioner, and at any other station where there is a Zillah Judge.

4. For the Non-Regulation Provinces the examinations may be held at the following stations, and at any other stations where the Commissioners may, in communication with the Central Examination Committee, think it necessary to hold Committees for examination:—

For Chota Nagpore, at Ranchee.

For Cooch Behar, at Darjeeling or Julpigoree.

For Sonthal Pergunnahs, at Bhagulpore.

For Chittagong Hill Tracts, at Chittagong.

5. Each Divisional Commissioner should notify, at least one month before the date of examination, at how many stations in his division examinations are to be held, and for the officers of what districts each shall be held. If a Divisional Commissioner has only a very few examinees, and if the means of locomotion are easy, he will probably have only one or two centres of examination in his division. For remote or inaccessible districts, he might have special examinations. For instance, the Presidency Division and Midnapore District examinees could all come in to Alipore, and the rest of the Burdwan Division men to Hooghly, or all to the Presidency. The Commissioners of Rajshahye and Dacca would probably decide to have two, three, or more centres of examination. The Commissioners of the Chittagong, Bhagulpore, and Orissa Divisions, would probably want only one; the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore two; and the Commissioner of Patna either one or two centres of examination. But in all divisions the Lieutenant-Governor would leave it to each Commissioner to decide for each examination.

6. The Central Examination Committee are authorized to sanction, on sufficient cause being shown, the appearance of an officer for examination at a station other than that at which under ordinary circumstances he would be required to present himself.

7. At the several stations at which it may be determined that examinations are to be held, Local Committees shall be formed, who shall conduct the examinations under the instructions of the Central Committee, with whom they will correspond on all matters relating to the examinations.

8. The Local Committee at each station, which is the head-quarters of a Commissioner, shall consist of the Commissioner, the Collector (or Deputy Commissioner), and a Native civil officer to be selected by the Commissioner. In the absence of the Commissioner, or Collector, the Judge (or Judicial Commissioner) shall take his place on the Committee. At the other stations the Committee shall consist of the Judge, the Collector, and any native officer to be selected by the Judge. At the stations in the Non-Regulation Provinces, which are not the head-quarters of the Commissioner, and at which there is no Judicial Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner shall form a Committee with one or two other officers to be selected by him in communication, if necessary, with the Commissioner of the division.

9. The Government will on every occasion fix, in communication with the Central Committee, the days for the half-yearly examination, which shall be the same for every district. The first half-yearly examination will usually be held in the month of April, May, or June, and the second in the month of October, November, or December.

10. It shall be the duty of the Central Committee to prepare beforehand, for each examination, sets of questions to be put to the examinees; to forward a sufficient number of copies of each of such sets to the President of each Local Committee in a sealed packet, which shall not be opened until the moment of examination; to determine the order in which the

examinations in each paper and subject shall be held; and to arrange all other details for the conduct of the examinations. The Central Committee, from time to time, shall lay down such rules as may appear to them best for the guidance of the Local Committees, in order to ensure a fair and uniform method of fixing the degree of attainment upon each point of examination which the several officers examined may reach.

11. The Local Committee shall superintend the written examinations of the examinees only so far as may be necessary to ensure the conduct of them with proper strictness. They shall not examine the written answers, but shall forward them to the Central Committee with a report, which shall be furnished by the District Officer and Commissioner under whom the examinee has been employed, as to his official character, qualifications, and the work done by him during the preceding six months, as well as a paper of marks which they shall assign to candidates for conversation, in which branch their decision shall be final. The Central Committee, after taking all the reports into consideration, and perusing all the examination papers, shall report to Government the names of such officers as, in their opinion, have come up to the requirements according to one or other of the standards in force, noticing especially, in the order of their merit, those who may have passed with distinction. They shall also report the names of those who, in their opinion, have succeeded in passing in one or more of the subjects, as well as of those who have failed altogether.

12. There shall be two standards of examination in Law and Languages: the First or the Lower and the Second or the Higher Standard. As regards languages, the papers and marks for each standard shall for the present be kept distinct.

13. The only language in which officers generally shall be required to pass by the Lower Standard shall be the vernacular of the district in which they may be serving, and the principal object of the examination shall be to test the proficiency, for practical purposes, of the examinee in such language.

14. Lithographed copies of at least two documents, written in different running hands, shall be forwarded by the Central Committee to each Local Committee; and the examinees shall be required, within a limited time, to be fixed by the Central Committee, to transcribe the papers set into Roman character, and also to give an intelligible written translation thereof in English, provided they know that language. Native officers who do not know English will be required only to translate these documents. The Local Committee shall forward the transcripts and translations for the final decision of the Central Committee as to the number of marks to be awarded. An English judgment, or other official paper, to be furnished by the Central Committee, must be translated by the examinee into the vernacular without assistance. The examinee must also dictate off-hand, with some fluency, the translation into the vernacular of an English report, or other official paper, also to be furnished by the Central Committee, whereof the translation shall be written down exactly as dictated. He must then be tested in conversation with two or three natives, in such manner and to such extent as shall suffice to satisfy the Committee as to the degree of his power of understanding natives of different classes, and of making himself understood by them, both in common conversation and in the usual course of office business. An examinee must pass successfully through every step of this branch of the examination, in order to qualify himself according to the First Standard. The translation must be substantially correct in meaning, and intelligible to a native, tolerably correct in grammar and spelling, and free from any very bad errors of idiom. The dictated paper must in like manner be intelligible and substantially correct.

15. The next object of the First or Lower Standard of examination shall be to test the examinee's practical acquaintance with the Criminal Codes, and his general knowledge of certain of the more important local laws, regulations, and rules. One paper shall be prepared specially for this examination, which shall be confined to the Criminal Codes, and for which the use of books shall be allowed. The questions must not be such as can be answered by copying a passage from a book; they must be such as shall thoroughly test the intelligent knowledge of the examinees in understanding the bearing of facts, and knowing where to look for the law and how to apply it. Another paper shall be prepared, consisting of questions on the local laws, regulations, and rules enumerated in Appendix I below. These must be answered without the aid of books. The whole of this paper shall be equally available to the candidates for the Lower and the Higher Standards of examination, but the number of marks required for passing shall be less in the case of examinees by the Lower than in that of those by the Higher Standard of examination.

16. In the examination by the Higher Standard it shall be necessary for the examinee to pass in both the required vernacular languages—ordinarily Bengali and Urdu. The standard of examination shall be similar in its nature to the first, but more difficult in degree. In the vernacular portion of it the papers selected as tests should be of a more difficult description of office papers; the translation, dictation, and conversation should be fluent, generally correct, and readily intelligible; and the examinee should be tested in his power of explaining himself clearly, and with sufficient propriety, in the vernacular, in an argument or topic of some difficulty, such as may occur in official business. The questions of law and practice should be selected from the whole field of the duties of a Magistrate and Collector. All examinees will be required to pass in two papers. The nature of the one, in answering the questions in which the use of books will not be allowed, has already been explained in paragraph 15. The other paper, for which the use of books will be allowed, will contain questions on the

local laws, regulations, and rules set forth in Appendix II. The examinees should have all the Acts, Regulations, and Circulars, but the questions should be confined as much as possible to cases commonly arising in the ordinary routine of a Magistrate and Collector, or of a Police Superintendent's office. They should consist almost entirely of stating certain facts of probable occurrence in real practice, and requiring the examinee to find and apply the law applicable to the facts.

17. Covenanted Civil Servants may pass by the Lower or the Higher Standard in either or both the languages whenever they can. They must pass the examination in "local laws, regulations, and rules," and in both languages, by the Higher Standard. They will be required to pass by the Lower Standard in languages only, and will not be subject to any restrictions in respect of the order of passing the different language-tests in the Higher Standard.

18. Covenanted Civil Servants must always pass by the Higher Standard in Bengali, and those who have not so passed in Hindustani will have no claim to full powers or to the full pay of Rs. 500, and cannot have powers or promotion in a Hindustani district, although the higher powers may be conferred on them in a Bengali district, if the public service requires it.

19. All officers other than Covenanted Civil Servants will be required to pass fully both the Lower and the Higher Standards of examination, with the following exceptions:—

20. Officers who, after passing in the higher grade the preliminary examination for admission into the Subordinate Executive Service held in 1873, or subsequently received appointments in that service, will be subject to no further examination except the Higher Standard departmental examination, and the opium laws examination for those candidates who are appointed to the Opium Department without having taken the opium papers. Candidates who passed at the Subordinate Executive Service examination held in 1872 are exempted from examination by the Lower Standard in the vernacular only. They will, however, be required to pass in Law by that standard.

21. Natives of Hindustan serving in Behar and Hazareebagh shall not be required to pass in Bengali, but it will be optional with them to do so, and those who do pass will be eligible for service and promotion in Bengal as well as in Behar.

22. Officers other than natives of Hindustan will not be required to pass in Hindustani, but may do so, and will then be eligible for service and promotion in Behar and Hazareebagh as well as in Bengal.

23. These exemptions are not applicable to officers in the Police, who must pass in both Bengali and Hindustani as now, unless specially exempted.

24. All native officers in the Subordinate Executive Service, in the Non-Regulation Commission, and in the Police, will be strictly examined in their own vernacular, the object of the examination being to test their thorough competency to conduct the correspondence and other ordinary business of their offices with their own hands.

25. In case a candidate, allowed by Government for any special reason to present himself for examination by the Higher Standard in Law or Languages before passing the Lower, fail to pass the Higher Standard in either subject, the Central Examination Committee shall have full authority to decide whether he has done sufficiently well to entitle him to be passed by the Lower Standard.

26. An officer who succeeds in passing by either standard, either (a) in Law or (b) in either of the languages, shall not again be required to present himself for examination by the same standard in the subject in which he was successful, but only in those in which he failed.

27. The marks to be assigned to each branch of the examination, the proportion required for passing by the different standards, and the time allowed for each paper, are set forth in Appendix III. Uniformity must be rigidly enforced in the time allowed for each subject, whether in Law or Language.

28. A civil officer who has passed according to the First Standard of examination, and who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for six months, shall usually be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class described in Sections 20, 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872), provided he is certified by the Commissioner to be fully competent to exercise them. Assistant Magistrates and Assistant Commissioners will also then be vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector.

29. An officer, however, who shall have passed by the Lower Standard in the Criminal Codes and in the language of his district, may be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, on the Commissioner of the division submitting a recommendation to that effect, provided he has had not less than six months' experience in his Magisterial duties.

30. An officer who has passed according to the Second Standard shall be eligible to be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, but not until he shall have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for at least six months.

31. An officer who has passed in Law and in the language of his district according to the Second Standard, may also be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, subject to the condition of his having exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for six months, but he shall not be entitled to any promotion or increase of pay until he has passed fully by the Second Standard. He shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class so long only as he is employed in a district where the language in which he has passed is the vernacular.

32. Assistant Magistrates and Assistant Commissioners on first appointment draw only Rs. 400 a month. On passing the Lower Standard of examination they shall be allowed an increase of Rs. 50 a month, provided they have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for six months at least; and on passing fully the Higher Standard and being invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, they will receive a second increase of Rs. 50, provided they have also exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for not less than six months.

33. Officers attending these examinations will be allowed travelling allowance according to the ordinary rates of such allowances prevailing in the services to which they respectively belong. Covenanted Civil Servants and Military Officers in civil employ will draw travelling allowance for attending examinations on three occasions for each standard. Uncovenanted Officers will draw such allowances on two occasions only.

34. No application from any junior officer liable to examination, for privilege leave or leave on private affairs, will be entertained, if the following half-yearly examinations fall due before the expiry of the leave applied for, unless the application specifies that the applicant will attend the examination.

35. If such leave is applied for, and the application from such an officer is submitted to Government, it should be stated that he is liable to pass an examination, and that the next examination will be held within the period of the leave applied for. This will enable the Lieutenant-Governor to decide whether, for the reasons stated, the leave should be granted, and if so, with what conditions.

36. It is the duty of District Officers to look to the practical training of the young officers placed under them, from their first entering into official life till they acquire a practical experience in their duties, and qualify themselves for the exercise of higher powers by passing the prescribed examinations. District Officers are expected to take active interest in the well-being of the young men placed under them by exercising due supervision over their studies, by holding periodical examinations to test their qualifications and official knowledge, and by any other means which may seem to them to be expedient for the purpose.

SPECIAL RULES.

1. Officers in Orissa must pass in Uriya as their first language.
2. For the future no officer who did not on the 4th May 1874 hold the substantive rank of a District Magistrate shall be promoted to that substantive rank in a district of Orissa until he has passed in Uriya by the Higher Standard; and the same condition as to Bengali will govern the promotion of an officer transferred from Orissa to a Bengali-speaking district. From these conditions, however, all officers who on the 4th May 1874 were of 12 years' standing (from the date of commencement of civil service) in Bengal are exempt.
3. Military Officers in civil employ under this Government, who would ordinarily be subject to examination in Urdu, shall not be required to pass in that language by either the First or the Second Standard of the departmental examinations, if they have previously passed by the Higher Standard according to the tests for the Examination of Military Officers in that language, laid down in G. G. O. No. 734, dated 9th September 1864, and G. G. O. No. 294, dated 24th March 1866.
4. For Police Officers the examination for the Lower Standard shall consist of the language of the district in which they are employed, and of the papers in Criminal Codes prepared for Executive Officers. The examination for the Higher Standard shall be in both the Bengali and Urdu languages, and in a special paper which must be prepared in Criminal Law only, including the Salt, Excise and Opium Laws, to be answered without books.
5. Police Officers employed in Orissa must pass in Uriya as their first language.
6. All Police Officers are required to pass in Bengali according to the Second Standard, and until they so pass they will not be considered eligible for transfer out of Bengal Proper.
7. Police Officers transferred to the executive service, or who desire such transfer, will be required to pass the same tests as those prescribed above for officers of the Subordinate Executive Service, subject to the exception noted below.
8. When an officer so circumstanced has already passed by either standard in a language, the pass will be accepted as sufficient to that degree.
9. Such officers who have passed in Law by the Lower Standard (as hitherto required for the Police) will still be required to pass for the Lower Standard in the general papers of local laws, &c., but they will be exempted from examination in the Criminal Codes prescribed for the Lower Standard, if they desire to avail themselves of the exemption. But if any such officer elects to pass the examination in the Codes, such pass will be taken into account in his favor.
10. Such officers who have passed by the Higher Police Standard in Law will still be required to pass in both law papers prescribed in paragraph 16 above, the word "law" being now used in a much broader sense to cover revenue and general law.
11. Candidates for admission into the Opium Department will continue to be examined according to the rules laid down in G. O. No. 1157G, of 28th October 1872. It will therefore only be in exceptional cases that after admission any such candidate will be required to appear at the departmental examinations to which the above rules refer.

APPENDIX I.

Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, in which the Examination will be without the aid of Books.

Regulations I, VIII, and XLVIII of 1793, and XII of 1817.

Regulations I and II of 1819.

Regulation VIII of 1819.

Regulations VII of 1822, IX and XI of 1825, and IX of 1833.

Acts IX of 1847, XXXI of 1858, and IV (B.C.) of 1868.

Act XX of 1856.

Act XI of 1859.

Acts VII (B.C.) of 1868 and VIII (B.C.) of 1869.

Acts XXI of 1856* and XXIII of 1860.*

Act V of 1861.

Act X of 1870.

Act VIII of 1871.*

Bengal Council Act X of 1871.*

Bengal Council Acts III of 1864 and VI of 1868, with amending Acts.

APPENDIX II.

In which the Examination will be with the aid of Books.

All Acts of the Government of India, Bengal Regulations, and Bengal Acts so far as they are unrepealed; Circulars of Bengal Government, the High Court, and the Board of Revenue, of the Inspectors-General of Police, Jails, and Registration.

APPENDIX III.

Table showing the subjects for Examination, by each standard, the maximum number of marks assigned to each, the minimum number required for passing, and the time to be allowed.

Subjects of Examination.	Maximum marks.		Passing marks.		Time.
	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	
Criminal Codes with books	100	.....	100	.....	Three hours.
General Law Paper without books— $\frac{1}{2}$ of questions being Revenue, and $\frac{1}{2}$ Non-Revenue	100	100	60	90	Ditto.
Paper with books to include all Laws	.....	100	.....	90	Four hours.
Language of the District—					
Transliteration	20	20	10	10	} One-and-a-half hours.
Translation from Vernacular	20	20	10	10	
“ English	20	20	10	10	Two hours.
Dictation from English	20	20	10	10	Half an hour.
Conversation	20	20	10	10	Ten minutes.
Other Language—					
The same as above, but for Higher Standard only.					

N. B.—As to the laws which are marked thus,* a knowledge of the principles and general scheme of the law will be sufficient. Acquaintance with the executive details and other particulars will not be required.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th November 1874.—It is hereby notified that the declaration (published in the Gazette of the 6th August 1873) in respect of the plot of land in the village of Azimgunge, pergunnah Assudnagore, zillah Moorshedabad, required for the site of a Post Office, is cancelled.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for a brick-field for the Northern Bengal State Railway, in the village of Balooghata, pergunnah Apsail, station Panchibee, district Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 86. 6c. 10ch. 13g., standard measurement, bounded on all sides by lands of the village of Balooghata, and situate 200 feet to the west of the line of railway, is required within that village.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,
for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road in continuation of the Calcutta Strand Bank road, and of wharves on the east bank of the river Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land is required bounded as follows:—

On the south by Permit Ghat, situate in the town of Calcutta; on the north by the land situate in the 24-Pergunnahs, and lately purchased by Government from Jebun Nessa Begum and others; on the west by the river Hooghly; and on the east by a line running parallel to the river Hooghly, and, more or less, 100 feet from high water-mark.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 1st December 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the circuit-house in the village of Manaharpore, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 4 cottahs 14 gundas and 1 cowri, bounded on the north and west by the public road; on the east by a drain, which separates it from the Rajah of Tipperah's lands; and on the south by a tank and the Rajah's lands, is required within the aforesaid village of Manaharpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Magistrate and Collector's cutcherry and other Government offices in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 beeghas 9 gundas and 1 cowri of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the public road; on the south by a road and a drain which separates it from the Tipperah Rajah's land; and on the east by a tank and a line which is in continuation of the western edge of the tank towards the public road on the north, and which line separates it from the Rajah's land, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the treasury guard in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 cottahs 11 gundas and 3 cowries of standard measurement, bounded on the north, east, and south by the public road, and on the west by a line drawn from the south-east corner of the jail ditch to a bot-tree, and thence to the most convexing point of the public road on the south, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the offices of the District Superintendent of Police, the Sub-Registrar, and the Municipal Office in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 beeghas 3 cottahs 14 gundas and 1 cowri of standard measurement, bounded on the south and west by the public road; on the east by a drain, which separates it from Mr. A. Courjon's lands; and on the north by a tank and a line of trees from the south-east corner of the tank to the drain on the east, which line separates it from a piece of land of which Government is the proprietor, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the burial ground in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17 cottahs and 14 gundas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road, and on the east, south, and west by the outer edges of the pucca walls, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an encamping ground for troops in the village of Raj Baili Dugrua, pergunnah Havli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 100 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by māl lands of Dugrua village, on the south by the Government lands attached to the Ganges and Darjeeling road, on the east by the small nullah known by the name of the Bishnah Dhar, and on the west by the cultivated lands of village Bodhbati, in the occupation of Rajah Lila Nunda Sing, is required within the aforesaid village of Raj Baili Dugrua, pergunnah Havli, zillah Purneah.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal

Chandpore, in pergunnah Nasibsahi.
Barokhadia, in pergunnah Dhuldi.
Mazlishpore, Jaypore, and Nizkandi,
in pergunnah Dhuldi.
Khankhanapore, in Amirabai, taraf
Khankhanapore.
Aladipore, in Dhuldi.
Jharapara, in Rokonpore.
Dorponarapore, in Rokonpore.
Kallyanapore, in Kassimnagar.

that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the District Road Committee, Fureedpore, for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of part of the Rajbari road starting from Chandpore to Kallyanapore, in pergunnahs Nasibsahi and Kassimnagar respectively, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages marginally noted, and measuring 10,560 yards, more or less, in length, and 26 yards 2 feet, more or less, in breadth, is

required in the villages aforesaid.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 24th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Doomka and Jamtarrah, passing through the villages of Mohuadangul, Begaipore, Begaipore Newtola, Dudhance, Amjhar, Manka Chuck, Sukbari, Katoria, Begai, Lakerguri, Charkheta, Kadrasul, Bigkura, Paharidi, Dasodi, Bhurkunda, Forasimal, Palajuri, Nowadi, Thengandi, Bamangaon, Mohurdular, Bijnathpore, Chandardi, Rampur, Dhowdaga, Dubrajpore, Jargoni, Asna, Baranosula, Raghonathpore, Rajhud, Newtola, Khongu, Sikari, Falkoria, Manpore, Opparbundhu, Barjuri, Kuramara Nowadi, Chitta, Bhairampur, Tulsidabur, Kuthara, Khairbani, Ghusi Chapati, Barataur, Patagoria, Talibad, Manickpore, Nowadi, Chinnabad, Muchinand Sirsa, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 45 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Jarmandi and Deogurh, passing through the villages of Jhosugaree, Baidonathpore, Moheshmarah, Koilaspore, Lehrabwa, Hendalabara, Lisenogar Nowadih, Sirsa, Banediha, Bank, Ghormara, Mulgaghar, Boliadih, Dummerkan, Chowpo, Ramsinghrui Jote, Agoi, Chalakurum, Kotana Kherukdiha, Nowaree, Nargunge, Taljhuri, Koosma, Buhanga, Jorediha, Choorudiha, Ambapaghu, Pathree, Berajpore, Jamna, Jarmandi Harriburpore,

and Saharamara, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 26 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Godda and Hunsdiha, passing through the villages of Mukhapore, Khejurmoh, Hurrearee, Hunsdiha, Paraya, Kathorri, Punsia, Bhutdiha, and Latha, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 31 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Godda and Burahat, passing through the villages of Rowtarah, Jamjeri, Pipra, Luckhunpaharree, Doie, Pertabpore Simrah, Mohagaon, Lohundia, Dhemupore, Mosudunpore, Pathergama, Sebore, Pursa, Gurgunda, Niskara Gumerhia, and Boskope, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 34 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Kamra to Audce, in the villages of Kamra, Doorooragourbazar, and Koondol, pergunnah Dore Mouressor, Lalbazar, pergunnah Noon, Dukhin, gram, pergunnah Muzkoory, and Hatia, pergunnah Shahazadpore, in zillah Beerbhoom, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles in length, and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 16th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the village of Koolchura, pergunnah Shahajial, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that four pieces of land, as per boundaries specified below, measuring, more or less, 44 beeghas 3 kottahs and 7 chittacks of standard measurement, are required in the aforesaid village of Koolchura:—

No. 1.—Bounded on the north by lands in the occupation of the Company, and by the lands of Moden Gopal Ghose, Gopal Shek, and Adam Sirdar; on the south by lands belonging to Enatulla Biswas, Shitol Ghose, and Moden Gopal Ghose; on the east by the Eria-Jole, and on the west by lands in the occupation of the Company.

No. 2.—Bounded on the north by lands in the occupation of the Company, and by the lands of Moden Gopal Ghose, Bishonath Ghose, Sonai Mundul, Mohesh Ghose, Moden Biswas, and Beram Biswas; on the south by Moden Gopal Ghose, Ishur Ghose, Ferdina Koosham Bibee, Ali Ghose, and Beram Biswas; on the east by lands in the occupation of the Company; and on the west by Nobogunga Jole.

No. 3.—Bounded on the north by the lands of Adam Sirdar and Kishta Ghose; on the south by the lands of Adam Sirdar and Jonai Biswas; on the east by the lands of Azim Mundul, Goushu Mundul, and Koosham Bibee; and on the west by lands occupied by the Company.

No. 4.—Bounded on the north by the lands of Beram Biswas, Ali Ghose, and Tiluck Ghose; on the south by the lands of Bishonath Ghose; on the east by the lands of the Company; and on the west by the lands of Beram Biswas, Khodabux, and Sonai Mundul.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Mahomedbazar to Mollarpore, in the villages of Mahomedbazar, Koota, Raypore, Roghoonathpore, and Dencha, pergunnah Noon, Gunria Pergunnah Dore Mouressor, Gopalnagore, Gonpore, Modian, and Mollarpore, pergunnah Mollarpore, zillah Beerbhoom, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 12 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 2859.—Notifications.—Public.—Fort William, the 25th November 1874.—In continuation of Home Department Notification No. 1698, dated 12th June 1874, and in the exercise of the power conferred on him by Section 2 of Act XII of 1874, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to delegate to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, for the purpose of being exercised within the District of Sylhet, the power to appoint to any Revenue jurisdiction a Deputy Collector with the powers and duties referred to in Bengal Regulation IX of 1833, Sections 17, 18, 20 to 24, both inclusive.

No. 864.—Establishments.—The 27th November 1874.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. Hugh D. Sandeman to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service with effect from the 21st September last.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 6838.—Notifications.—Accounts.—Fort William, the 27th November 1874.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments consequent on the retirement of Mr. H. D. Sandeman from the Bengal Civil Service:—

Mr. H. A. Mangles to be Accountant-General, Bengal, but to continue to officiate as Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner of the Department of Issue.

* * * * *

No. 6855.—Separate Revenue.—Customs.—The 27th November 1874.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Act XVIII, 1870, the Governor-General of India in Council is pleased to exempt, with effect from this date, lac dye exported from British India from the duties of Customs to which it is liable under the Indian Tariff Act, 1871.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 1089.—Fort William, the 24th November 1874.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

* * * * *

Surgeon Major James Fownes Norton Wise, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major Robert Durie Osborn, of the Bengal Staff Corps,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 1092.—Erratum.—In G. G. O. No. 1076 of 1874, notifying the grant of extensions of leave to certain Officers, the following periods are to be inserted opposite to their names:—

* * * * *

Surgeon R. H. Stevens,—Six months, sick certificate.
Order books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 1104.—The 26th November 1874.—The following regimental order, issued to the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, is confirmed:—

Dated the 2nd November 1874.—Appointing Sergeant William Greenway Beveridge* to be Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.

* Subject to the Officer passing an examination in drill.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3354C.S.

The 27th November 1874.—Mr. Krishna Gobind Gupta, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Backergunge, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Baboo Peary Lall Sen, Assistant Surgeon at Baraset, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Koylash Chunder Chatterjee, who has left the district.

The 30th November 1874.—Baboo Shew Sunker Sohni is appointed to act as Moonsif of Begoo Serai, in the district of Bhagulpore, during the absence, on leave, of Moulvie Mahomed Noorool Hossein, or until further orders.

Mr. Harry Lee, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 1st December 1874.—The following promotions of Subordinate Judges and Judges of Small Cause Courts, *vice* Mr. J. S. Bell, deceased :—

To the First Grade.

Baboo Digumber Biswas.

To the Second Grade.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Sandyal.

To the Third Grade.

Baboo Nobin Chunder Ghose.

Mr. Frederick Bentson Taylor, c.s., who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Nuddea district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

In supersession of the orders of the 13th March 1874, Baboo Bhoobuneshur Sing, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Maldah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Mr. Cecil Michael Wilfred Brett, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Dinagepore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

RIVERS THOMPSON.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st December 1874.—Under Sections 2 and 5 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 (The District Towns' Act), it is hereby notified that from the 1st April 1875 the provisions of the Act shall be in force in the towns of Jhalokati and Nalchitti, in the district of Backergunge, within the limits specified below :—

Town of Jhalokati.

Bounded on the north by the villages of Chandkhali and Jhalokati; on the east by the Gumdham Khal; on the south by the Mohadipur river, and on the west by the village of Kefailnagar.

Town of Nalchitti.

Bounded on the north by the Nalchitti river; on the east by the lands of Khoja Khali village; on the south by the village of Nandikhali, and on the west by the police station of Nalchitti.

Under Section 21 of the Act it is hereby declared that the estimates to be prepared for the towns under Sections 14 and 15 of the Act shall be prepared as soon as possible after the 31st day of December 1874, and that the assessment to be made under the provisions of the Act shall in these towns first take effect from the 1st April 1875.

Under Section 41 the Magistrate of the district is appointed to be a permanent member and Chairman of the town committee of the towns.

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th November 1874.—Under Section 3 of Regulation I of 1872 (Sonthal Pergunnahs' Settlement Regulation, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that Section 34 of Act V of 1861 shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and to direct that its provisions be enforced in the towns named below:—

Deoghur.
Rohinee.
Keron.

Modhupore.
Pateole.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Under the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Regulation styled the Sonthal Pergunnahs' Settlement Regulation, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that Act VI of 1868 of the Bengal Council, called the District Towns' Act, shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

2. The provisions of the said Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 have been extended to the town of Deoghur, in those pergunnahs.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1874.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from 1st of January 1875 all births and all deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Naraingunge, in the district of Dacca, shall be registered.

For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Naraingunge shall be the same as those specified in the Government Notification dated the 3rd March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

From and after 1st January 1875 the whole of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st November 1874.—The following Revised Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners in the Town of Serampore, sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 1 of Bengal Act II of 1873, are published for general information. They will come into effect immediately.

1. THERE shall be eighteen Municipal Commissioners for Serampore, of whom fifteen shall be elected by the rate-payers and three shall be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor.

2. Any man of full age who is a resident within municipal limits, or within three miles thereof, who is himself a rate-payer, who can read and write, and who has never been convicted of a non-bailable offence, may be proposed for election.

3. The municipal jurisdiction of Serampore shall be divided into three quarters or wards, which shall return members as follows:—

In Serampore, with Chattrah and Bullubpore	..	9
„ Konnagar	..	3
„ Risherah and Mohesh..	..	3
Total	..	15

4. Any two rate-payers may nominate a candidate and may inform the sub-divisional officer of his candidature on any date not later than the last day of February. The sub-divisional officer shall ascertain if the candidate accepts the nomination and is qualified under the rules; and if so, he shall notify such candidature at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and at one or more police-stations and school-houses in the town, as he may see fit. Such notification shall state the name, residence, and qualification of the candidate.

5. If any rate-payer object to the eligibility of any candidate, he may, on some date not later than the 6th March, notify such objection in writing to the sub-divisional officer, who shall hear and finally decide any question of eligibility. On the 10th March the final list of candidates shall be notified at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and in at least one conspicuous place in each quarter.

6. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint a sub-committee of three of their number to assist the sub-divisional officer in carrying out the following rules regarding elections.

The sub-divisional officer shall decide on what day, not later than the 25th March, and at what places in the town, the poll shall be held; and he shall notify such decision at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and in at least one place in each quarter.

7. As soon as possible after the publication of these rules, the sub-divisional officer shall prepare a list of all the persons who paid any rate on houses or lands in each ward during the year ending on the 31st December next preceding. A copy of the list shall be exposed to view at the sub-divisional and at the municipal office, and a copy of so much of the list as relates to each quarter in some police-station, school-house, or other accessible public place in each quarter of the town. All persons mentioned in the list shall be entitled to a vote in the election of Municipal Commissioners for the ward.

8. No rate-payer shall have a vote for more than one person or in more than one ward.

9. Votes shall be recorded by such polling clerks as may be appointed by the Chairman of the Commissioners. There shall be at least one polling clerk for each polling place, who shall stay at the polling place for such hours as the sub-divisional officer may fix on the day of the poll. Each rate-payer who desires to record his vote shall attend at the polling place, and shall state his name and residence; the polling clerk shall verify from the list of voters of the quarter whether the intending voter is entitled to a vote for that quarter; and if he is so entitled, he shall record his vote against the rate-payer's name in the list of electors for the ward. The election sub-committee of the Commissioners shall, acting under the sub-divisional officer's instructions, make such arrangements as they may see fit for identifying voters in cases of doubt, and in any case of doubt as to the validity of a vote, or as to the identity of a voter, the decision of the sub-committee and the sub-divisional officer shall be final.

10. At sunset on the day of the poll, the poll shall be closed, and the registers of the polling clerks shall be scrutinised by the sub-divisional officer and the election sub-committee, whose decision upon any doubtful points shall be final. The candidates who may stand highest on the poll of their quarter shall be declared to be duly elected.

11. The result of the poll shall be notified at the sub-divisional cutcherry and in each ward, and shall be reported to Government for publication in the *Gazette*. The candidates declared to be duly elected shall hold office from the 1st April next succeeding the day of their election.

12. The cost of erecting temporary sheds, of paying polling clerks, or taking any other necessary action under these rules, shall be paid by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1874.—In supersession of the Notification of the 13th May 1869 (published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem), it is hereby notified that the boundaries of the town of Balasore, in the district of Balasore, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, are as follow:—

North.—The southern slope of the distillery road, from the Orissa Trunk Road to the boundary of the Manikhamb village; thence the western boundary of that village to the Nuniajuri river; thence the Nuniajuri river to its junction with the Burabhalong river; thence the Burabhalong river.

East.—The French settlement.

South.—A line drawn from the south-west corner of the French settlement to the Chandipore road at the entrance to Sunhut, and thence along the revenue boundaries of the following villages:—

Sunhut.

Mausing Bazar.

West.—The Orissa Trunk Road.

Makalpure.

Byramnagar.

Krushnaraipore.

Parhuabpada.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th November 1874.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the substitution of the following for Rule 78 of the Rules regulating labor transport under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st January 1874. The new rule will come into operation on the 1st January 1875.

Rule 78.—Emigrants and their dependents, if any, whether under the Act or not, proceeding to a labor district, shall not be embarked on a vessel carrying more than twenty persons without a pass from the Embarkation Agent, which pass, however, shall not be granted until the Medical Inspector has thoroughly satisfied himself, in the first instance by simple inspection, of their freedom from any serious communicable disease, or anything else which would render them disagreeable or dangerous to others on board; and further, by careful medical observation for a period of fully four clear days, or 96 hours of their freedom from latent cholera. For the purposes of such medical observation, the Medical Inspector shall require the persons interested in such emigrants and their dependents to establish suitable *observation depôts*, distinct and apart from the *embarkation depôts* of licensed contractors, and shall in regard to them exercise the same powers as are vested in him in connection with the control and supervision of embarkation depôts.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Parki police outpost at the village of Dootkoomra, in the district of Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the plots of land measuring in the aggregate 1 mughi kancee, more or less, are required within the aforesaid village of Dootkoomra.

Boundaries.

Kance. Gundab. Kora.

Bounded on the west and south by Amina Bibi and Hari's jote land; on the east by Gouri Charan's tank, and on the north by Hari and Hanif's ryoti land, belonging to Taraf R. D. Barros, and included in survey plot No. 1043	0	8	8
Bounded on the south by survey plot No. 1043; on the east by Gouri Charan's tank; on the north by Shumsher Ali's road; on the west by Hanif's jote land belonging to mehal Noabad, taluq Bodol Bibi, Manik Bibi, and others, and included in survey plot No. 1049	0	8	1
Bounded on the east by survey plot No. 1049; on the north by Shumsher Ali's road; on the west by Hanif's jote land, and on the south by Amina Bibi's jote land belonging to mehal Noabad, taluq Bodol Bibi, Manik Bibi, and others, and included in survey plot No. 1050			
Total	1	0	0

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 24th November 1874.

No. 411.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. J. A. Price, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the First Calcutta Division, for three months, on medical certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code, in addition to that already granted* to him.

No. 412.—Notification—Captain F. G. Oldham, R.E., Deputy Controller of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, rejoined the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, on the 17th November 1874, before noon.

The 26th November 1874.

No. 413.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. J. W. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Dacca district, is allowed privilege leave for one month and six days, under Chapter VI, Section 21, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 24th October 1874.

No. 414.—Mr. D. Wren, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Purneah district, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Supplement F, Section 12 of the above Code.

No. 415.—Baboo Harrao Chunder Bose, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the North Bhagulpore Special Division, for two months, on medical certificate, under Supplement F, Section 8 of the above Code, in addition to the privilege leave already granted* to him.

* Bengal Government, Public Works Department, Notification No. 386, dated the 6th November 1874.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

The 27th November 1874.

No. 416.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for the construction of a Distillery at the sub-division of Moonsheegunge, in the district of Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 8 cottahs 14 dhooas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the khal which runs to south of the sub-divisional record-office; west by the khal to east of the school compound; and south and east by paddy-fields, is required within the aforesaid sub-division of Moonsheegunge.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

The 30th November 1874.

No. 417.—The following order, issued by the Government of India, Military Department, is republished for information :—

No. 1108 of 1874.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—
Major G. S. Hills, of the Royal Engineers,—date of arrival at Bombay, 24th October 1874 (date of departure on furlough, 18th March 1872).

The 30th November 1874.

No. 418.—The following order, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 624, dated the 25th November 1874.—Mr. J. R. Bagley, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, Central Provinces, having passed the examination prescribed in Public Works Department Code, Chapter II, Section 4, paragraphs 17—19, is promoted to the Second Grade with effect from the 1st March 1874.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT.—NOTIFICATIONS.

The 30th November 1874.

No. 401.—*Transfer.*—Mr. R. J. Beckwith, Overseer, First Grade, from the Kurumnassa to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 18th November 1874.

No. 402.—*Notification.*—Mr. J. P. Scotland, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, passed the colloquial examination in Hindustanee on the 28th instant.

No. 403.—*Leave.*—Baboo Nilmadhub Deb, Accountant, Third Grade, Kurumnassa Division, is granted privilege leave for three months, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 404.—Mr. S. Street, Supervisor, First Grade, Arrah Division, is granted sick leave for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from 21st October 1874.

No. 405.—*Notifications.*—It is hereby notified that the Eastern Sone Survey Division has been amalgamated with the Eastern Sone Division of the Sone Circle.

No. 406.—Serjeant C. J. Clarke, Overseer, First Grade, Eastern Sone Division, having returned on the forenoon of the 20th ultimo from the one month's privilege leave granted him on the 23rd of September last, the unexpired portion of his leave is cancelled.

No. 407.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for the construction of a canal to be called the Behiya Branch Canal, and of a distribution channel taking off from and running parallel to or along or near to the right side of the said canal, and of works in connection with the said Canal and distributary, it is

hereby declared that for the above purposes a strip of land measuring above 31 miles in length by from 40 to 650 feet in width, more or less, commencing from or about the 27th mile of the Arrah Canal in mouzah Danwar, pergunnah Danwar, and ending in or near mouzah Jangal Dawa, pergunnah Behiya, all in zillah Shahabad, passing through or near in pergunnah Danwar, mouzah Danwar; in pergunnah Piru, mouzaha Bihta, English Bihta, Saidanpur, Pranpur, Turarhi, Barkagañw, Bipra Dihri, Amaru-an, Bagsanda, Kush Dihra, Saidha, Nunar, Govind Dihri, Kalyanpur, Ibrahimpur, Ujain Dihri, Lahrabad, Jangal Mahal, Jamu-añw, Saniya, Bamwar, Murohi; in pergunnah Behiya, mouzaha Dalip-pur, Mitha Basauna, Jagadipur Hetampur, Tulshipur, Jangal Dawa, Jamu-añw, all in zillah Shahabad, and in all containing 825 acres, more or less, is required. The land plans of the said branch canal, right parallel distributary, and connected works, may be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, Arrah Division, at Arrah.

This declaration is made in modification of Declaration No. 12 of the 6th January 1873, published at page 81 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th January 1873, and of declaration No. 382 of the 5th November 1874, published at pages 1664 and 1665 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th November 1874, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lt.-Col., &c.*,
for Offg. *Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal*,
in the *P.W.D., Irrigation Branch*.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 10693.—*Notifications.*—*Alipore, the 26th November 1874.*—Surgeon Major B. Simpson took charge of the Meeta-pore Jail from Surgeon Major B. Smith on the forenoon of the 16th instant.

No. 10694.—Mr. J. E. A. Eyre took charge of the Bhagulpore Central Jail from Mr. J. W. Badcock on the afternoon of the 13th instant.

No. 10695.—Assistant Surgeon Koylash Chunder Chatterjee took charge of the Noakholly Jail from Baboo Uday Chand Dutt, Civil Medical Officer, on the afternoon of the 4th instant.

No. 10838.—*The 30th November 1874.*—Mr. R. F. Rampini took charge of the Dacca Jail from D. R. Lyall on the forenoon of the 18th November 1874.

S. S. LYNCH,
Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, in charge.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 23rd November 1874.—The unexpired portion (one day) of the leave granted to Baboo Romanath Seal, Moonsif of Gungajulghatty, District West Burdwan, by the Court's order No. 2439, dated 15th September last, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, is cancelled.

The privilege leave of absence for two months granted to Baboo Juggut Bundhoof Dutt, Moonsif of Noakholly, District Tipperah, by the Court's order No. 2715, dated 31st October last, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, is cancelled.

The 27th November 1874.—The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter, First Moonsif of Midnapore, by the Court's order No. 2681, dated 7th October 1874, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, is cancelled.

Baboo Kalee Churn Chatterjee, Moonsif of Noakholly, District Tipperah, is allowed sick leave of absence for six weeks, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the Dusserah leave granted to him by Court's order No. 2251, dated the 24th August 1874. The entire period of his leave, including Dusserah, will, under Section 14 of the above Supplement, be treated as leave on medical certificate.

Syed Shah Golam Shuruff, 1st Sudder Moonsif of Purneah, is allowed leave of absence without allowances for one month, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in continuation of the leave granted to him by Court's order No. 2439, dated the 12th September 1874, read with No. 2474, dated 15th September 1874.

The 30th November 1874.—Moulvie Abdul Khalik, Moonsif of Basitpore, District Mymensingh, is allowed sick leave of absence for three months, under Section 8, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Amrito Lall Paul, B.L., Second Moonsif of Satkhirah, District 24-Pergunnahs, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months, commencing from the 15th October 1874, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

By order, &c.,

HIGH COURT, the 30th November 1874.

H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

High Court Original Side.

THE following Rule, made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, having received the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, is now published.

By order,

The 27th November 1874.

C. T. DAVIS, *Offg. Registrar.*

It is ordered that the following items be inserted at the end of the fifth Schedule to the Rules of the High Court which came into effect on the 9th of March 1874:—

[Process of other Courts.]

9. For serving or executing process specified in this schedule as herein provided.

10. For serving every notice, summons to a witness, and other judicial process not specified in this Schedule.

	European Bailiff.			Native Bailiff.			
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
For each person served	...	2	0	0	1	0	0
	R. COUCH.			W. MARKBY.			
	F. B. KEMP.			W. AINSLIE.			
	LOUIS S. JACKSON.			E. G. BIRCH.			
	J. B. PHEAR.			G. G. MORRIS.			
	A. G. MACPHERSON.			R. C. MITTER.			
	C. PONTIFEX.			W. F. McDONELL.			

nd August 1874.

Filed 22nd August 1874.

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary Original Criminal Jurisdiction.

NOTICE.

THE following dates of the Criminal Sessions for 1875 are published for general information:—

No. of Sessions.	Day of the week.	Date.
1st	Tuesday...	12th January.
2nd	Monday...	22nd February.
3rd	Monday...	5th April.
4th	Wednesday	5th May.
5th	Monday...	7th June.
6th	Monday...	12th July.
7th	Thursday	12th August.
8th	Thursday	16th September.
9th	Wednesday	1st December.

By order of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice,

The 1st December 1874.

C. C. MACRAE, *Clerk of the Crown.*

TREASURY NOTICE.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO BHOOBUN MOHON RAHA resumed charge of the Fureedpore Treasury on the afternoon of the 16th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

F. R. COCKERELL, *Commissioner.*

DACCA COMM. 'S OFFICE, CAMP FUREEDPORE, the 24th November 1874.

NOTIFICATION.

Port William, the 18th October 1874.

No. 1.—NOTICE is hereby given that sales by public auction of the Government rice marginally noted will be held at the opium safe-rooms near the Office of the Board of Revenue, as follows:—

	BURMAH.		MADRAS.
	About one-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.
On Monday the 16th November ... ..	...	62,000	18,000
" " 7th December	20,000	59,250	12,250
On Tuesday the 29th December ... ..	...	80,000	...
On Monday the 18th January 1875	15,000	10,250	39,500
	35,000	2,11,500	69,750

The following are the conditions of the sale:—

1. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.
2. Each lot shall contain 1,000 bags, of an average weight, as ascertained by examining and weighing, in the presence of intending purchasers, a percentage of at least 100 bags of each description of rice, on days (at least ten days previous to day of sale) to be fixed by public advertisement. The average nett weight thus ascertained will be declared at time of sale, and will also be notified in the *Exchange Gazette* for two days previously.
3. The bids must advance Rs. 10 at a time.
4. Intending purchasers will have an opportunity of inspecting samples of the rice at the office of the undersigned on any day previous to the sale, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., and of examining its quality and condition in the godowns on the days to be fixed by public advertisement for testing the average weight of the bags to be sold.
5. A currency note for Rs. 100 shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and such note shall be considered part of the 20 per cent. deposit referred to in paragraph 6.
6. A deposit of 20 per cent. of the price of the rice purchased must be paid into the Bank of Bengal by each purchaser as a deposit the day after the sale.
7. Within three days after making the deposit of 20 per cent., the remainder of the price must be paid into the Bank of Bengal, or the first deposits will be forfeited.
8. Payment in full may be made at any time within four days after the sale.
9. Application for delivery orders are to be made to the undersigned, and such orders will be issued according to priority of application; but no delivery order shall be issued, or application for the same be entertained or recorded, until the full amount of purchase-money shall have been paid. Delivery orders shall specify the dates on which delivery is to be taken, and these dates will be fixed, as far as practicable, with reference to the wishes of purchasers; but rice not taken delivery of on the date or dates named in the order, shall remain in the godown until all subsequent orders of same sale shall have been satisfied; nor shall the purchaser have any claim upon Government in respect of such delayed delivery.
10. Delivery in full must be taken within thirty days of date of sale, or the amount deposited shall be forfeited.
11. The buyer must satisfy himself in every respect as to the quality, description, and weight of the rice before the day of sale. No subsequent complaints or reclamations will be admitted.
12. The Officer superintending the sale on the part of Government is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit, either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal receipts, or Government securities, of a sum equal to 20 per cent. of his bid.
13. Any further information respecting weight, description, or quality of the rice advertised for sale, that may be desired, will be furnished on application to the undersigned.
14. The undersigned reserves to himself the right of altering the dates of sales should circumstances render it expedient, and of withdrawing any unsold lot.

39, STRAND, CALCUTTA,
The 18th October 1874.

J. GRAHAM, Major, on Special Duty.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1112B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth or last Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 3rd December 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,185
Benares	„	...	...	...	1,565
Total					3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th December respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th December 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 18th December 1874.

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th October 1874.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1199B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1872-73	...	534
Supply from 1873-74	...	25,266
		25,800
BENARES.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1872-73	...	260
Supply from 1873-74	...	18,940
		19,200
Total		45,000

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1875, will consist of 25,800 chests of Behar and 19,200 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1872-73 and 1873-74, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 4th Jan. 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Feb. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Mar. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th Aug. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th Sep. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st Oct. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Nov. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd Dec. „	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total	25,800	19,200	45,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1. The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2. The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest, and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Member in charge, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if

the whole quantity advertized shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Member in charge may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4. Each lot shall contain five chests.

5. A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale: or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 800 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

resold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Member in charge shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7. No tender of money, Bank of Bengal receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8. The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth Condition or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Member in charge shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9. Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10. No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book or his authorized Agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11. The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12. With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bond fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13. The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15. The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue—No. 1, certificate of the Opium advertized for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16. The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1873-74, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years—to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17. Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertized for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Member in charge entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1875, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 45,000 chests of

Behar	Chests.
Benares	25,800
	19,200
Total	45,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertized for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the

right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article, there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so supplied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."—By order of the Member in charge.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 16th November 1874.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1266B.

Notice is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1872-73, 1873-74, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 4th January 1875, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

		Chests.	Chests.	Total
		1872-73.	1873-74.	Chests.
Behar	Opium	534	1,616	2,150
Benares	"	260	1,340	1,600
	Total	794	2,956	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1874, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th January respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 p.m. of Saturday, the 9th January 1875, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 p.m. of Tuesday, the 19th January 1875.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the ensuing year on or about the dates specified below. The Member-in-Charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 4th February 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th March	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th August	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th September	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st October	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th November	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd December	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total	23,650	17,600	41,250

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 1st December 1874.

District.	Ports.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpaddah Salt Pans	50,000	
Godavery	Coconada	47,600	
Kistna	Nizamputam	31,744	
Chingleput	Madras	.....
	Ennore	.....
	Covelong	.....
Tanjore	Negapatam	.....
	Katmavadi	.....
Tinnevely	Vypaur	48,000*	
	Tuticorin	1,93,200*	
	Total	3,70,544	

* These quantities have been already assigned to certain merchants.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras, 3rd November 1874.

H. E. STOKES, *Acting Sub-Secretary.*

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 26th November 1874.

CENTRAL RELIEF FUND.

Proceedings of the 28th Meeting of the Executive Committee, Central Relief Fund, held on the 12th November 1874.

PRESENT:

The HON'BLE V. H. SCHALCH, C.S.I., *Chairman.*
 The HON'BLE T. M. ROBINSON.
 The HON'BLE RAJAH JOTENDRO MOHUN TAGORE.
 The HON'BLE DIGUMBER MITTER.

- I.—The proceedings of meetings of the 30th September and 5th November were read and confirmed.
- II.—Communications were read from the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce, the Lord Mayor of London, and the Mayor of Manchester, sanctioning the proposal to appropriate surplus funds to relief of sufferers from the cyclone.
- Resolved*—That the Committee are prepared to grant a sum not exceeding two lakhs of rupees to the Midnapore Relief Committee for relief of those who have suffered by the cyclone, and that a remittance of one lakh be made at once for the purpose, on the understanding that the Committee will use due care to see that the amount is expended upon persons who are really suffering and necessitous. A further sum of one lakh may be sent hereafter, on its being shown that such additional expenditure is really required.
- III.—The following statements and applications were laid before the meeting and grants ordered to be made:—
- Statement of requirements of districts in the Patna division for October 1874, amounting to Rs. 35,200.
- Application from Collector of Burdwan for three lakhs of rupees for relief up to the end of October.
- Application from Collector of Hooghly for Rs. 1,24,285 for September 1874.
- Application from Collector of Moorshedabad for a grant of Rs. 84,000 up to the end of October.
- IV.—Read letter from the Revd. J. Neiberding, S.J., applying for aid to assist him in relieving his poor.
- Resolved*—That an answer be sent similar to that sent by Resolution of the 30th September to President, Society of St. Vincent de Paul.
- V.—Read letter from the Revd. C. Baumaun asking for aid to relieve the poor Native Christians of Kishtopore, &c., in the 24-Pergunnahs.
- Resolved*—That the application be forwarded to Mr. Peacock, Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs, for the favor of a report whether relief is required.
- VI.—Read letter from Patna Commissioner, No. 2470F of 15th October, for permission to devote a portion of the relief fund towards the erection of a building at Tajpore for a hospital.
- Resolved*—That the application lie over till it is ascertained what surplus funds will be available.
- VII.—Read letter from Patna Commissioner regarding grant for Bettiah and other dispensaries of his division.
- Resolved*—That the monthly grant of Rs. 500 hitherto given be made for November also.
- VIII.—The following cash accounts and statements were ordered to be recorded, viz.—
- Sarun, from 1st April to 31st August 1874.
 - Rajshahye, from commencement to end of May 1874.
 - Maldah, for July and August.
 - Moorshedabad, for July.
 - Rungpore, from January to July.
 - Hazareebagh, for September.
 - Lohardugga, for August.
 - Nuddea, for September.
 - Burdwan, for June, July, and August.
 - Beerbhoom, for August and September.
 - Howrah, for August.
 - Gya, for September.
- IX.—*Resolved*—That a gratuity of two months' pay be given to the officers of the Board's establishment mentioned in the memorandum of 30th September.
- X.—Read letter from Chota Nagpore Commissioner, No. 27T, dated 6th November 1874, proposing distribution of balance in hand in the Hazareebagh district among the charitable dispensaries of the district.
- Resolved*—That the proposal be taken into consideration when the accounts are completed and the available balance is ascertained.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1874.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lt.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.	1759—1785	PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	Ni.
PART II.—Advertisements	2413—2473	PART V.—Acts of the Legislative Council of India	Ni.
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	Ni.	PART VI.—Bills of the Legislative Council of India	Ni.
		SUPPLEMENT No. 40	1897—1898

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 7th December 1874.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 3147C.S.

• **GENERAL.**—The 30th November 1874.—The following officers are appointed temporarily to act as Special Deputy Collectors in the Rajshahye Division for the collection of advances made under Act XXVI of 1871 :—

Baboo Huree Mohun Chundra, Sub-Deputy Collector.

Mr. A. W. Scanlan, late Relief Officer.

Baboo Poorna Chunder Gupta will continue to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector in Dinagore during the absence on duty of Huree Mohun Chundra, or until further orders.

The 2nd December 1874.—Mr. Henry Cobbe Sutherland, M.A., Magistrate and Collector, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he reported himself to this Government on his return from Assam.

The 5th December 1874.—Mr. Daniel Walter McMullen Testro, B.A., C.B., is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, with effect from the 11th November 1874, to enable him to join his appointment on his return from furlough.

The 7th December 1874.—Baboo Gunga Nund Mookerjee, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Maubhoon, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he availed himself of it in anticipation of sanction.

Captain Linley Blathwayt, Assistant Commissioner, Hazareebagh, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, from the 24th November 1874, to enable him to join his appointment on his return from furlough.

In supersession of the orders of the 13th October last, Baboo Parbutty Churn Roy is appointed to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the districts of Fureedpore and Dacca for employment on Dearah Surveys, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class in both the districts.

Baboo Mohendro Nath Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is allowed leave without pay up to the 15th November 1874, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 22nd October last.

Mr. Edwyn Samuel Moseley is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Mr. John Ward, deceased.

Mr. Frederick William Voysey Peterson is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, and to continue to act in the First Grade.

Baboo Parbutty Coomer Mitter, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Burhee, Hazareebagh, is allowed leave for ten days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 28th September last.

Baboo Tarini Coomer Ghose, B.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, having joined his appointment on the forenoon of the 30th November 1874, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 29th June last, is cancelled.

Baboo Chunder Narain Singh, M.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bhagulpore, having joined his appointment on the 17th November 1874, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 28th July last, is cancelled.

Mr. Alexander Manson, just returned from furlough, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Tipperah, and to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade.

The 8th December 1874.—Mr. William Robert Millar, c.s., who was appointed, under the orders of the 3rd November 1874, to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Dacca Division, is posted to the Dacca district.

Baboo Rakhal Das Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Tipperah.

Baboo Tarini Coomer Ghose, B.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Brojo Soonder Mitter, or until further orders.

Baboo Gooroo Churn Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nudda, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870.

Mr. Henry James Newbery, B.A., is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Monghyr, and to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of the Purneah Magistracy.

Baboo Tara Pershad Chatterjee, B.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of Jungpore, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Moorshedabad.

Baboo Hury Churn Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Moorshedabad, is transferred to Maldah.

Mr. Arthur Clifford Tute, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of Hajepore, is transferred to Moorshedabad, and to have charge of the Jungpore Division of that district.

Mr. Leonard Charles Abbott, c.s., on leave, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Tirhoot, and to have charge of the Hajepore Division of that district.

Mr. William Macpherson, c.s., is allowed furlough for five days, under Section 10(a) of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the furlough granted to him under orders of the 6th December 1872. Mr. Macpherson is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to join his appointment on his return from furlough.

Captain Ninian Lewis acted in the First Grade of Assistant Commissioners from the 7th February 1874 up to the date on which he made over charge of his duties as Assistant Commissioner to join his appointment as manager of the Chota Nagpore Estate.

Mr. John Edward Beevor Jeffery, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of Serampore, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from such date as he may be relieved by Mr. T. E. Coxhead.

Mr. Thomas Edward Coxhead, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector on special duty, is appointed to have charge of the Serampore Division of the Hooghly district from the date on which he may relieve Mr. Jeffery.

Mr. Herman Michael Kisch, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, on special duty, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Chittagong.

Baboo Uma Churn Gangooly, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Jessore, from the date on which he may be relieved of the charge of the Narail Division of that District.

POLICE.—*The 5th December 1874.*—Captain Richard Percival Davis, District Superintendent of Police, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, with effect from the 8th instant, to enable him to proceed on furlough.

Baboo Pitamber Singh, Court Inspector, held charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah, from the afternoon of the 26th September to the afternoon of the 12th October last.

The 7th December 1874.—Baboo Mohendro Nath Hazra, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The 8th December 1874.—Mr. Thomas Gwyther Charles, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Shahabad, is transferred to the Rajshahiye Division.

Mr. Frederic Angelo Dawson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Moorshedabad, is appointed to the charge of the Police on the Northern Bengal State Railway. This cancels the orders of the 17th November 1874 appointing him to Dacca.

EDUCATION.—*The 5th December 1874.*—Mr. Arthur Weekes, M.A., Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Burdwan, *vice* Mr. F. H. Ruddock, who has left the district.

The 7th December 1874.—Mr. Andrew William Cosserat, Extra Assistant Commissioner, is appointed to be a member of the Julpigoree District School Committee.

MEDICAL.—*The 7th December 1874.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Noakholly, *viz.*—

Baboo Bagala Prasanno Mozoomdar, Sub-Registrar.
„ Rosomoy Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector.

The 8th December 1874.—Surgeon Charles James Hislop Warden is appointed temporarily to do duty in the General Hospital.

Dr. Vincent Richards is appointed to be Medical Officer of the Sub-Divisions of Goalundo and Kooshtea, and under Section 12, Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, as Embarkation Agent and Medical Inspector of Emigrants at both the stations.

OPIMUM.—*The 2nd December 1874.*—Mr. C. F. Wintle, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Futtehpore, is allowed furlough for two years, under Sections 7 and 10, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for fifteen days, from 1st December 1874.

Mr. J. D. Sayce, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, is appointed to act as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Futtehpore during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. C. F. Wintle, or until further orders.

ECONOMIC MUSEUM.—*The 1st December 1874.*—The following officers are appointed to be members of the Singbhoom District Economic Museum Committee, *viz.*—

The Deputy Commissioner.
„ Civil Surgeon.
„ District Superintendent of Police.
„ Chiefs of Serai Keylah, Khursowah, Kera, and Anundpore.
„ Tehsildar of Dhulbhum.
„ Reverend Mr. Nottrott, Lutheran Missionary.

ROAD CESS.—*The 7th December 1874.*—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen, under Sections 49 and 51 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871, to be members of the District Road Cess Committee in the district of Lohardugga for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Act:—

The Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga, Chairman	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
„ Senior Assistant Commissioner	...	
„ District Engineer	...	
Manager of the Chota Nagpore Estate	...	
Major John Charles Campbell Daunt, v.c.		
Lalla Bhagwant Sahi, Vakil.		
Burraik Pershad Sing, Jagheerdar.		
Burraik Chuttur Sing, Jagheerdar.		
Dhirrip Nath Misser, Jagheerdar.		
Thakoor Jeet Nath Sahi, Zemindar.		
Lall Jey Nath Sahi, Zemindar.		
Baboo Kunj Lal Mohajun, Merchant.		
Parganait Jugdeo Sing, Bai Bahadur, Zemindar.		
Thakoor Puddum Lochun Sahi, Zemindar.		
Baboo Raj Gopal Roy, Extra Assistant Commissioner.		

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen, under Section 76 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871, to be members of the Palamow Branch Committee, for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Act :—

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Palamow, Chairman	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
„ Assistant Superintendent of Police	...	
Manager of the Deoghur Estate	...	
Baboo Dookhie Sahu, Merchant.	...	
„ Hurgobind Sing, Jagheerदार.		
Thakoor Juggernath Dyal Sing, Zemindar.		
Mr. R. Leven, Manager, Rajhara Colliery.		
Moulvie Mohammed Sobhan Hyder, Sub-Deputy Collector.		
Baboo Nilmadhub Bandyopadhyay, B.A., B.L., Extra Assistant Commissioner.		
„ Raghubar Dyal Pattack, Jagheerदार.		
„ Ram Saran Sing, Zemindar.		
„ Sunkur Ram Tewari, Jagheerदार.		

ERRATUM.—*The 8th December 1874.*—In the orders of the 1st instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd idem, for “Mr. Cecil Michael Wilfred Brett, who has been recently appointed,” &c., read “Mr. Cecil Michael Wilford Brett,” &c

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th November 1874.—The following blocks of forests in the Western Dooars are hereby declared to be “reserved forests,” under Rule 7, Part II of the Forest Rules of 1871 for the Lower Provinces of Bengal :—

1. A block of land adjoining Muraghat sâl reserve, estimated area = 3,240 acres.

BOUNDARIES.

North.—The Muraghat sâl reserve.

East.—The Ghair Kuta Nuddy.

South.—The Nonai nuddy.

West.—The Kanai and Nonai nuddies.

2. The Buxa plain forest, estimated area = 67,609 acres.

BOUNDARIES.

North.—The boundary of the present “open forest,” namely, a demarcated line running along the foot of the Bhutan hills, from the Kala nuddy to the Guddadur nuddy.

East.—First the Guddadur nuddy, as far as the southern boundary of Suniassee Jhar taluka; then a demarcated line skirting the sâl forest to the Cheko nuddy; down that river round the cultivated land, so as to exclude the latter, following again the outskirts of the sâl forest to the Guddadur; down the Guddadur for some distance; then following the outskirts of the sâl forest again, round the cultivation of Thelehangpara, so as to exclude the latter.

South.—The boundary of the present “open forest,” namely first, the Balla nuddy from its junction with the Cheko nuddy upwards; then a demarcated line along the southern boundary of Banmalee and Oodlagooree talukas to the Poro nuddy.

West.—The Kala nuddy, from the northern boundary to its junction with the Gurm nuddy; then the western edge of the khair and sissu forests to the Norok nuddy; down the Norok nuddy, then a demarcated line running in a westerly direction from the Norok nuddy to the cultivation of Dhum; round this cultivation, so as to exclude it; then along the edge of the sâl forest in a northerly, and then westerly direction to the Nimati nuddy down the latter; then following the outskirts of the sâl forest to the Barmini nuddy, down the latter to the Poro nuddy, and then the Poro nuddy to the southern boundary.

The Buxa plain forest, as above reserved, will contain the following two enclosures :—

(1) Rajabatkana,

(2) Minagaon;

and as to these the following arrangements will be made :—

A block of 20 acres will be marked off for the use of each of these two villages. The sâl trees within the areas thus marked off will be removed by the Forest Department if required. The inhabitants will be entitled to collect such dry sticks and minor forest produce, except of sâl, toon, and India-rubber, as may be required for their domestic purposes from the forest, within a radius of one-fourth of a mile around their villages; the area thus defined will be marked off. They will also be allowed to graze their cattle within the same tract. No family will be allowed to take up its residence in these villages without the permission of the Conservator of Forests. The villages will be removed outside the forest at any time that the Government may consider it necessary to do so.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st December 1874.—In the notification dated 7th October 1874, regarding the re-arrangement of the Moonsiffie Jurisdictions in the district of Moorshedabad, published at page 1580 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th October 1874, insert the words "with ordinarily five Moonsiffs" after the words "four Moonsiffies" in line 4, and under "1 Berhampore" in the side column insert the words "with two Moonsiffs."

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th December 1874.—Under the provisions of Section 83, Act V (B.C.) of 1870 (an Act for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta), the following additional bye-law for the landing and delivery of goods at the jetties, as proposed by the Commissioners, is published for general information:—

BYE-LAW No. 1A.

The Master of every vessel lying alongside any of the Commissioners' jetties shall provide at least one gangway plank not less than 2 feet 6 inches wide, and of sufficient length, thickness, and strength, to form a convenient communication between the jetty and the gangway of the vessel, and such gangway plank shall be properly and securely placed between the gangway of the vessel and the jetty during the whole time the vessel remains alongside the jetty.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]




NOTIFICATION.

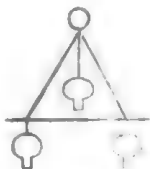
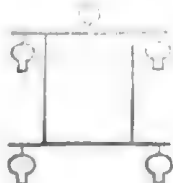
The 20th November 1874.—The following arrangements of storm signals for the approaches to the Port of Calcutta, as well as within the port, are published for general information in supersession of this Government Marine Resolution dated 12th April 1873, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem.

I.—Signals for the approaches to the Port of Calcutta.

When there is bad weather in the Bay of Bengal, the following signals will be hoisted at the Flag-staff near the Light-house on Saugor Island; at Mud Point; and at the Flag-staff, Diamond Harbour, near the Telegraph Station; on receipt of instructions telegraphed from the Meteorological Office, Calcutta:—

During Day.

Name.	Shape.	Signification.
<i>Bad weather signal.</i>		A single cone indicates that bad weather (such as usually precedes, but is not always followed by a cyclone) is probably prevalent in the Bay.
<i>Warning signal.</i>		A black double cone indicates that the passage of a cyclone is probable, as a cyclonic vortex is believed to have been formed in the Bay.
		When this signal is up, pilots will not put to sea, unless in their judgment the local weather symptoms are such that this course is not imprudent; and unless the master, concurring in this opinion, distinctly takes upon himself the responsibility of going to sea, and gives the pilot a writing to that effect.
<i>Danger signal.</i>		A black drum indicates that a cyclone is probably approaching. When this signal is hoisted, masters or pilots in charge of vessels are forbidden to put to sea from Saugor, or proceed down from Diamond Harbour, and should make their vessels as snug and secure as possible.

*At Night.**Bad weather signal.*Two lights in a vertical line.
Cyclonic disturbance in the Bay.*Warning signal.*Three lights in a triangle.
Cyclone probable.*Danger signal.*Four lights in a square.
Cyclone approaching.

The following rules for the guidance of running pilots are also published for general information :—

Rules 28 A and 28 B of the Rules for the Guidance of Running Pilots.

Rule 28 A.—When the warning signal, as described in the notification of the 20th November 1874, is hoisted on the Flag-staff at Saugor Island near the Light-house, or at Mud Point, officers in pilotage charge of vessels will not put to sea, unless in their judgment the local weather symptoms are such that this course is not imprudent; and unless the master, concurring in this opinion, distinctly takes upon himself the responsibility of going to sea, and gives the pilot a writing to that effect.

Rule 28 B.—When the danger signal, as described in the notification of the 20th November 1874, is hoisted on the Flag-staff at Saugor Island near the Light-house, or at Mud Point, officers in pilotage charge of vessels shall not put to sea, but should make the vessels under their charge as snug and secure as possible; nor should they proceed below Diamond Harbour when a black drum is hoisted at the Flag-staff at that Station.

II.—Signals for the Port of Calcutta.

The following storm signals only are to be used within the limits of the Port of Calcutta, and are to be hoisted on the yard-arm of the Flag-staff near the Government Dockyard, Kidderpore, and on the yard-arm of the Flag-staff on the roof of the Sailors' Home, on the receipt of instructions from the Meteorological Office :—

During Day.

Name.	Shape.	Signification.
<i>Warning signal.</i>	<i>Double cone.</i>	Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>	<i>Drum.</i>	Cyclone approaching.

At Night.

<i>Warning signal.</i>	<i>Three lights in a triangle.</i>	Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>	<i>Four lights in a square.</i>	Cyclone approaching.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

FUREEDPORE DISTRICT.

The 30th November 1874.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (The District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of Fureedpore have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st of October 1874 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pie, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs. A. P.		
Not less than Rs. 100,	but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
" 500,	" 1,000	..	3	0 0
" 1,000,	" 2,000	...	4	8 0
Not less than Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.				

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st November 1874.—The following revised rules connected with the departmental examinations of junior members of the Covenanted Civil Service, the Subordinate Executive Service, the Non-Regulation Commission, Police, &c., have been sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and are published for general information:—

1. All Assistant Magistrates, Assistant and Extra Assistant Commissioners, Deputy Magistrates and Collectors, Assistant Superintendents of Police, and others to whom these rules may be applicable, who may have been more than six months on duty, shall, and those who have been less than six months on duty may, at their option, be subjected to half-yearly departmental examinations, and shall be required to pass according to the standard, or the standards of examination which may be applicable to them, respectively, in each subject according to the rules hereinafter set forth.

2. To direct and control these half-yearly departmental examinations, there shall be a Central Examination Committee appointed by Government. It shall consist of a President, and of as many members (of whom one shall be Secretary) as the Government may think proper to appoint from time to time.

3. The examinations may be held, in the Regulation Provinces, at any station which is the head-quarters of a Divisional Commissioner, and at any other station where there is a Zillah Judge.

4. For the Non-Regulation Provinces the examinations may be held at the following stations, and at any other stations where the Commissioners may, in communication with the Central Examination Committee, think it necessary to hold Committees for examination:—

For Chota Nagpore, at Ranchee.

For Cooch Behar, at Darjeeling or Julpigoree.

For Sonthal Pergunnahs, at Bhagulpore.

For Chittagong Hill Tracts, at Chittagong.

5. Each Divisional Commissioner should notify, at least one month before the date of examination, at how many stations in his division examinations are to be held, and for the officers of what districts each shall be held. If a Divisional Commissioner has only a very few examinees, and if the means of locomotion are easy, he will probably have only one or two centres of examination in his division. For remote or inaccessible districts, he might have special examinations. For instance, the Presidency Division and Midnapore District examinees could all come in to Alipore, and the rest of the Burdwan Division men to Hooghly, or all to the Presidency. The Commissioners of Rajshahye and Dacca would probably decide to have two, three, or more centres of examination. The Commissioners of the Chittagong, Bhagulpore, and Orissa Divisions, would probably want only one; the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore two; and the Commissioner of Patna either one or two centres of examination. But in all divisions the Lieutenant-Governor would leave it to each Commissioner to decide for each examination.

6. The Central Examination Committee are authorized to sanction, on sufficient cause being shown, the appearance of an officer for examination at a station other than that at which under ordinary circumstances he would be required to present himself.

7. At the several stations at which it may be determined that examinations are to be held, Local Committees shall be formed, who shall conduct the examinations under the instructions of the Central Committee, with whom they will correspond on all matters relating to the examinations.

8. The Local Committee at each station, which is the head-quarters of a Commissioner, shall consist of the Commissioner, the Collector (or Deputy Commissioner), and a Native civil officer to be selected by the Commissioner. In the absence of the Commissioner, or Collector, the Judge (or Judicial Commissioner) shall take his place on the Committee. At the other stations the Committee shall consist of the Judge, the Collector, and any native officer to be selected by the Judge. At the stations in the Non-Regulation Provinces, which are not the head-quarters of the Commissioner, and at which there is no Judicial Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner shall form a Committee with one or two other officers to be selected by him in communication, if necessary, with the Commissioner of the division.

9. The Government will on every occasion fix, in communication with the Central Committee, the days for the half-yearly examination, which shall be the same for every district. The first half-yearly examination will usually be held in the month of April, May, or June, and the second in the month of October, November, or December.

10. It shall be the duty of the Central Committee to prepare beforehand, for each examination, sets of questions to be put to the examinees; to forward a sufficient number of copies of each of such sets to the President of each Local Committee in a sealed packet, which shall not be opened until the moment of examination; to determine the order in which the examinations in each paper and subject shall be held; and to arrange all other details for the conduct of the examinations. The Central Committee, from time to time, shall lay down such rules as may appear to them best for the guidance of the Local Committees, in order to ensure a fair and uniform method of fixing the degree of attainment upon each point of examination which the several officers examined may reach.

11. The Local Committee shall superintend the written examinations of the examinees only so far as may be necessary to ensure the conduct of them with proper strictness. They shall not examine the written answers, but shall forward them to the Central Committee with a report, which shall be furnished by the District Officer and Commissioner under whom the examinee has been employed, as to his official character, qualifications, and the work done by him during the preceding six months, as well as a paper of marks which they shall assign to candidates for conversation, in which branch their decision shall be final. The Central Committee, after taking all the reports into consideration, and perusing all the examination papers, shall report to Government the names of such officers as, in their opinion, have come up to the requirements according to one or other of the standards in force, noticing especially, in the order of their merit, those who may have passed with distinction. They shall also report the names of those who, in their opinion, have succeeded in passing in one or more of the subjects, as well as of those who have failed altogether.

12. There shall be two standards of examination in Law and Languages: the First or the Lower and the Second or the Higher Standard. As regards languages, the papers and marks for each standard shall for the present be kept distinct.

13. The only language in which officers generally shall be required to pass by the Lower Standard shall be the vernacular of the district in which they may be serving, and the principal object of the examination shall be to test the proficiency, for practical purposes, of the examinee in such language.

14. Lithographed copies of at least two documents, written in different running hands, shall be forwarded by the Central Committee to each Local Committee; and the examinees shall be required, within a limited time, to be fixed by the Central Committee, to transcribe the papers set into Roman character, and also to give an intelligible written translation thereof in English, provided they know that language. Native officers who do not know English will be required only to translate these documents. The Local Committee shall forward the transcripts and translations for the final decision of the Central Committee as to the number of marks to be awarded. An English judgment, or other official paper, to be furnished by the Central Committee, must be translated by the examinee into the vernacular without assistance. The examinee must also dictate off-hand, with some fluency, the translation into the vernacular of an English report, or other official paper, also to be furnished by the Central Committee, whereof the translation shall be written down exactly as dictated. He must then be tested in conversation with two or three natives, in such manner and to such extent as shall suffice to satisfy the Committee as to the degree of his power of understanding natives of different classes, and of making himself understood by them, both in common conversation and in the usual course of office business. An examinee must pass successfully through every step of this branch of the examination, in order to qualify himself according to the First Standard. The translation must be substantially correct in meaning, and intelligible to a native, tolerably correct in grammar and spelling, and free from any very bad errors of idiom. The dictated paper must in like manner be intelligible and substantially correct.

15. The next object of the First or Lower Standard of examination shall be to test the examinee's practical acquaintance with the Criminal Codes, and his general knowledge of certain of the more important local laws, regulations, and rules. One paper shall be prepared specially for this examination, which shall be confined to the Criminal Codes, and for which the use of books shall be allowed. The questions must not be such as can be answered by copying a passage from a book; they must be such as shall thoroughly test the intelligent knowledge of the examinees in understanding the bearing of facts, and knowing where to look for the law and how to apply it. Another paper shall be prepared, consisting of questions on the local laws, regulations, and rules enumerated in Appendix I below. These must be answered without the aid of books. The whole of this paper shall be equally available to the candidates for the Lower and the Higher Standards of examination, but the number of marks required for passing shall be less in the case of examinees by the Lower than in that of those by the Higher Standard of examination.

16. In the examination by the Higher Standard it shall be necessary for the examinee to pass in both the required vernacular languages—ordinarily Bengali and Urdu. The standard of examination shall be similar in its nature to the first, but more difficult in degree. In the vernacular portion of it the papers selected as tests should be of a more difficult description of office papers; the translation, dictation, and conversation should be fluent, generally correct, and readily intelligible; and the examinee should be tested in his power of explaining himself clearly, and with sufficient propriety, in the vernacular, in an argument or topic of some difficulty, such as may occur in official business. The questions of law and practice should be selected from the whole field of the duties of a Magistrate and Collector. All examinees will be required to pass in two papers. The nature of the one, in answering the questions in which the use of books will not be allowed, has already been explained in paragraph 15. The other paper, for which the use of books will be allowed, will contain questions on the local laws, regulations, and rules set forth in Appendix II. The examinees should have all the Acts, Regulations, and Circulars, but the questions should be confined as much as possible to cases commonly arising in the ordinary routine of a Magistrate and Collector, or of a Police Superintendent's office. They should consist almost entirely of stating certain facts of probable occurrence in real practice, and requiring the examinee to find and apply the law applicable to the facts.

17. Covenanted Civil Servants may pass by the Lower or the Higher Standard in either or both the languages whenever they can. They must pass the examination in "local laws, regulations, and rules," and in both languages, by the Higher Standard. They will be required to pass by the Lower Standard in languages only, and will not be subject to any restrictions in respect of the order of passing the different language-tests in the Higher Standard.

18. Covenanted Civil Servants must always pass by the Higher Standard in Bengali, and those who have not so passed in Hindustani will have no claim to full powers or to the full pay of Rs. 500, and cannot have powers or promotion in a Hindustani district, although the higher powers may be conferred on them in a Bengali district, if the public service requires it.

19. All officers other than Covenanted Civil Servants will be required to pass fully both the Lower and the Higher Standards of examination, with the following exceptions:—

20. Officers who, after passing in the higher grade the preliminary examination for admission into the Subordinate Executive Service held in 1873, or subsequently received appointments in that service, will be subject to no further examination except the Higher Standard departmental examination, and the opium laws examination for those candidates who are appointed to the Opium Department without having taken the opium papers. Candidates who passed at the Subordinate Executive Service examination held in 1872 are exempted from examination by the Lower Standard in the vernacular only. They will, however, be required to pass in Law by that standard.

21. Natives of Hindustan serving in Behar and Hazareebagh shall not be required to pass in Bengali, but it will be optional with them to do so, and those who do pass will be eligible for service and promotion in Bengal as well as in Behar.

22. Officers other than natives of Hindustan will not be required to pass in Hindustani, but may do so, and will then be eligible for service and promotion in Behar and Hazareebagh as well as in Bengal.

23. These exemptions are not applicable to officers in the Police, who must pass in both Bengali and Hindustani as now, unless specially exempted.

24. All native officers in the Subordinate Executive Service, in the Non-Regulation Commission, and in the Police, will be strictly examined in their own vernacular, the object of the examination being to test their thorough competency to conduct the correspondence and other ordinary business of their offices with their own hands.

25. In case a candidate, allowed by Government for any special reason to present himself for examination by the Higher Standard in Law or Languages before passing the Lower, fail to pass the Higher Standard in either subject, the Central Examination Committee shall have full authority to decide whether he has done sufficiently well to entitle him to be passed by the Lower Standard.

26. An officer who succeeds in passing by either standard, either (a) in Law or (b) in either of the languages, shall not again be required to present himself for examination by the same standard in the subject in which he was successful, but only in those in which he failed.

27. The marks to be assigned to each branch of the examination, the proportion required for passing by the different standards, and the time allowed for each paper, are set forth in Appendix III. Uniformity must be rigidly enforced in the time allowed for each subject, whether in Law or Language.

28. A civil officer who has passed according to the First Standard of examination, and who has exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for six months, shall usually be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class described in Sections 20, 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872), provided he is certified by the Commissioner to be fully competent to exercise them. Assistant Magistrates and Assistant Commissioners will also then be vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector.

29. An officer, however, who shall have passed by the Lower Standard in the Criminal Codes and in the language of his district, may be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, on the Commissioner of the division submitting a recommendation to that effect, provided he has had not less than six months' experience in his Magisterial duties.

30. An officer who has passed according to the Second Standard shall be eligible to be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, but not until he shall have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for at least six months.

31. An officer who has passed in Law and in the language of his district according to the Second Standard, may also be vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, subject to the condition of his having exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for six months, but he shall not be entitled to any promotion or increase of pay until he has passed fully by the Second Standard. He shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class so long only as he is employed in a district where the language in which he has passed is the vernacular.

32. Assistant Magistrates and Assistant Commissioners on first appointment draw only Rs. 400 a month. On passing the Lower Standard of examination they shall be allowed an increase of Rs. 50 a month, provided they have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for six months at least; and on passing fully the Higher Standard and being invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, they will receive a second increase of Rs. 50, provided they have also exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class for not less than six months.

33. Officers attending these examinations will be allowed travelling allowance according to the ordinary rates of such allowances prevailing in the services to which they respectively belong. Covenanted Civil Servants and Military Officers in civil employ will draw travelling allowance for attending examinations on three occasions for each standard. Uncovenanted Officers will draw such allowances on two occasions only.

34. No application from any junior officer liable to examination, for privilege leave or leave on private affairs, will be entertained, if the following half-yearly examinations fall due before the expiry of the leave applied for, unless the application specifies that the applicant will attend the examination.

35. If such leave is applied for, and the application from such an officer is submitted to Government, it should be stated that he is liable to pass an examination, and that the next examination will be held within the period of the leave applied for. This will enable the Lieutenant-Governor to decide whether, for the reasons stated, the leave should be granted; and if so, with what conditions.

36. It is the duty of District Officers to look to the practical training of the young officers placed under them, from their first entering into official life till they acquire a practical experience in their duties, and qualify themselves for the exercise of higher powers by passing the prescribed examinations. District Officers are expected to take active interest in the well-being of the young men placed under them by exercising due supervision over their studies, by holding periodical examinations to test their qualifications and official knowledge, and by any other means which may seem to them to be expedient for the purpose.

SPECIAL RULES.

1. Officers in Orissa must pass in Uriya as their first language.

2. For the future no officer who did not on the 4th May 1874 hold the substantive rank of a District Magistrate shall be promoted to that substantive rank in a district of Orissa until he has passed in Uriya by the Higher Standard; and the same condition as to Bengali will govern the promotion of an officer transferred from Orissa to a Bengali-speaking district. From these conditions, however, all officers who on the 4th May 1874 were of 12 years' standing (from the date of commencement of civil service) in Bengal are exempt.

3. Military Officers in civil employ under this Government, who would ordinarily be subject to examination in Urdu, shall not be required to pass in that language by either the First or the Second Standard of the departmental examinations, if they have previously passed by the Higher Standard according to the tests for the Examination of Military Officers in that language, laid down in G. G. O. No. 734, dated 9th September 1864, and G. G. O. No. 294, dated 24th March 1866.

4. For Police Officers the examination for the Lower Standard shall consist of the language of the district in which they are employed, and of the papers in Criminal Codes prepared for Executive Officers. The examination for the Higher Standard shall be in both the Bengali and Urdu languages, and in a special paper which must be prepared in Criminal Law only, including the Salt, Excise and Opium Laws, to be answered without books.

5. Police Officers employed in Orissa must pass in Uriya as their first language.

6. All Police Officers are required to pass in Bengali according to the Second Standard, and until they so pass they will not be considered eligible for transfer out of Bengal Proper.

7. Police Officers transferred to the executive service, or who desire such transfer, will be required to pass the same tests as those prescribed above for officers of the Subordinate Executive Service, subject to the exception noted below.

8. When an officer so circumstanced has already passed by either standard in a language, the pass will be accepted as sufficient to that degree.

9. Such officers who have passed in Law by the Lower Standard (as hitherto required for the Police) will still be required to pass for the Lower Standard in the general papers of local laws, &c., but they will be exempted from examination in the Criminal Codes prescribed for the Lower Standard, if they desire to avail themselves of the exemption. But if any such officer elects to pass the examination in the Codes, such pass will be taken into account in his favor.

10. Such officers who have passed by the Higher Police Standard in Law will still be required to pass in both law papers prescribed in paragraph 16 above, the word "law" being now used in a much broader sense to cover revenue and general law.

11. Candidates for admission into the Opium Department will continue to be examined according to the rules laid down in G. O. No. 1157G, of 28th October 1872. It will therefore only be in exceptional cases that after admission any such candidate will be required to appear at the departmental examinations to which the above rules refer.

APPENDIX I.

Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, in which the Examination will be without the aid of Books.

Regulations I, VIII, and XLVIII of 1793, and XII of 1817.

Regulations I and II of 1819.

Regulation VIII of 1819.

Regulations VII of 1822, IX and XI of 1825, and IX of 1833.

Acts IX of 1847, XXXI of 1858, and IV (B.C.) of 1868.

Act XX of 1856.

Act XI of 1859.

Acts VII (B.C.) of 1868 and VIII (B.C.) of 1869.

Acts XXI of 1856* and XXIII of 1860.*

Act V of 1861.

Act X of 1870.

Act VIII of 1871.*

Bengal Council Act X of 1871.*

Bengal Council Acts III of 1864 and VI of 1868, with amending Acts.

APPENDIX II.

In which the Examination will be with the aid of Books.

All Acts of the Government of India, Bengal Regulations, and Bengal Acts so far as they are unrepealed; Circulars of Bengal Government, the High Court, the Comptroller General, the Accountant-General, and the Board of Revenue, of the Inspectors-General of Police, Jails, and Registration.

APPENDIX III.

Table showing the subjects for Examination by each standard, the maximum number of marks assigned to each, the minimum number required for passing, and the time to be allowed.

Subjects of Examination.	Maximum marks.		Passing marks.		Time.
	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	
Criminal Codes with books	100	.....	100	.....	Three hours.
General Law Paper without books— $\frac{1}{2}$ of questions being Revenue, and $\frac{1}{2}$ Non-Revenue	100	100	60	90	Ditto.
Paper with books to include all Laws ... ..	.....	100	.....	90	Four hours.
Language of the District—					
Transliteration	20	20	10	10	} One-and-a-half hours.
Translation from Vernacular	20	20	10	10	
Translation from English	20	20	10	10	Two hours.
Dictation from English	20	20	10	10	Half an hour.
Conversation	20	20	10	10	Ten minutes.
Other Language—					
The same as above, but for Higher Standard only.					

N. B.—As to the laws which are marked thus,* a knowledge of the principles and general scheme of the law will be sufficient. Acquaintance with the executive details and other particulars will not be required.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for a brick-field for the Northern Bengal State Railway, in the village of Balooghata, pergunnah Apail, station Panchbibe, district Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8b. 6c. 10ch. 13g., standard measurement, bounded on all sides by lands of the village of Balooghata, and situate 200 feet to the west of the line of railway, is required within that village.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road in continuation of the Calcutta Strand Bank road, and of wharves on the east bank of the river Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land is required bounded as follows:—

On the south by Permit Ghât, situate in the town of Calcutta; on the north by the land situate in the 24-Pergunnahs, and lately purchased by Government from Jebun Nessa Begum and others; on the west by the river Hooghly; and on the east by a line running parallel to the river Hooghly, and, more or less, 100 feet from high water-mark.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 1st December 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the circuit-house in the village of Manaharpore, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 4 cottahs 14 gundas and 1 cowri, bounded on the north and west by the public road; on the east by a drain, which separates it from the Rajah of Tipperah's lands; and on the south by a tank and the Rajah's lands, is required within the aforesaid village of Manaharpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Magistrate and Collector's cutcherry and other Government offices in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 beeghas 9 gundas and 1 cowri of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the public road; on the south by a road and a drain which separates it from the Tipperah Rajah's land; and on the east by a tank and a line which is in continuation of the western edge of the tank towards the public road on the north, and which line separates it from the Rajah's land, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the treasury guard in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 cottahs 11 gundas and 3 cowries of standard measurement, bounded on the north, east, and south by the public road, and on the west by a line drawn from the south-east corner of the jail ditch to a bot-tree, and thence to the most convexing point of the public road on the south, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the offices of the District Superintendent of Police, the Sub-Registrar, and the Municipal Office in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 beeghas 3 cottahs 14 gundas and 1 cowri of standard measurement, bounded on the south and west by the public road; on the east by a drain, which separates it from Mr. A. Courjon's lands; and on the north by a tank and a line of trees from the south-east corner of the tank to the drain on the east, which line separates it from a piece of land of which Government is the proprietor, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the burial ground in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharkool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17 cottahs and 14 gundas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road, and on the east, south, and west by the outer edges of the pucca walls, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an encamping ground for troops in the village of Raj Baili Dugrua, pergunnah Havli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 100 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by māl lands of Dugrua village, on the south by the Government lands attached to the Ganges and Darjeeling road, on the east by the small nullah known by the name of the Bishnah Dhar, and on the west by the cultivated lands of village Bodhibati, in the occupation of Rajah Lila Nunda Sing, is required within the aforesaid village of Raj Baili Dugrua, pergunnah Havli, zillah Purneah.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the District Road Committee, Fureedpore, for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of part of the Rajbari road starting from Chandpore to Kallyanpore, in pergunnahs Nasibsahi and Kassimnagar respectively, zillah Fureedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages marginally noted, and measuring 10,560 yards, more or less, in length, and 26 yards 2 feet, more or less, in breadth, is

required in the villages aforesaid.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 24th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Doomka and Jamtarrāh, passing through the villages of Mohuadangul, Begaipore, Begaipore Newtola, Dudhanee, Amjhar, Manka Chuck, Sukbari, Katoria, Begai, Lakerguri, Charkheta, Kadrasul, Bigkura, Paharidi, Dasodi, Bhurkunda, Forasimal, Palajuri, Nowadi, Thengandi, Bamangaon, Mohundular, Bijuathpore, Chandardi, Rampur, Dhawdaga, Dubrajpore, Jargoni, Asna, Baranosula, Raghonathpore, Rajhud, Newtola, Khongu, Sikari, Falkoria, Manpore, Opparbundhu, Barjuri, Kuramara Nowadi, Chitta, Bhairampur, Tulaidabur, Kuthara, Khairbani, Ghusi Chapati, Barataur, Patagoria,

Talibad, Manickpore, Nowadi, Chinuabad, Muchinand Sirsa, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 45 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Jarmandi and Deogurh, passing through the villages of Jhosugaree, Baidonathpore, Moheshmarah, Koilaspore, Lehrabwa, Hendalabara, Linenogar Nowadih, Sirsa, Bansdiha, Bank, Ghormara, Mulgaghar, Boliadih, Dummerkan, Chowpo, Ramsinghrat Jote, Agoi, Chalakurum, Kotana Kherukdiha, Nowaree, Nargunge, Tuljhuri, Koosma, Buhanga, Jorediha, Choorudiha, Ambapaghu, Pathree, Berajpore, Jamna, Jarmandi Harrihurpore, and Saharamara, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 26 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Godda and Hunsdiha, passing through the villages of Mukhapore, Khejurmoh, Hurrearee, Hunsdiha, Paraya, Kathorri, Punsia, Bhutdiha, and Latha, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 31 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Godda and Burahat, passing through the villages of Rowtarah, Jamjeri, Pipra, Luckhunpaharree, Doie, Pertabpore Simrah, Mohagaon, Lohundia, Dhemupore, Mosudunpore, Pathergama, Sebore, Pursa, Gurgunda, Niskara Gumerhia, and Boskope, district Sonthal Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 34 miles long and 120 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,

for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 2925.—*Fort William, the 4th December 1874.—Notifications.—Public.*—In exercise of the power vested in him by Section 17 of Act XXXI of 1860, and in modification of Home Department Notification No. 1001, dated the 2nd April 1874, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the under-mentioned officers to grant licenses for the importation into British India by sea, through the ports or port respectively mentioned opposite their names of office, of cannons, howitzers, mortars, arms, percussion caps, sulphur, saltpetre, gunpowder or other ammunition. And the Governor General in Council is also pleased to authorize the following officers (namely) the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, the Secretaries to the Governments of Bengal, North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab, and the Chief Secretaries to the Governments of Madras and Bombay, to grant licenses for the importation into British India by land of the aforesaid articles :—

Officers authorized to grant licenses
for importation by sea.

Names of Ports.

MADRAS.

Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras	...	{	Bimlipatam.
			Coconada.
			Tuticorin.
			Calicut.
			Cochin.
			Mangalore.
Commissioner of Police, Madras	...	{	Negapatam.
			Madras.
BOMBAY.			
Commissioner of Police, Bombay	...	...	Bombay.
Commissioner in Sindh	...	...	Kurrachee.
The Resident at Aden	...	...	Aden.

Officers authorized to grant licenses for
importation by sea.

Names of Ports.

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta

BENGAL.
Calcutta.

Chief Commissioner of British Burma

BRITISH BURMA.

Rangoon.
Bassein.
Akyab.
Moulmein.
Tavoy.
Mergui.

No. 895.—*The 4th December 1874.—Establishments.*—Mr. H. A. D. Phillips, of Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the 31st October last.

No. 904.—Consequent upon the retirement from the service of Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, a Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Grade in the Assam Commission, the following promotions are made, with effect from the 4th instant:—

Mr. O. G. R. McWilliam, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade, to be Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Grade.

Captain J. Butler, Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade, to be Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade.

No. 909.—Mr. H. Muspratt, of the Bengal Civil Service, is confirmed in his appointment of Judge of the District of Sylhet, and of the Sessions division of Sylhet and Cachar.

No. 911.—Messrs. Robert Carstairs and W. Dunbar Blyth, of Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, reported their arrival in Calcutta to the Government of Bengal on the 16th ultimo.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 2657P.—*Fort William, the 4th December 1874.—Notification.—Political.*—With reference to Notification No. 1657P, dated the 24th July 1873, Mr. Johann Smidt, Consul for the German Empire at Calcutta, has resumed charge of his office.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department are republished for general information:—

No. 6967.—*Fort William, the 3rd December 1874.—Notifications.—Accounts.*—The following notice is published in the *Gazette of India* for general information:—

TENDERS FOR THE BERAR SURPLUS CASH BALANCES.

SEASON 1875.

NOTICE TO BANKERS, CAPITALISTS, AND OTHERS.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Bills drawn against the Surplus Cash Balances of the Berar Treasuries, for the Calendar year 1875, on the conditions specified in the Rules noted below:—

1. Bills will be available for issue on the Treasuries of Akola and Oomraottee in the months, and to the probable extent, noted in Statement at foot.

2. Nothing, however, in this Notification shall pledge the Resident at Hyderabad to provide the exact sums estimated to be available in the months specified, and such tenders as are approved will be registered for final acceptance, to the extent to which money may be actually available. As a guide, however, to Bankers, Capitalists, and others, to tender for the probable Surplus during the year above quoted, it is hereby intimated that the Surplus Cash Balances available annually for the preceding three years amounted to Rs. 1,37,50,000, or an average per annum of Rs. 45,83,333, and that the probable Surplus for the ensuing season, it is estimated, will be about Rs. 30,00,000 as shown in Statement below.

3. The Bills will be drawn at sight, in even thousands, and paid in Government Rupees at the Treasuries drawn upon. No Bill will be drawn for less than 5,000 Government Rupees, but Bills for sums in excess of this amount, in even thousands, will be issued to suit the convenience of purchasers.

4. Persons whose tenders may be finally accepted will be required to pay the equivalent into the Resident's Treasury at Hyderabad, in new Halli Sicca Rupees, prior to the issue of Bills.

5. Tenders must specify the rate of exchange at which the tender is made, the par or assay value of 100 Government Rupees being equivalent to 116-14-0 in Halli Sicca Currency. The tenders should also specify the month or months for which the tenders are made.

6. Persons whose tenders may be finally accepted in whole, or in part, will be required, at the option of the Resident, to deposit 10 per cent. of the amount of their tenders on acceptance.

7. All Tenders should be submitted in sealed envelopes, addressed as follows:—

TO THE FIRST ASSISTANT RESIDENT,

Hyderabad, Deccan,

and superscribed "TENDERS FOR THE BERAR SURPLUS CASH BALANCES OF 1875."

8. The name and address of the person tendering should be clearly written at foot of the tender.

9. The tenders will be opened at the Hyderabad Residency at noon, on Thursday, the 28th of January 1875, and persons tendering are invited to be present, or to be represented by their Agents.

10. The Resident will not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender, nor will any reason be assigned for rejection of tenders.

11. Persons whose tenders may be finally accepted will be required to pay the amount of their tenders into the Resident's Treasury between the 15th of the month to which the tenders refer and the 14th of the month following.

12. Tenders may be for the whole, or any portion of the amount advertised.

13. The deposit referred to in rule 6 will be forfeited in whole, or in part, at the option of the Resident, in the event of non-compliance with the terms of the tender.

14. No portion of the deposit will be returned till the full amount of tender finally accepted is received.

15. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees 5,000 in Halli Sicca coin, or Government Securities, as a guarantee of good faith; which deposit will be returned in the event of non-acceptance of tender, but the tender itself will not be returned.

N.B.—If when the last instalment of Land Revenue has been paid up the state of the collections should warrant such a course, a supplementary Notification will be issued stating whether any and what further limited amount will be available for withdrawal.

Actual surplus available for withdrawal from Berar annually for the three years 1872 to 1874 and that estimated to be available for the year 1875.

MONTHS.	PRECEDING THREE YEARS.			Amount estimated for 1875, and for which tenders are now invited.
	1872.	1873.	1874.	
January ...	.....	.....	9,22,500	.....
February ...	.....	20,00,000	16,37,500	(b) 15,00,000
March ...	27,50,000	20,00,000	14,40,000	(c) 15,00,000
April ...	2,00,000	.....	(a) 11,00,000	.....
May ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
June ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
July ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
August ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
September ...	.....	17,00,000	.....	.....
October ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
November ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
December ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	(d) 29,50,000	(d) 57,00,000	(d) 51,00,000	30,00,000

(a) This sum was placed by the Resident at the disposal of the Accountant-General, Bombay.

(b) At Akola 7½ lacs. At Oomraottee 7½ lacs.

(c) At do. 7½ do. At do. 7½ do.

(d) The average per annum from 1872 to 1874, Rs. 45,83,333.

SEPARATE REVENUE.—OPIUM.

No. 6986.—The 4th December 1874.—Opium revenue to date, compared with the estimate for the year 1874-75.

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.			NINE SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND EIGHT MONTHS' DUTY ON MALWA OPIUM.		
	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than estimate.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than estimate.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bengal...	421,875	468,129	46,254	3,798,875	4,057,059	260,184
Bombay ...	181,364	262,200	80,836	1,542,755	1,887,720	344,965
Total ...	603,239	730,329	127,090	5,339,630	5,944,779	605,149

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 1125.—*Fort William, the 2nd December 1874.*—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Captain Richard Percival Davis, of the Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, Bengal,—for thirteen months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 1130.—*The 4th December 1874.*—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England:—

Captain L. Blathwayt, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Bengal,—date of arrival at Fort William, 24th November 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3448C.S.

The 4th December 1874.—Baboo Denonath Mookerjee, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Cooch Behar, who exercises the powers of a Moonsif, is vested with the powers of a Small Cause Court Judge under Section 29, Act VI of 1871.

Baboo Nobin Chunder Ghose, Acting Second Subordinate Judge of Tipperah, is transferred to Chittagong.

The 5th December 1874.—Baboo Kristo Dass Dey, B.L., is appointed to act as Moonsif of Khoorna, in Jessore, during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Bhobun Chunder Mookerjee, or until further orders.

Baboo Hurrish Chunder Sen is appointed to act as Moonsif of Bazitpore, in Mymensingh, during the absence, on leave, of Moulvie Abdul Khaliq, or until further orders.

Baboo Munmotho Nath Chatterjee is appointed to act as Moonsif of Satkhira, in the 24-Pergunnahs, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Amirt Lal Pal, or until further orders.

The 7th December 1874.—Baboo Koylash Chunder Chatterjee, Assistant Surgeon, in medical charge of Noakhally, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in that district, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, *vice* Baboo Uday Chaud Dutt, who has left the district.

Mr. T. E. Dempster, Acting Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th December 1874.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the establishment of a public ferry on the line of road between Taltulla and the head-quarters of the Moonsheegunge sub-division, where it crosses the Rikabi Bazar khali on the Dhullessary river, in the district of Dacca.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st December 1874.—Under Sections 2 and 5 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 (The District Towns' Act), it is hereby notified that from the 1st April 1875 the provisions of the Act shall be in force in the towns of Jhalokati and Nalchitti, in the district of Backergunge, within the limits specified below:—

Town of Jhalokati.

Bounded on the north by the villages of Chandkhali and Jhalokati; on the east by the Gumdham Khal; on the south by the Mohadipur river, and on the west by the village of Kefailnagar.

Town of Nalchitti.

Bounded on the north by the Nalchitti river; on the east by the lands of Khoja Khali village; on the south by the village of Nandikhali, and on the west by the police station of Nalchitti.

Under Section 21 of the Act it is hereby declared that the estimates to be prepared for the towns under Sections 14 and 15 of the Act shall be prepared as soon as possible after the 31st day of December 1874, and that the assessment to be made under the provisions of the Act shall in these towns first take effect from the 1st April 1875.

Under Section 41 the Magistrate of the district is appointed to be a permanent member and Chairman of the town committee of the towns.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th November 1874.—Under Section 3 of Regulation I of 1872 (Sonthal Pergunnahs' Settlement Regulation), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that Section 34 of Act V of 1861 shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and to direct that its provisions be enforced in the towns named below :—

Deoghur.
Rohinee.
Keron.

Modhupore.
Pateole.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Under the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Regulation styled the Sonthal Pergunnahs' Settlement Regulation, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that Act VI of 1868 of the Bengal Council, called the District Towns' Act, shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

2. The provisions of the said Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 have been extended to the town of Deoghur, in those pergunnahs.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1874.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from 1st of January 1875 all births and all deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Naraingunge, in the district of Dacca, shall be registered.

For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Naraingunge shall be the same as those specified in the Government Notification dated the 3rd March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

From and after 1st January 1875 the whole of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st November 1874.—The following Revised Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners in the Town of Serampore, sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 1 of Bengal Act II of 1873, are published for general information. They will come into effect immediately.

1. There shall be eighteen Municipal Commissioners for Serampore, of whom fifteen shall be elected by the rate-payers and three shall be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor.

2. Any man of full age who is a resident within municipal limits, or within three miles thereof, who is himself a rate-payer, who can read and write, and who has never been convicted of a non-bailable offence, may be proposed for election.

3. The municipal jurisdiction of Serampore shall be divided into three quarters or wards, which shall return members as follows :—

In Serampore, with Chattrra and Bullubpore ..	9
„ Konnagar	3
„ Risherah and Mohesh	3
Total	15

4. Any two rate-payers may nominate a candidate and may inform the sub-divisional officer of his candidature on any date not later than the last day of February. The sub-divisional officer shall ascertain if the candidate accepts the nomination and is qualified under the rules; and if so, he shall notify such candidature at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and at one or more police-stations and school-houses in the town, as he may see fit. Such notification shall state the name, residence, and qualification of the candidate.

5. If any rate-payer object to the eligibility of any candidate, he may, on some date not later than the 6th March, notify such objection in writing to the sub-divisional officer, who shall hear and finally decide any question of eligibility. On the 10th March the final list of candidates shall be notified at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and in at least one conspicuous place in each quarter.

6. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint a sub-committee of three of their number to assist the sub-divisional officer in carrying out the following rules regarding elections.

The sub-divisional officer shall decide on what day, not later than the 25th March, and at what places in the town, the poll shall be held; and he shall notify such decision at the sub-divisional cutcherry, and in at least one place in each quarter.

7. As soon as possible after the publication of these rules, the sub-divisional officer shall prepare a list of all the persons who paid any rate on houses or lands in each ward during the year ending on the 31st December next preceding. A copy of the list shall be exposed to view at the sub-divisional and at the municipal office, and a copy of so much of the list as relates to each quarter in some police-station, school-house, or other accessible public place in each quarter of the town. All persons mentioned in the list shall be entitled to a vote in the election of Municipal Commissioners for the ward.

8. No rate-payer shall have a vote for more than one person or in more than one ward.

9. Votes shall be recorded by such polling clerks as may be appointed by the Chairman of the Commissioners. There shall be at least one polling clerk for each polling place, who shall stay at the polling place for such hours as the sub-divisional officer may fix on the day of the poll. Each rate-payer who desires to record his vote shall attend at the polling place, and shall state his name and residence; the polling clerk shall verify from the list of voters of the quarter whether the intending voter is entitled to a vote for that quarter; and if he is so entitled, he shall record his vote against the rate-payer's name in the list of electors for the ward. The election sub-committee of the Commissioners shall, acting under the sub-divisional officer's instructions, make such arrangements as they may see fit for identifying voters in cases of doubt, and in any case of doubt as to the validity of a vote, or as to the identity of a voter, the decision of the sub-committee and the sub-divisional officer shall be final.

10. At sunset on the day of the poll, the poll shall be closed, and the registers of the polling clerks shall be scrutinised by the sub-divisional officer and the election sub-committee, whose decision upon any doubtful points shall be final. The candidates who may stand highest on the poll of their quarter shall be declared to be duly elected.

11. The result of the poll shall be notified at the sub-divisional cutcherry and in each ward, and shall be reported to Government for publication in the *Gazette*. The candidates declared to be duly elected shall hold office from the 1st April next succeeding the day of their election.

12. The cost of erecting temporary sheds, of paying polling clerks, or taking any other necessary action under these rules, shall be paid by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Parki police outpost at the village of Dootkoomra, in the district of Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the plots of land measuring in the aggregate 1 mughli kance, more or less, are required within the aforesaid village of Dootkoomra.

Boundaries.	Kance.	Gundah.	Kora.
Bounded on the west and south by Amina Bibi and Hari's jote land; on the east by Gouri Charan's tank, and on the north by Hari and Hanif's ryoti land, belonging to Taraf R. D. Barros, and included in survey plot No. 1043	0	8	3
Bounded on the south by survey plot No. 1043; on the east by Gouri Charan's tank; on the north by Shumsher Ali's road; on the west by Hanif's jote land belonging to mehal Noabad, taluq Bodol Bibi, Manik Bibi, and others, and included in survey plot No. 1049	0	8	1
Bounded on the east by survey plot No. 1049; on the north by Shumsher Ali's road; on the west by Hanif's jote land, and on the south by Amina Bibi's jote land belonging to mehal Noabad, taluq Bodol Bibi, Manik Bibi, and others, and included in survey plot No. 1050			
Total	1	0	0

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 2nd December 1874.

No. 419.—Notification.—Mr. J. W. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer of the Dacca district, resumed charge of that district on the 23rd November 1874, before noon, on return from privilege leave.*

No. 420.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. E. James, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Chumparan Special Division, is allowed privilege leave for eleven days, under Supplement F, Section 12, of the Civil Leave Code, in addition to that already granted† to him.

No. 421.—Notification.—Baboo Hemchunder Biswas, Supervisor, First Grade, joined the Third Calcutta Division on the 12th November 1874, before noon.

The 4th December 1874.

No. 422.—Notification.—The services of Mr. P. deL. Lennox, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Purneah Special Division, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Indus Valley State Railway, with effect from the 26th November 1874.

No. 423.—Transfer.—Baboo Rakhal Doss Roy, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Darjeeling and Julpigoree to the Tirhoot district.

No. 424.—Leave of Absence.—Baboo Lall Gopaul Banerjee, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Hazareebagh district, is allowed privilege leave for fifteen days, under Section 12, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 16th November 1874.

No. 425.—Notification.—Baboo Surruth Chunder Sandle, Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Dinagapore and Maldah district, availed himself of sick leave‡ on the 21st November 1874.

No. 426.—Transfer.—Mr. G. P. Pritchard, Probationary Accountant, Fourth Grade, from the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, to the First Calcutta Division.

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

The 5th December 1874.

No. 427.—Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of Baboo Gokool Krishna for a public purpose, viz. for digging a khal in the village of Sonakadar, Bugjooree, in thana Maniekgunge, in the district of Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 5 cottahs 5 dhors of standard measurement, in pergunnah Shahjaspore, bounded on the north by the land of Joly Karigar, Unnoda Shoondoree Dassya, and others; on the east by lands of Kadar Karigar; on the south by the land of Kedar Ram Kishore Shakharee, Unnoda Shoondoree Dassya, and others; and on the west by the Dussarah Khal, is required within the aforesaid village of Sonakadar Bugjooree.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Colonel, R.E.,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT.—NOTIFICATIONS.

The 7th December 1874.

No. 408.—Leave.—Baboo Mooni Swamy Moodlear, Accountant, Fourth Grade, attached to the Byturni Division, is granted privilege leave on medical certificate from 1st September to 13th October 1874, both days inclusive.

No. 409.—Baboo Opendro Lall Goopta, Overseer, Second Grade, Hidgellee Division, is granted three months' privilege leave from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 410.—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of two distributing channels parallel to, or adjoining or near to the Dumraon Branch canal, one on each side thereof, both taking off from the said Dumraon Branch Canal in its first mile, and continuing along or near the sides thereof to the 32nd mile thereof, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose additional land amounting to 520 acres, more or less, is required adjoining the land already acquired or to be acquired for the Dumraon

Branch Canal, under notifications Nos. 110, of the 17th March 1873, and 373 of the 31st October 1873, published respectively at page 391 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th March 1873 and at page 1651 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th November 1874, from its first to its thirty-second mile or thereby, in or near the following villages in zillah Shahabad, viz.—

In Pergunnah Danwar—Amiawar, Manauli, Jina, Dhanao *English*, Kathkauliya, Maraujhia, Panapur, Sukahra, Dinamni, Titbu, Bodhi Dihri, Gumbhariya, Subhiya, Purasi, Sakhwa, Padumapur, Sahari, Jasri *English*, Godpa, Hathilpur *English*, Jonhi, Nazirganj, Sulaimpur, Dharapur, Dumariya, Bharkundiya, Durgadih, Dhawa, Dharj, Dihri, Morauna, Bahrar, Andhar, Nima, Gosal Dihri, Guzra, Dhango, Kusanand Khurd, Kusanand Buzurg, Chauuri Ahir, Koath Khas, Deogana, Tendo Bahar, Bhonda Dih or Bhonda Dihri, Shahpur, Balsa, Ratsa, Param Dihri, Bijay Chauuri, Mudhubana, Tewa Badil, Amoiwa.

In Pergunnah Bhojpur—Gunjar Dihri of Nawannagar, Gunjar Dihri of Rupsagar, Turanon Pati of Rupsagar, Turanon Pati of Nawannagar, Bhatauli, Katkanar, Kesath, Khargpur, Chaugain, Rampur, Murar.

The width of the aforesaid strips of land varies from five to one hundred and twenty feet, more or less.

The land plans of the said parallel distributaries to the Dumraon Branch Canal may be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, Arrah Division, Arrah.

This declaration is made, under the provision of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lt.-Col., &c.*,

for *Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,*
in the *P.W.D., Irrigation Branch.*

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 10993.—*Notification*—The 5th December 1874.—Surgeon-Major C. J. Jackson, *M.D.*, received charge of the Rajshahye Jail from Dr. R. A. K. Holmes on the forenoon of the 23rd November 1874.

S. S. LYNCH,

Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, in charge.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 2nd December 1874.—The unexpired portion of the leave under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, granted to Baboo Shib Dass Mookerjee, First Moonsif of Bongong, in the district of Nuddea, by Court's order No. 2137 of the 14th August 1874, is cancelled.

The 7th December 1874.—Moonshee Aminuddeen Mahomed, Moonsif of Satkaneah, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave of absence for one month from the date on which he may avail himself of it, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

By order, &c.,

H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary
Original Criminal Jurisdiction.

NOTICE.

THE following dates of the Criminal Sessions for 1875 are published for general information:—

No. of Sessions.	Day of the week.	Date.
1st	Tuesday...	12th January.
2nd	Monday...	22nd February.
3rd	Monday...	5th April.
4th	Wednesday...	5th May.
5th	Monday...	7th June.
6th	Monday...	13th July.
7th	Thursday...	12th August.
8th	Thursday...	16th September.
9th	Wednesday...	1st December.

By order of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice,

C. C. MACRAE, *Clerk of the Crown.*

The 1st December 1874.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Nurrail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below :—

Friday, the 18th December 1874.

Saturday, the 19th December 1874.

J. WESTON, Judge.

NURRAIL COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, the 5th December 1874.

TREASURY NOTICE.

COVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MR. R. H. GREAVES has been placed in charge of the Cuttack Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

By order,

KOYLASH CHUNDER GHOSH, *Personl. Asst. to Commr.*

COMM'R'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVN., Cuttack, the 1st December 1874.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

THE REVEREND EDWARD GABRIEL DAVIS, of Trinity College, Cambridge, B.A., Junior Chaplain, has been appointed by the Bishop of Calcutta Surrogate in this Diocese for granting Episcopal Licenses of Marriage.

CALCUTTA, the 8th December 1874.

CHARLES SANDERSON, *Registrar and Secretary.*

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on 1st December 1874.

	Government golas.	Private golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungab...	2,01,360	.....	1,63,702	3,65,062
Italian Kurkutch ...	.....	.....	85,011	85,011
Madras Kurkutch ...	1,14,432	.....	.....	1,14,432
Bombay " ...	4,29,710	.....	18,021	4,47,731
Arabian and Persian Gulfs, Kurkutch and Muscat Rock ...	1,37,816	.....	1,17,028	2,54,844
Total ...	8,82,818	.....	3,88,762	12,16,580

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 7th December 1874.

District.	Ports.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpa- dah Salt Pans ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Coconada ...	47,600	
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	30,544	
Madras ...	Madras ...	.....
	Ennore ...	.....
	Covelong ...	.....
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....
	Katmavady ...	.....
Tinnevelly ...	Vypaur ...	48,000*	
	Tuticorin ...	1,93,200*	
	Total ...	3,69,344	

* These quantities have been already assigned to certain merchants.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,

Madras, 18th November 1874.

H. E. STOKES, *Acting Sub-Secretary.*

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., Fort William, the 2nd December 1874.

NOTIFICATION.

Port William, the 18th October 1874.

BURMAN. 2-maund bags ... 2,11,600
1 " " ... 35,000
MADRAS. 2-maund bags ... 69,750

No. 1.—NOTICE is hereby given that sales by public auction of the Government rice marginally noted will be held at the opium sale-rooms near the Office of the Board of Revenue, as follows:—

	BURMAN.		MADRAS.
	About one-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.
On Monday the 16th November ... ..	.....	62,000	18,000
On " " 7th December	20,000	59,250	12,250
On Tuesday the 29th December ... ..	.....	80,000	.....
On Monday the 18th January 1875	15,000	10,250	39,500
	35,000	2,11,600	69,750

The following are the conditions of the sale:—

1. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.
2. Each lot shall contain 1,000 bags, of an average weight, as ascertained by examining and weighing, in the presence of intending purchasers, a percentage of at least 100 bags of each description of rice, on days (at least ten days previous to day of sale) to be fixed by public advertisement. The average nett weight thus ascertained will be declared at time of sale, and will also be notified in the *Exchange Gazette* for two days previously.
3. The bids must advance Rs. 10 at a time.
4. Intending purchasers will have an opportunity of inspecting samples of the rice at the office of the undersigned on any day previous to the sale, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., and of examining its quality and condition in the godowns on the days to be fixed by public advertisement for testing the average weight of the bags to be sold.
5. A currency note for Rs. 100 shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and such note shall be considered part of the 20 per cent. deposit referred to in paragraph 6.
6. A deposit of 20 per cent. of the price of the rice purchased must be paid into the Bank of Bengal by each purchaser as a deposit the day after the sale.
7. Within three days after making the deposit of 20 per cent., the remainder of the price must be paid into the Bank of Bengal, or the first deposits will be forfeited.
8. Payment in full may be made at any time within four days after the sale.
9. Application for delivery orders are to be made to the undersigned, and such orders will be issued according to priority of application; but no delivery order shall be issued, or application for the same be entertained or recorded, until the full amount of purchase-money shall have been paid. Delivery orders shall specify the dates on which delivery is to be taken, and these dates will be fixed, as far as practicable, with reference to the wishes of purchasers; but rice not taken delivery of on the date or dates named in the order, shall remain in the godown until all subsequent orders of same sale shall have been satisfied; nor shall the purchaser have any claim upon Government in respect of such delayed delivery.
10. Delivery in full must be taken within thirty days of date of sale, or the amount deposited shall be forfeited.
11. The buyer must satisfy himself in every respect as to the quality, description, and weight of the rice before the day of sale. No subsequent complaints or reclamations will be admitted.
12. The Officer superintending the sale on the part of Government is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit, either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal receipts, or Government securities, of a sum equal to 20 per cent. of his bid.
13. Any further information respecting weight, description, or quality of the rice advertised for sale, that may be desired, will be furnished on application to the undersigned.
14. The undersigned reserves to himself the right of altering the dates of sales should circumstances render it expedient, and of withdrawing any unsold lot.

39, STRAND, CALCUTTA,
The 18th October 1874.

J. GRAHAM, Major, on Special Duty.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1199B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1872-73 ...	534	
Supply from 1873-74...	25,266	25,800
<hr/>		
BENARES.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1872-73 ...	200	
Supply from 1873-74...	18,960	19,200
<hr/>		
Total ...	45,000	

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1875, will consist of 25,800 chests of Behar and 19,200 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1872-73 and 1873-74, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 4th Jan. 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Feb. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Mar. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th Aug. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th Sep. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st Oct. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Nov. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd Dec. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total ...	25,800	19,200	45,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1. The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2. The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest, and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertized for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Member in charge, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertized shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Member in charge may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4. Each lot shall contain five chests.

5. A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin,

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale; or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

resold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Member in charge shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7. No tender of money, Bank of Bengal receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8. The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth Condition or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Member in charge shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9. Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10. No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book or his authorized Agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11. The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12. With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bond fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13. The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty five.

14. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15. The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1, certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16. The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1873-74, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years—to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17. Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Member in charge entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of

the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1875, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 45,000 chests of

Behar	...	Chests.
Benares	...	25,800
	...	19,200
Total	...	45,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article, there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so supplied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."—By order of the Member in charge.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 16th November 1874.

OPIMUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1266B.

Notice is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1872-73, 1873-74, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 4th January 1875, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.:-

		Chests. 1872-73.	Chests. 1873-74.	Total Chests.
Behar	Opium ...	534	1,616	2,150
Benares	„ ...	260	1,340	1,600
Total	...	794	2,956	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1874, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th January respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 9th January 1875, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 19th January 1875.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the ensuing year on or about the dates specified below. The Member-in-Charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves

to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.		Behar, about Chests.	Bengales, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 4th February 1875	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th March	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th August	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th September	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st October	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th November	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd December	"	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total	...	23,650	17,600	41,250

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 1st December 1874.

NOTICE.

No. 1286B.

APPLICATION for Tickets of Admission to the Opium Sale-room for the year 1875 should be made at the Office of the Board of Revenue on or after the 28th instant.

Tickets for the year 1874 should be returned.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 8th December 1874.

NOTICE.

It is notified for public information that as relief operations have now practically closed, no further grants from the Relief Fund will be made by the Central Executive Committee, and they do not desire to receive further subscriptions.

V. H. SCHALCH, *Chairman, Executive Committee, Central Relief Fund.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1874.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lt.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c. 1787—1896		PART V.—Acts of the Legislative Council of India:—	
PART II.—Advertisements 2475—2550		The Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 103	
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council Nil.		The Laws Local Extent Act, 1874 104	
PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council Nil.		PART VI.—Bills of the Legislative Council of India:—	
		Probates and Letters of Administration 101	
		SUPPLEMENT No. 50 3557—3566	

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 7th December 1874.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 8534C.S.

GENERAL.—The 4th December 1874.—Mr. William Henry Verner, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pargunnahs, is appointed to take up the land at Hazrah, in Bhowanipore, for a public tank, and is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for that purpose.

The 10th December 1874.—The services of Major Robert Durie Osborn, Tutor to the Paikpara Wards, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, from the 1st February next.

Surgeon-Major William Henry Hayes, Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, from the 8th December 1874, to enable him to join his appointment on his return from furlough.

Mr. Alfred Wallis Paul, c.s., Acting Assistant Commissioner, on special duty in Tirhoot, is posted to Julpigoree.

The services of Mr. John Knox Wight, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Home Department.

Baboo Gour Das Bysack, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jehanabad, Burdwan, is allowed leave for three weeks, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 14th November 1874.

Baboo Shama Churn Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he may be relieved by Baboo Uma Churn Gangooly.

Mr. Charles Campbell Quinn is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Rajshahye, and to continue to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade.

The 12th December 1874.—Baboo Ramokhoy Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty in Tirhoot, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Kalinath De, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring lands in that district.

Baboo Doorga Das Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Meherpore Division of that district.

Colonel James Snow Davies, Judicial Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. Henry Laurence Oliphant is appointed to act as Judicial Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, during the absence, on leave, of Colonel Davies, or until further orders.

Captain Ninian Lewis is appointed to act as Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga during the absence, on duty, of Mr. Oliphant, or until further orders.

Lieutenant Leopold James Henry Grey, Assistant Commissioner, Lohardugga, is appointed to act temporarily as manager of the Chota Nagpore Estate in addition to his own duties.

Captain Colin Hubert Garbett is appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom.

The 14th December 1874.—Baboo Okhoy Coomer Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871 with effect from the 20th November 1874.

Mr. Herbert John Reynolds, B. A., is appointed to act as Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, during the deputation of the Hon'ble H. L. Dampier, on special duty in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor for making Laws and Regulations.

Mr. George Toynbee is appointed to act as a Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

The 15th December 1874.—Moulvie Obedullah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of Perozepore, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he might have availed himself of it in anticipation of sanction.

Baboo Kristo Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patooakhally, is appointed to have charge of the Perozepore Division of the Backergunge district.

Moulvie Tujumul Ali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Madaripore, is appointed to have charge of the Patooakhally Division of the Backergunge district.

Mr. Joseph Posford is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector of Fureedpore, and to have charge of the Madaripore Division of that district. Mr. Posford is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871.

Baboo Omullo Churn Mullick, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is transferred to Tipperah.

Mr. James Monroe, Judge of Rajshahye, is allowed leave to enable him to appear before the Medical Board at the Presidency preparatory to proceeding on furlough on medical certificate.

Mr. John Berney Worgan is appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge of Rajshahye during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. Monroe, or until further orders.

Mr. George Henry Atkinson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Cuttack, is appointed to have charge of the Kendraparah Division of that district.

Mr. Thomas Taylor Allen is appointed to be Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bhagulpore from the date on which he made over charge of the Patna Judgeship.

Baboo Soorjo Coomar Sen, Second Grade Sub-Deputy Collector of Bongong, in Nuddea, is promoted to the First Grade, *vice* Mr. T. J. Mendes, who has been permitted to join his substantive appointment as an Inspector of Police in Rajshahye.

Mr. James O'Kinealy is appointed to be Additional Sessions Judge of the Sessions Division of the 24-Pergunnahs, to hold the December Sessions at Alipore.

Mr. William Henry Grimley, B.A., is appointed to the special duty of directing and superintending the examination of candidates for Civil appointments to be held in January 1875 in addition to his own duties.

POLICE.—*The 14th December 1874.*—Mr. James Parsons Sneyd, Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, on special duty in Dinagepore, is transferred to Chittagong.

Baboo Prosonno Coomar Ghose, Inspector, held charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Manbhoom from the 8th October 1874 to the date on which Mr. Wilcox resumed charge of his duties on his return from special duty in Hazareebagh.

EDUCATION.—*The 12th December 1874.*—The leave of absence for three months granted to Dr. Juggobundho Bose, Teacher of Materia Medica, Sealdah Campbell Medical

School, under orders of the 23rd November 1874, will have retrospective effect from the 1st October last.

OPIMUM.—*The 14th December 1874*—Mr. G. Paterson is appointed to act as an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent in the Benares Agency, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. J. D. Sayce, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.—*The 8th December 1874*—Mr. T. F. Peppe, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, is appointed to be member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Ranchee.

The 10th December 1874—Surgeon John Lane Corbett is appointed temporarily to do duty in the Presidency General Hospital.

The 14th December 1874—Assistant Surgeon Shibram Borah is allowed leave for one year, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 30th September 1872.

Assistant Surgeon Omesh Chunder Roy, attached to the Monghyr Charitable Dispensary, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant-Surgeon Omesh Chunder Mitter, a Supernumerary at the Presidency, is appointed to have medical charge of the Monghyr Charitable Dispensary during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Omesh Chunder Roy, or until further orders.

Assistant Apothecary John Andrew Kelly, attached to the Presidency General Hospital, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it in anticipation of sanction.

EMIGRATION.—*The 15th December 1874*—Mr. W. M. Anderson, Emigration Agent, resumed charge of the Jamaica Emigration Agency, Calcutta, on the 9th December 1874, on his return from leave to Europe.

ERRATA.—*The 10th December 1874*—At page 38 of the Special Supplement to *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th November 1874—

For "Ranee" (Surnomai of Cossimbazar) read "Moharanee," &c., and for "Mussumat" (Sham Mohinee of Dinagepore) read "Sreemuttee," &c.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th December 1874—Mr. William T. Ryves, Acting Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Behar, who was declared, in the notification of the 17th November last, to have passed in Chemistry and Opium Laws, is now declared to have passed in English and Arithmetic.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th December 1874—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the subordinates of the Shipping Master of Calcutta, who are now styled the First Deputy Shipping Master and the Second Deputy Shipping Master, should in future be styled Deputy Shipping Master and Assistant Shipping Master.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1874—A plan and estimate of Rs. 30,500, for the erection of a landing stage at Cossipore, having been submitted by the Vice-Chairman to the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta with his letter No. 2288, dated 27th November 1874, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the construction of the landing stage under Section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th December 1874—A plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 80,000, for the construction of water-works for watering the jetty enclosures and washing down the paved slope of the inland vessels wharf, having been submitted by the Vice-Chairman to the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta with his letter No. 1406, dated 18th August 1874, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the project under Section 35, Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(First Publication.)

NOTIFICATION

UNDER SECTION 25 OF THE CHOTA NAGPORE TENURES' ACT (II (B.C.) OF 1869).

The 15th December 1874.—It is hereby notified that the registers of Bhuinhari and other

Pergunna	Lodhma	...	61 villages.
"	Sonpur	...	300 "
"	Sutiama	...	16 "
"	Baragaian	...	16 "
"	Khokhra, Part I	...	93 "

tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pergunnahs of the Chota Nagpore estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioners and the Commissioner of the Division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the Division on the 27th November 1874.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of Section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the Division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein, and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of Bhuinhari or Majhahas tenure.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(Second Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th November 1874.—The following blocks of forests in the Western Doors are hereby declared to be "reserved forests," under Rule 7, Part II of the Forest Rules of 1871 for the Lower Provinces of Bengal:—

1. A block of land adjoining Muraghat sâl reserve, estimated area = 3,240 acres.

BOUNDARIES.

North.—The Muraghat sâl reserve.

East.—The Ghair Kuta Nuddy.

South.—The Nonai nuddy.

West.—The Kanai and Nonai nuddies.

2. The Buxa plain forest, estimated area = 67,609 acres.

BOUNDARIES.

North.—The boundary of the present "open forest," namely, a demarcated line running along the foot of the Bhutan hills, from the Kala nuddy to the Guddadur nuddy.

East.—First the Guddadur nuddy, as far as the southern boundary of Suniasee Jhar taluka; then a demarcated line skirting the sâl forest to the Cheko nuddy; down that river round the cultivated land, so as to exclude the latter, following again the outskirts of the sâl forest to the Guddadur; down the Guddadur for some distance; then following the outskirts of the sâl forest again, round the cultivation of Theichangpara, so as to exclude the latter.

South.—The boundary of the present "open forest," namely first, the Balla nuddy from its junction with the Cheko nuddy upwards; then a demarcated line along the southern boundary of Banmalec and Oodlagoree talukas to the Poro nuddy.

West.—The Kala nuddy, from the northern boundary to its junction with the Gurm nuddy; then the western edge of the khair and sissu forests to the Norok nuddy; down the Norok nuddy, then a demarcated line running in a westerly direction from the Norok nuddy to the cultivation of Dhum; round this cultivation, so as to exclude it; then along the edge of the sâl forest in a northerly, and then westerly direction to the Nimati nuddy down the latter; then following the outskirts of the sâl forest to the Barmini nuddy, down the latter to the Poro nuddy, and then the Poro nuddy to the southern boundary.

The Buxa plain forest, as above reserved, will contain the following two enclosures:—

- (1) Rajabatkana,
- (2) Minagaon;

and as to these the following arrangements will be made:—

A block of 20 acres will be marked off for the use of each of these two villages. The sâl trees within the areas thus marked off will be removed by the Forest Department if required. The inhabitants will be entitled to collect such dry sticks and minor forest produce, except of sâl, toum, and India-rubber, as may be required for their domestic purposes from the forest, within a radius of one-fourth of a mile around their villages; the area thus defined will be marked off. They will also be allowed to graze their cattle within the same tract. No family will be allowed to take up its residence in these villages without the permission of the Conservator of Forests. The villages will be removed outside the forest at any time that the Government may consider it necessary to do so.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st December 1874.—In the notification dated 7th October 1874, regarding the re-arrangement of the Moonsiff Jurisdictions in the district of Moorshedabad, published at page 1580 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th October 1874, insert the words "with ordinarily five Moonsiffs" after the words "four Moonsiffs" in line 4, and under "1 Berhampore" in the side column insert the words "with two Moonsiffs."

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th December 1874.—Under the provisions of Section 83, Act V (B.C.) of 1870 (an Act for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta), the following additional bye-law for the landing and delivery of goods at the jetties, as proposed by the Commissioners, is published for general information:—

BYE-LAW No. 1A.

The Master of every vessel lying alongside any of the Commissioners' jetties shall provide at least one gangway plank not less than 2 feet 6 inches wide, and of sufficient length, thickness, and strength, to form a convenient communication between the jetty and the gangway of the vessel, and such gangway plank shall be properly and securely placed between the gangway of the vessel and the jetty during the whole time the vessel remains alongside the jetty.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]




NOTIFICATION.

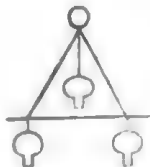
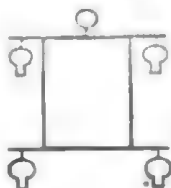
The 20th November 1874.—The following arrangements of storm signals for the approaches to the Port of Calcutta, as well as within the port, are published for general information in supersession of this Government Marine Resolution dated 12th April 1873, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem.

I.—Signals for the approaches to the Port of Calcutta.

When there is bad weather in the Bay of Bengal, the following signals will be hoisted at the Flag-staff near the Light-house on Saugor Island; at Mud Point; and at the Flag-staff, Diamond Harbour, near the Telegraph Station; on receipt of instructions telegraphed from the Meteorological Office, Calcutta:—

During Day.

Name.	Shape.	Signification.
<i>Bad weather signal.</i>		A single cone indicates that bad weather (such as usually precedes, but is not always followed by a cyclone) is probably prevalent in the Bay.
<i>Warning signal.</i>		A black double cone indicates that the passage of a cyclone is probable, as a cyclonic vortex is believed to have been formed in the Bay.
		When this signal is up, pilots will not put to sea, unless in their judgment the local weather symptoms are such that this course is not imprudent; and unless the master, concurring in this opinion, distinctly takes upon himself the responsibility of going to sea, and gives the pilot a writing to that effect.
<i>Danger signal.</i>		A black drum indicates that a cyclone is probably approaching. When this signal is hoisted, masters or pilots in charge of vessels are forbidden to put to sea from Saugor, or proceed down from Diamond Harbour, and should make their vessels as snug and secure as possible.

*At Night.**Bad weather signal.*Two lights in a vertical line.
Cyclonic disturbance in the Bay.*Warning signal.*Three lights in a triangle.
Cyclone probable.*Danger signal.*Four lights in a square.
Cyclone approaching.

The following rules for the guidance of running pilots are also published for general information :—

Rules 28 A and 28 B of the Rules for the Guidance of Running Pilots.

Rule 28 A.—When the warning signal, as described in the notification of the 20th November 1874, is hoisted on the Flag-staff at Saugor Island near the Light-house, or at Mud Point, officers in pilotage charge of vessels will not put to sea, unless in their judgment the local weather symptoms are such that this course is not imprudent; and unless the master, concurring in this opinion, distinctly takes upon himself the responsibility of going to sea, and gives the pilot a writing to that effect.

Rule 28 B.—When the danger signal, as described in the notification of the 20th November 1874, is hoisted on the Flag-staff at Saugor Island near the Light-house, or at Mud Point, officers in pilotage charge of vessels shall not put to sea, but should make the vessels under their charge as snug and secure as possible; nor should they proceed below Diamond Harbour when a black drum is hoisted at the Flag-staff at that Station.

II.—Signals for the Port of Calcutta.

The following storm signals only are to be used within the limits of the Port of Calcutta, and are to be hoisted on the yard-arm of the Flag-staff near the Government Dockyard, Kidderpore, and on the yard-arm of the Flag-staff on the roof of the Sailors' Home, on the receipt of instructions from the Meteorological Office :—

During Day.

Name.	Shape.	Signification.
<i>Warning signal.</i>	<i>Double cone.</i>	Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>	<i>Drum.</i>	Cyclone approaching.

At Night.

<i>Warning signal.</i>	<i>Three lights in a triangle.</i>	Cyclone probable.
<i>Danger signal.</i>	<i>Four lights in a square.</i>	Cyclone approaching.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

FUREEDPORE DISTRICT.

The 30th November 1874.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (The District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of Fureedpore have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st of October 1874 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pie, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100,	but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
" 500,	" 1,000	...	3	0 0
" 1,000,	" 2,000	...	4	8 0
Not less than Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.				

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 9th December 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Mudhepoora to Shahpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from north to south and north-east to south-west, passing through the villages of Mudhepoora, Birkhi, Soniali, Luchmeerampore, Chukla Sripore, Khaptee, Moorwalah, Charoonda, Chumrah, Sahore, Sillef, Tingra, Karyha, Kuchra, Soohut, Bhoktia, Doomra, and Shahpore, &c., zillah Bhagulpore, and measuring, more or less, 15 miles in length and 45 feet in breadth = 249 standard beeghas, equivalent to 94½ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,
for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for a brick-field for the Northern Bengal State Railway, in the village of Baloghata, pergunnah Apnil, station Panchibee, district Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 86. 6c. 10ch. 13g., standard measurement, bounded on all sides by lands of the village of Baloghata, and situate 200 feet to the west of the line of railway, is required within that village.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. TOYNBEE,
for Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road in continuation of the Calcutta Strand Bank road, and of wharves on the east bank of the river Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land is required bounded as follows:—

On the south by Permit Ghât, situate in the town of Calcutta; on the north by the land situate in the 24-Pergunnahs, and lately purchased by Government from Jebun Nessa Begum and others; on the west by the river Hooghly; and on the east by a line running parallel to the river Hooghly, and, more or less, 100 feet from high water-mark.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 1st December 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the circuit-house in the village of Manaharpore, pergunnah Meharrool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 4 cottahs 14 gundas and 1 cowri, bounded on the north and west by the public road; on the east by a drain, which separates it from the Rajah of Tipperah's lands; and on the south by a tank and the Rajah's lands, is required within the aforesaid village of Manaharpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Magistrate and Collector's cutcherry and other Government offices in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharrool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 beeghas 9 gundas and 1 cowri of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the public road; on the south by a road and a drain which separates it from the Tipperah Rajah's land; and on the east by a tank and a line which is in continuation of the western edge of the tank towards the public road on the north, and which line separates it from the Rajah's land, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the treasury guard in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharrool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 cottahs 11 gundas and 3 cowries of standard measurement, bounded on the north, east, and south by the public road, and on the west by a line drawn from the south-east corner of the jail ditch to a bot-tree, and thence to the most convexing point of the public road on the south, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the offices of the District Superintendent of Police, the Sub-Registrar, and the Municipal Office in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharrool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 beeghas 3 cottahs 14 gundas and 1 cowri of standard measurement, bounded on the south and west by the public road; on the east by a drain, which separates it from Mr. A. Courjon's lands; and on the north by a tank and a line of trees from the south-east corner of the tank to the drain on the east, which line separates it from a piece of land of which Government is the proprietor, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the burial ground in the village of Chhotora, pergunnah Meharrool, zillah Tipperah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17 cottahs and 14 gundas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road, and on the east, south, and west by the outer edges of the pucca walls, is required within the aforesaid village of Chhotora.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 922.—*Fort William, the 9th December 1874.—Notifications.—Establishments.*—Mr. F. H. Harding, of Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, reported his arrival at Calcutta to the Government of Bengal on the 24th ultimo.

No. 924.—Mr. D. Norton, of Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, reported his arrival at Calcutta to the Government of Bengal on the 24th ultimo.

No. 929.—*The 11th December 1874.*—Mr. Harry Lee, of Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, reported his arrival at Calcutta to the Government of Bengal on the 25th ultimo.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 2769.—*Fort William, the 11th December 1874.—Notification.—Agriculture, Horticulture, and Famine.*—It is hereby notified for public information that as relief operations in Bengal have now practically closed, no further grants from the Relief Fund will be made by the Central Executive Committee, and they do not desire to receive further subscriptions.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 6991.—*Fort William, the 8th December 1874.—Notifications.—Accounts.*—The following Resolution is published for general information :—

RESOLUTION.—A question has arisen as to the course which should be taken, with reference to the provisions of section 10 of the "Government Savings Bank Act, 1873," by Secretaries to Government and District Savings Banks in dealing with applications from parents for the payment to them of deposits made by them or by persons other than the minors on behalf of their minor children.

2. The Governor-General in Council observes that the word "guardian" in section 10 of the Act referred to means, or at any rate includes, a natural guardian, that is, the father or, at his death, the mother of a minor child; and is pleased to direct that Secretaries of Government and District Savings Banks should be instructed to pay to the father of a minor, or, where the father is not living, to the mother, any deposit made on behalf of a minor child by any person other than the minor himself, if the money is required for the use of the minor.

ORDERED, that the foregoing Resolution be communicated to the Governments of Madras and Bombay for information and further orders; to the Comptroller-General, and the Accountants-General, Madras and Bombay, for information; and to the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, for information and guidance.

No. 7091.—*The 11th December 1874.—Pensions and Gratuities.*—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following section be added to Supplement A to the Civil Pension Code :—

Section 9.—A native member of the covenanted civil service who, under the rules of the civil fund of the service of the presidency to which he belongs, is precluded from subscribing to the fund for pensions to his widow and children, may be allowed to pay to Government subscriptions calculated at the same rates and under the same rules as are applicable to his European colleagues appointed to the service under the same conditions as himself. In consideration of such payments, every such member and his family shall be allowed by Government the same benefits that are enjoyed by subscribers to the Bengal Civil Fund and their families. Provided always that subscriptions shall not be received on behalf of a wife married in the lifetime of another wife or on behalf of a child born of a wife married in the lifetime of another wife, and that such wife and child shall not receive any allowance from Government.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 1159.—*Fort William, the 9th December 1874.*—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the service :—

Medical Department.

Surgeon Charles James Hislop Warden,—date of arrival at Bombay, 26th November 1874.

Surgeon John Catchick Shireore,—date of arrival at Bombay, 13th November 1874.

Surgeon John Lane Corbett,—date of arrival at Bombay, 26th November 1874.

No. 1160.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

* * * * *

Surgeon Major W. H. Hayes, of the Medical Department, Deputy Commissioner, Bengal,—date of arrival at Bombay, 28th November 1874.

* * * * *

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3535C.S.

The 8th December 1874.—Mr. Frederick John Rosslewin Walker, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, who will cease to exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 11th December 1874.—Mr. Robert Mason Towers, c.s., is appointed to be Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Bhagulpore and Monghyr. Mr. Towers is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Judge, in the district of Bhagulpore, under Section 51, Act XI of 1865, and Section 30, Act VI of 1871.

Mr. William Henry Ryland is appointed to act, until further orders, as Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Sealdah, in the First Grade.

The 12th December 1874.—Mr. John Rowland, Acting Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 14th December 1874.—Baboo Girindro Nath Chuckerbutty is appointed to act as Moonsif of Khoolna, in Jessore, during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Bhroobun Chunder Mookerjee, or until further orders. This cancels the orders of the 5th instant, appointing Baboo Kristo Das Dey to act as Moonsif of Khoolna.

The 15th December 1874.—Baboo Dwarkanath Bhattacharjee, Extra Moonsif of Patna, is appointed to be a Moonsif of the Third Grade, and to be Moonsif of Mozufferpore, in Tirhoot, *vice* Baboo Ram Pershad, who has been appointed to a Subordinate Judgeship.

Baboo Soodungso Bhooshun Roy, B.L., is appointed to be Extra Moonsif of Patna, *vice* Baboo Dwarkanath Bhattacharjee, promoted to be a permanent Moonsif.

Baboo Gopal Chunder Chuckerbutty, M.A. and B.L., is appointed to be Extra Moonsif of Borobaree, in Rungpore.

Mr James Fortescue Harrison, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Sasseram Division of the Shalabad District, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, and with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code with effect from the date on which he joined the Sub-Division.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th December 1874.—In modification of the notification dated the 17th March 1869 published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th March 1869, page 635, extending the provisions of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 to the town of Kalinga, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby notified that from and after the 1st January 1875 this town shall be designated Baduria, and its boundaries, for the purposes of the Act, shall be as declared below, *viz.*—

Block No. 1, comprising the villages of Magurkhally, Rudropore, Audermanick, and Baduria, is bounded on the

North—By the southern boundaries of the villages of Simulia and Jasaikati, and the Kalinga *Baor*.

East—By the Kalinga *Baor* and the river Ichamutee.

South—By the northern boundaries of the villages of Arsolah, Goordaha, and Naturia.

West—By the eastern boundaries of the villages of Narainpore and Goordaha.

Block No. 2, comprising the villages of Pura and Kaorgatchi, is bounded on the

North—By the river Ichamutee.

East—By the western boundary of the village of Belgurya.

South—By the northern boundaries of the villages of Dukhindeya and Fatullapore.

West—By the eastern boundary of the village of Lokenathpore and the river Ichamutee.

Block No. 3, comprising the villages of Taragunea and Magruti, comprised in mouzah Gunpore, is bounded on the

North—By the river Ichamutee.

East—By the river Ichamutee.

South—By the northern boundaries of the villages of Sreerampore and Surporazpore, and the river Ichamutee.

West—By the eastern boundaries of the villages of Rajnuggur, Mohespore, Bishepore, Khamarpara, and Utter Dearsa.

Block No. 4, comprising the village of Arbalia, is bounded on the

North—By the southern boundaries of the villages of Rughunathpore and Arsolah.

East—By the western boundaries of the villages of Utter Dearsa, Khamarpara and Hoosainpore.

South—By the northern boundary of the village of Sreekissenpore.

West—By the eastern boundaries of the villages of Dhankoonya, Nuddea, and Gocunna.

It is also notified that from the 1st January 1875 the operations under Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 will cease to have effect in the villages of Kalinga, Simulia, and Jasaikati, formerly included in the Kalinga town.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th December 1874.—The following correction is made in the Government Notification of the 28th November 1874 :—

- For the town Patoole, read *Patrole*.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th December 1874.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the establishment of a public ferry on the line of road between Taltulla and the head-quarters of the Moonsheegunge sub-division, where it crosses the Rikabi Bazar khall on the Dhullessary river, in the district of Dacca.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st December 1874.—Under Sections 2 and 5 of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 (The District Towns' Act), it is hereby notified that from the 1st April 1875 the provisions of the Act shall be in force in the towns of Jhalokati and Nalchitti, in the district of Backergunge, within the limits specified below :—

Town of Jhalokati.

Bounded on the north by the villages of Chandkhali and Jhalokati; on the east by the Gumdham Khal; on the south by the Mohadipur river, and on the west by the village of Kefailnagar.

Town of Nalchitti.

Bounded on the north by the Nalchitti river; on the east by the lands of Khoja Khali village; on the south by the village of Nandikhali, and on the west by the police station of Nalchitti.

Under Section 21 of the Act it is hereby declared that the estimates to be prepared for the towns under Sections 14 and 15 of the Act shall be prepared as soon as possible after the 31st day of December 1874, and that the assessment to be made under the provisions of the Act shall in these towns first take effect from the 1st April 1875.

Under Section 41 the Magistrate of the district is appointed to be a permanent member and Chairman of the town committee of the towns.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th November 1874.—Under Section 3 of Regulation I of 1872 (Sonthal Pergunnahs' Settlement Regulation), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that Section 31 of Act V of 1861 shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and to direct that its provisions be enforced in the towns named below :—

Deoghur.
Rohinee.
Keron.

Modhupore.
Pateole.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1874.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from 1st of January 1875 all births and all deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Naraingunge, in the district of Dacca, shall be registered.

For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Naraingunge shall be the same as those specified in the Government Notification dated the 3rd March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

From and after 1st January 1875 the whole of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th November 1874.—Under the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Regulation styled the Sonthal Pergunnahs' Settlement Regulation, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that Act VI of 1868 of the Bengal Council, called the District Towns' Act, shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

2. The provisions of the said Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 have been extended to the town of Deoghur, in those pergunnahs.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th November 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Parki police outpost at the village of Dootkoomra, in the district of Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the plots of land measuring in the aggregate 1 mughli kaneer, more or less, are required within the aforesaid village of Dootkoomra.

Boundaries.

Kaneer. Gundah. Kora.

Bounded on the west and south by Amina Bibi and Hari's jote land ; on the east by Gouri Charan's tank, and on the north by Hari and Hanif's ryoti land, belonging to Taraf R. D. Barros, and included in survey plot No. 1043	0	8	3
Bounded on the south by survey plot No. 1043 ; on the east by Gouri Charan's tank ; on the north by Shumsher Ali's road ; on the west by Hanif's jote land belonging to mehal Noabad, taluq Bodol Bibi, Manik Bibi, and others, and included in survey plot No. 1049	0	8	1
Bounded on the east by survey plot No. 1049 ; on the north by Shumsher Ali's road ; on the west by Hanif's jote land, and on the south by Amina Bibi's jote land belonging to mehal Noabad, taluq Bodol Bibi, Manik Bibi, and others, and included in survey plot No. 1050			
Total	1	0	0

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT

The 10th December 1874.

No. 428A.—*Postings.*—Mr. J. A. Windle, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, having been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty, is posted to the 24-Pergunnahs district.

The 12th December 1874.

No. 429.—Mr. T. S. Isaac, C.E., Superintending Engineer, Third Grade, who has been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty, is posted to the Western Circle.

No. 430.—*Notifications.*—Major G. S. Hills, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, assumed charge of the Bhagulpore district on the 30th November 1874, before noon.

No. 431.—Mr. J. A. Windle, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the 24-Pergunnahs district on the 2nd December 1874, before noon.

No. 432.—The services of Major R. G. Thorold, R.E., Executive Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Darjeeling and Jalpigoree district, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Engineer in Chief, Northern Bengal State Railway.

No. 433.—*Transfer.*—Captain A. L. Landon, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, from the Rungpore to the North Bhagulpore Special Division.

No. 434.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. F. R. Bagley, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the South Bhagulpore Special Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st November 1874.

No. 435.—Serjeant C. Wickens, Supervisor, Second Grade, attached to the East Tirthoot Special Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 27th October 1874.

No. 436.—*Transfers*.—Baboo Koonjobahary Chowdry, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Howrah and Hooghly to the Singbhoom and Manbhoom district.

No. 437.—Mr. L. T. Deepholts, Overseer, First Grade, from the Singbhoom and Manbhoom, to the Howrah and Hooghly district.

No. 438.—*Notifications*.—Private J. Craig, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Darjeeling and Julpigoree district, is remanded to military duty, with effect from the 9th November 1874.

No. 439.—Baboo Ramnath Bhattacharjee, Overseer, Second Grade, joined the Lohardugga district on the 30th November 1874, before noon.

No. 440.—The services of Mr. E. Calliford, Supervisor, First Grade, attached to the Bogra Special Division, who was deputed to Bengal for relief works, are replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.

No. 441.—The following order, issued by the Government of India, Military Department, is republished for information :—

No. 1163 of 10th December 1874.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

Major Ralph Graham Smyth, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, First Grade, Department Public Works,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

The 14th December 1874.

No. 442.—*Leave of Absence*.—Major R. G. Smyth, R.E., Officiating Superintending Engineer, Third Grade, Western Circle, for thirty days, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough on private affairs.

The 15th December 1874.

No. 444.—*Transfer*.—Mr. W. H. Johnson, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, from the South to the North Bhagulpore Special Division.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

ESTABLISHMENT.—NOTIFICATIONS.

The 12th December 1874.

No. 411.—*Promotion*.—Mr. J. R. Swinden, Apprentice Engineer, Survey Division, Gunduck Circle, is promoted to the Third Grade of Assistant Engineers, with effect from 10th instant.

No. 412.—*Leave*.—Mr. R. H. Rhind, Executive Engineer, First Grade, Pooree Survey Division, is granted two years' furlough to Europe, under Section 10, Chapter III of the Civil Leave Code, from the 20th instant, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The 14th December 1874.

No. 413.—Lieutenant J. W. Otley, R.E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, and Assistant to Chief Engineer, is granted privilege leave for one month, under Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from 12th December 1874 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 414.—*Transfers*.—Mr. J. R. Swinden, Apprentice Engineer, from the Survey Division, Gunduck Circle, to the Office of the Superintending Engineer of that Circle, as his Personal Assistant, which he joined on the forenoon of 1st November 1874.

No. 415.—Baboo Parbutty Churn Mitter, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Lower Gunduck to the Upper Gunduck Division.

No. 416.—Baboo Shoshi Bhusun Paul, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Dehree to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 7th instant.

No. 417.—*Notification*.—With reference to Notification No. 385, published at page 1691 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th ultimo, it is hereby notified that the transfer of the officers therein named to the Special Works Circle has been made in the interests of the public service.

No. 418.—*Leave*.—Mr. F. G. Brooks, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, High Level Canal Division, is granted sick leave for fifteen days, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 419.—*Posting*.—The undermentioned gentlemen, passed students of the Cooper's Hill College, who arrived at Bombay by the troopship *Crocodile*, are posted as follows :—

Mr. F. M. Sholts Douglas	...	} Assistant Engineers, Second Grade, to the Gunduck Circle.
" O. J. K. Watson	...	
" G. A. G. Shawe	...	
" C. Taylor	...	{ Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, to the Sone Circle.

No. 420.—Transfer.—The undermentioned officers are transferred from the Sone to the Gunduck Circle:—

Baboo Kedar Nath Dass, Assistant Engineer, First Grade.
Mr. C. V. S. Cotton, ditto, Second Grade.
„ E. R. Hoggan, ditto, Third Grade.

The above transfers are made in the interests of the public service.

No. 421.—Posting.—The undermentioned gentlemen, passed students of the Cooper's Hill College, who arrived at Bombay by the troopship *Jumna*, are posted as follows:—

Mr. W. A. Inglis ... } Assistant Engineers, Second Grade, to the Sone
„ D. B. Horn ... } Circle.

IRRIGATION.

No. 422.—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a second class Chauki, it is hereby declared that a plot of land measuring about 2 acres and 1½ poles, more or less, lying about 1,500 feet to the west of the lands already taken up in the 41st to 46th chain of the 37th mile of the Buxar Canal as marked out by the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, in mouzah Kheksi, pergunnah Bhajpur, district Shahabad, is required.

The plan of the above plot can be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Buxar Division, at Buxar, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. every day, Sundays and authorized holidays excepted.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

G. A. SEARLE, Lt.-Col., B.C.,
for Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P.W.D., Irrigation Branch.

Report of leave granted to Rural Sub-Registrars named below and the temporary appointments made for carrying on their work during the months of August, September, October, and November last.

Name of Sub-Registrar on leave.	Name of the Sub-Registrar appointed.	Nature and period of leave.	Date of making over charge.	Remarks.
Moulvi Arif-ur-Rohman, Sub-Registrar of Choudagaon.	Moulvi Fazal I-lah, Officiating Sub-Registrar.	Sick leave for three months.	15th August 1874.	
Moulvi Haider Hossain, Sub-Registrar of Mantessur.	None	Casual leave for four days.	10th September 1874.	The Sub-Registrar was summoned to attend the Judge's Court, Burdwan.
Baboo Durga Charan Ghose, Sub-Registrar of Borupkati.	Baboo Kamal Churn Ghose, Officiating Sub-Registrar.	Leave on private affairs for seven days.	7th October 1874.	
Moulvi Kasim-ud-din, Sub-Registrar of Morrellgunge.	Munshi Hamiduddin Mohammad, Second Clerk, Jessore Registry Office.	Leave on private affairs for one month.	15th October 1874.	
Baboo Jadunath Upadhyay, Sub-Registrar of Hajipore.	Baboo Sheo Gobinda Behari Sing, Sub-Registrar's Head Clerk.	Leave on private affairs for one month.	24th October 1874.	
Baboo Kalachand Chatterjee, Sub-Registrar of Dhulian.	Baboo Ramgati Banerjee, Sudder Registry Head Clerk.	Leave on private affairs for six days.	27th October 1874.	
Baboo Prankrishna Datta, Sub-Registrar of Sabhat.	None	Leave for two weeks on private affairs.	27th October 1874.	The work of the Sub-Registry Office was carried on at the sudder station during the Sub-Registrar's absence.
Baboo Krishtonath Banerjee, Sub-Registrar of Batkhira.	Baboo Koylash Chunder Chuckerbitty, Registry Head Clerk.	Leave for one week on private affairs.	27th October 1874.	
Munshi Abd-ul-Aziz, Sub-Registrar of Bhatiani.	Baboo Taruk Chandra Das, Officiating Fifth Clerk, Sudder Registry Office.	Leave on private affairs for eight days.	6th November 1874.	
Moulvi Muhammad Hafiz, Sub-Registrar of Nalchitti.	Baboo Bonomeli Rai, Sudder Registry Office Head Clerk.	Leave on private affairs for one month.	15th November 1874.	
Syad Waliullah, Sub-Registrar of Brahmanbarua.	Baboo Bhugwan Chandra Bose, Deputy Collector.	Leave on private affairs for fifteen days.	1st October 1874.	

CALCUTTA, the 1st December 1874.

T. F. BIGNOLD,
Offg. Inspector-General of Registration.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11073.—*Notifications.*—*Alipore, the 11th December 1874.*—Dr. H. C. Connolly made over charge of the Bankoora Jail to L. Hare, Esq., on the afternoon of the 1st December 1874.

No. 11144.—D. W. M. Testro, Esq., took charge of the Bankoora Jail from L. Hare, Esq., in the afternoon of the 7th December 1874.

S. S. LYNCH,
Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, in charge.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

TRANSFER OF MOONSIF.

The 1st December 1874.—Baboo Brojo Behary Shome, B.L., Additional Moonsif in the district of Jessore, is transferred to Rangpore as an Additional Moonsif there.

By order, &c.,
H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

TRANSFER OF MOONSIF.

The 8th December 1874.—Baboo Joygopal Bose, Moonsif of Pauchpookeriah, in the district of Tipperah, is transferred temporarily to Doobrajapore, in the district of Beerbhoom.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 8th December 1874.—The unexpired portion of the leave of absence for the last Dusserah vacation, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, granted to Baboo Nilmadhub Mookerjee, Moonsif of Rungunneah, in the district of Chittagong, is cancelled.

By order, &c.,
W. M. SOUTTAR, *Registrar.*

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary
Original Criminal Jurisdiction.

NOTICE.

The following dates of the Criminal Sessions for 1875 are published for general information:—

No. of Sessions.	Day of the week.	Date.
1st	Tuesday...	12th January.
2nd	Monday...	22nd February.
3rd	Monday...	5th April.
4th	Wednesday...	5th May.
5th	Monday...	7th June.
6th	Monday...	12th July.
7th	Thursday...	12th August.
8th	Thursday...	16th September.
9th	Wednesday...	1st December.

By order of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice,

The 1st December 1874.

C. C. MACRAE, *Clerk of the Crown.*

Sheriff's Office, the 16th December 1874.

Notice is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1875 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

শ্রদ্ধিক আদিস, সন ১৮৭৪ সাল ১৬ ডিসেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গলার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম কর্তৃক অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তা জন্য তাগাদি সন ১৮৭৫ সালের ১২ জানুয়ারি বঙ্গাব্দ বেল ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত মেসিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৫ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল মেসিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 13th October 1874.

No. 1.—NOTICE is hereby given that sales by public auction of the Government rice, marginally noted will be held at the opium sale-rooms near the Office of the Board of Revenue, as follows:—

	BURMAN.		MADRAS.
	About one-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.	About two-maund bags.
On Monday the 16th November ... ..	.....	02,000	18,000
On " " 7th December	20,000	59,250	12,250
On Tuesday the 29th December ... ..	.....	80,000	.....
On Monday the 18th January 1875	15,000	10,250	39,500
	35,000	2,11,500	69,750

The following are the conditions of the sale:—

1. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.
2. Each lot shall contain 1,000 bags, of an average weight, as ascertained by examining and weighing, in the presence of intending purchasers, a percentage of at least 100 bags of each description of rice, on days (at least ten days previous to day of sale) to be fixed by public advertisement. The average nett weight thus ascertained will be declared at time of sale, and will also be notified in the *Exchange Gazette* for two days previously.
3. The bids must advance Rs. 10 at a time.
4. Intending purchasers will have an opportunity of inspecting samples of the rice at the office of the undersigned on any day previous to the sale, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., and of examining its quality and condition in the godowns on the days to be fixed by public advertisement for testing the average weight of the bags to be sold.
5. A currency note for Rs. 100 shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and such note shall be considered part of the 20 per cent. deposit referred to in paragraph 6.
6. A deposit of 20 per cent. of the price of the rice purchased must be paid into the Bank of Bengal by each purchaser as a deposit the day after the sale.
7. Within three days after making the deposit of 20 per cent., the remainder of the price must be paid into the Bank of Bengal, or the first deposits will be forfeited.
8. Payment in full may be made at any time within four days after the sale.
9. Application for delivery orders are to be made to the undersigned, and such orders will be issued according to priority of application; but no delivery order shall be issued, or application for the same be entertained or recorded, until the full amount of purchase-money shall have been paid. Delivery orders shall specify the dates on which delivery is to be taken, and these dates will be fixed, as far as practicable, with reference to the wishes of purchasers; but rice not taken delivery of on the date or dates named in the order, shall remain in the godown until all subsequent orders of same sale shall have been satisfied; nor shall the purchaser have any claim upon Government in respect of such delayed delivery.
10. Delivery in full must be taken within thirty days of date of sale, or the amount deposited shall be forfeited.
11. The buyer must satisfy himself in every respect as to the quality, description, and weight of the rice before the day of sale. No subsequent complaints or reclamations will be admitted.
12. The Officer superintending the sale on the part of Government is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit, either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal receipts, or Government securities, of a sum equal to 20 per cent. of his bid.
13. Any further information respecting weight, description, or quality of the rice advertised for sale, that may be desired, will be furnished on application to the undersigned.
14. The undersigned reserves to himself the right of altering the dates of sales should circumstances render it expedient, and of withdrawing any unsold lot.

39, STRAND, CALCUTTA,
The 13th October 1874.

J. GRAHAM, Major, on Special Duty.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1199B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1872-73 ...	534	
Supply from 1873-74...	25,266	25,800
<hr/>		
BENARES.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1873-73 ...	260	
Supply from 1873-74...	18,040	19,200
<hr/>		
Total ...		45,000

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1875 will consist of 25,800 chests of Behar and 19,200 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1872-73 and 1873-74, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 4th Jan. 1875	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Feb. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Mar. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th Aug. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th Sep. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st Oct. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th Nov. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd Dec. "	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total ...	25,800	19,200	45,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1. The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2. The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest, and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3. The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertized for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Member in charge, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertized shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Member in charge may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4. Each lot shall contain five chests.

5. A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale: or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 200 per chest, Rs. 200 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

resold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Member in charge shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7. No tender of money, Bank of Bengal receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8. The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth Condition or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Member in charge shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9. Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10. No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book or his authorized Agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11. The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12. With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bond fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13. The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15. The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1, certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16. The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1873-74, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years—to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17. Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Member in charge entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of

the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1875, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 45,000 chests of

	Chests.
Behar	26,800
Benares	19,200
Total	46,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertized for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the

right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article, there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so supplied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."—By order of the Member in charge.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 16th November 1874.

OPIMUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 1266B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1872-73, 1873-74, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 4th January 1875, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

		Chests. 1872-73.	Chests. 1873-74.	Total Chests.
Behar	Opium	534	1,616	2,150
Benares	"	260	1,340	1,600
Total		794	2,956	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 16th November 1874, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th January respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 9th January 1875, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 19th January 1875.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the ensuing year on or about the dates specified below. The Member-in-Charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves

to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.			Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 4th February	1875	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th March	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 5th April	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 5th May	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 4th June	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th July	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 5th August	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Monday, 6th September	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 1st October	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Thursday, 4th November	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
On or about Friday, 3rd December	"	...	2,150	1,600	3,750
Total			23,650	17,600	41,250

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 1st December 1874.

NOTICE.

No. 1286B.

APPLICATION for Tickets of Admission to the Opium Sale-room for the year 1875 should be made at the Office of the Board of Revenue on or after the 28th instant.

Tickets for the year 1874 should be returned.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 8th December 1874.

NOTICE.

No. 1317B.

An examination of the Provision Opium of 1873-74 from the Behar and Benares Agencies from such Despatches as have arrived, will take place at the Presidency Opium Godowns within the Custom House Premises, on Monday, the 21st December 1874, at 11 o'clock, to which the public are invited.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Officiating Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 12th December 1874.

NOTIFICATION.

Under instructions from Government, it is hereby notified that the waste lands of the Western Doars are excluded from the operation of the general rules for the sale of Waste Lands dated 2nd February 1874.

By order of the Member in Charge,

H. J. REYNOLDS, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 5th December 1874.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1874.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lt.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c 1867—1862		PART V.—Acts of the Legislative Council of India—	
PART II.—Advertisements	2561—2618	The Scheduled Districts Act, 1874	115
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	Nil.	The Laws Local Extent Act, 1874	118
PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	Nil.	The Repealing Act, 1874	120
		PART VI.—Bills of the Legislative Council of India—	
		Probates and Letters of Administration	175
		Report of Select Committee and Amended Indian	
		Ports Bill	179
		The Inland Customs Bill	184
		SUPPLEMENT No. 51	3397—3422

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN wishing to see the Lieutenant-Governor on business are requested to write to the Private Secretary at Belvedere, stating the object for which an interview is desired.

BELVEDERE,
The 7th December 1874.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 3611C.S.

GENERAL.—The 11th December 1874.—Mr. Charles Frederick Magrath, B.A., Acting Magistrate and Collector, Bogra, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 10th January 1875.

Mr. Edward Vesey Westmacott, B.A., is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of Bogra, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Magrath, or until further orders.

The 18th December 1874.—Baboo Hurinath Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahy, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring lands for relief roads.

The 19th December 1874.—Mr. W. H. Dobbie, of the Account Department, on special duty with famine accounts, is transferred from Chumparun to Purneah.

Mr. Ellis, of the Telegraph Account Department, on special duty with famine accounts, is transferred from Durbhanga to Mozufferpore.

The 21st December 1874.—Baboo Protap Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, having resumed charge of his duties on the afternoon of the 21st November 1874, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 15th August last, is cancelled.

Mr. William Vansittart Graham Tayler, Magistrate and Collector of Pubna, is allowed seven days' leave, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders dated the 26th November 1874.

Mr. R. Pereira, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Poorna Chunder Roy, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. Edwyn Samuel Moseley, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 2nd January 1875.

Baboo Indro Behary Singh is appointed to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade in Shahabad, *vice* Baboo Rajendro Nath Roy, appointed to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Baboo Shama Churn Das to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade. Baboo Shama Churn Das is posted to Tirhoot.

Baboo Ramokhoy Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Tumlook Division of the Midnapore District.

Mr. Thomas Bruce Lane is appointed to be Secretary to the Board of Revenue in the Department of Land Revenue, but to continue to act as Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Mr. Herbert John Reynolds, B.A., is appointed to be Secretary to the Board of Revenue in the Department of Opium, Custom, and Excise, but to continue to act as a Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

The 22nd December 1874.—Mr. James Fortescue Harrison, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, from the 23rd November last, to enable him to join his appointment on his return from leave on medical certificate.

Mr. William Cornell, M.A., District and Sessions Judge, Bankoora, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Second Additional Judge and Additional Sessions Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs and Hooghly.

Mr. John Tweedie is appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge of Bankoora, and also as Additional Judge and Additional Sessions Judge of Burdwan, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. Cornell, or until further orders.

Mr. Edward Maxwell Reilly, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Atia Division of the Mymensingh District, transferred to Tipperah, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. Anundoram Barooah, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Atia Division of that District.

Baboo Harihar Churn Lal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chuttra, Hazareebagh, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 14th September 1874.

Baboo Hem Chunder Ker, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, having resumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 1st instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 10th August last, is cancelled.

The services of the following officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department, viz:—

Mr. Harold Francis Matthews, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Beerbhoom.

„ George Godfrey, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh.

POLICE.—*The 21st December 1874.*—Mr. Thomas Gwyther Charles, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to the District of Moorshedabad.

Baboo Brojo Soonder Moitra, Court Inspector, held charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Maldah, from the 12th September to the 16th October 1874.

The 22nd December 1874.—The following Officers are appointed to act in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police from the dates on which they ceased to act as District Superintendents of Police, viz.—

Mr. Francis Graves.

Mr. John Briscoe Birch.

REGISTRATION.—*The 22nd December 1874.*—Baboo Bhoirub Chunder Chatterjee, Special Sub-Registrar of Commillah in Tipperah, is allowed leave of absence for six months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave allowed to him in orders of the 14th October, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem.

MEDICAL.—*The 16th December 1874.*—Surgeon Edward Lawrie, Acting Resident Surgeon of the Medical College Hospital, is confirmed in that appointment.

The 18th December 1874.—Dr. William Cowan, Civil Medical Officer of Tipperah, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st January 1875.

Surgeon Bunko Behary Gupta, M.A., Inspecting Medical Officer, Mungleecote Circle, Burdwan, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he may be relieved.

Assistant-Surgeon Nobin Chunder Ghose, attached to the Jamalpore Endemic Dispensary, is appointed to act as Inspecting Medical Officer of the Mungleecote Circle, during the absence, on leave, of Surgeon B. B. Gupta, or until further orders.

The 19th December 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be additional members of the Committee for the management of the Chittagong Charitable Dispensary, viz.—

Mr. J. C. Veasey, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Baboo Denohath Sen, Executive Engineer.

„ Gopee Mohun Ghose, Zemindar.

„ Nobo Chunder Roy, Sub-Registrar.

„ Doorga Das Das, Pleader.

„ Komola Kanth Sen, Pleader.

The 21st December 1874.—Assistant Surgeon Mohendro Vall Bose, attached to the Charitable Dispensary at Motiharee, is allowed leave for 17 days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he availed himself of his anticipation of sanction.

The 22nd December 1874.—The services of Surgeon Cornelius John McKenna are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department.

The services of Surgeon G. Griffith, Acting Medical Officer at Goalundo and Koshtea, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he made over charge of his office to Dr. V. Richards.

MARINE.—*The 22nd December 1874.*—Captain F. Warden, Acting First Assistant Master Attendant, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th January 1875.

SANITATION.—*The 19th December 1874.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Pooree Lodging House Committee for the ensuing calendar year, viz.—

Baboo Nund Kissore Dass, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

„ Kedarnath Dutt, ditto.

„ Shib Prosad Sing, Moonsif.

Mohunt Narayan Dass.

„ Mohun Dass.

Baboo Ram Chand Addy.

FORESTS.—*The 22nd December 1874.*—In supersession of the orders of the 15th September 1874, Mr. H. H. Davis, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Chittagong, is allowed leave from the 10th October to the forenoon of the 17th November 1874, under Section 22, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 16th December 1874.*—Mr. P. Crighton, Manager of the Rishra Jute Mill, is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Serampore, vice Dr. George Smith, retired.

The 21st December 1874.—Mr. Thomas Edward Coxhead is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners for the towns of Serampore and Ootterpara, and Registrar of Hackney Carriages under Act V (B.C.) of 1865 for the Serampore Municipality vice Mr. J. E. B. Jeffery, on leave.

The 22nd December 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the town of Dacca, viz.—

Mr. Robert Fulton Rampini, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector.
 Dr. D. B. Smith, Civil Surgeon.
 Mr. M. David, Merchant.
 „ L. Hare, Assistant Magistrate.
 „ W. R. Millar, Assistant Magistrate.
 „ C. E. Gouldsbury, Assistant Superintendent of Police.
 Baboo Chunder Coomar Bose, Pleader.
 „ Muddun Mohun Bysack, Merchant.

The following list of the names of the Municipal Commissioners for the town of Dacca, including those now appointed, but excepting the ex-officio members, is published :—

Mr. A. MacBean, Vice-Chairman.	Baboo Radhica Mohun Roy.
„ A. Thoms.	„ Roop Lal, Das.
„ J. G. N. Pogose.	„ Opendro Nath Mitra.
„ N. P. Pogose.	Mr. Robert Fulton Rampini.
„ William Harney.	Dr. D. B. Smith.
Khajah Abdul Gunny, c.s.i.	Mr. M. David.
„ Ashanoollah.	„ L. Hare.
„ Mohamed Azgur.	„ W. R. Millar.
Baboo Koylash Chunder Ghose.	„ C. E. Gouldsbury.
Lalla Mitrajit Sing.	Baboo Muddun Mohun Bysack.
Baboo Obhoy Chunder Dass.	„ Chunder Coomar Bose.

ROAD CESS.—*The 22nd December 1874.*—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint under Sections 49 and 51 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871, the following gentlemen to be members of the district Road Cess Committee in the Noakholly district for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Act :—

The Magistrate and Collector, Chairman	...	...	} <i>Ex-officio.</i>
„ District Superintendent of Police	...	...
Moulvie Abdool Aziz Khan, Zemindar.			
Baboo Bugola Prasanna Mozumdar, Sub-Registrar and Taluqdar.			
„ Braja Kisor Sen, Zemindar and Manager.			
„ Chandra Nath Choudhuri, Taluqdar and Zemindar.			
„ Hriday Krishna Mitra, Taluqdar.			
Hosan Ali Choudhuri,	ditto.		
Baboo Khetra Nath Das,	ditto.		
„ Kali Kisor Guha,	ditto.		
„ Lachman Prasad Tewari, Taluqdar and Mahajun.			
„ Manick Chunder Roy, Superintendent of Bhulna Estate.			
Mahomed Pana Meah, Taluqdar.			
„ Manwar Meah, Taluqdar.			
Baboo Nobin Kisor Roy, Taluqdar.			
„ Ram Chandra Laha, Mahajun and Taluqdar.			
„ Tarak Chandra Choudhuri, Agent of a Zemindar.			

Mr. Thomas Edward Coxhead is appointed to be a member of the Hooghly Road Cess Committee, under Section 49 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th December 1874.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the subordinates of the Shipping Master of Calcutta, who are now styled the First Deputy Shipping Master and the Second Deputy Shipping Master, should in future be styled Deputy Shipping Master and Assistant Shipping Master.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

• GYMNASIAC TOURNAMENT TO BE HELD AT BELLEFÈRE ON THE
7TH JANUARY 1875.

No. 8721, dated Calcutta, the 11th December 1874.

From—H. L. DAMPIER, Esq., Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
To—The Director of Public Instruction.

I AM directed to inform you that a gymnastic tournament will be held in the Belvedere on Thursday, the 7th January 1875, by permission of His Honor the Lt. Governor, who has also offered certain prizes to be competed for on the occasion.

2. The competition will be limited to the students of Government institutions, and more than four will be allowed to compete from each college or school.

3. The expenses of the students selected from each institution, and their expenses ^{from} Calcutta to and fro, as well as those of their gymnastic teacher (who will accompany them), will be paid by Government.

4. No student will be allowed to compete unless he has obtained permission to do so from the Principal of his College or Head Master of his School. Principals and Head Masters are required to be careful not to give permission to any student who is not moderately proficient in gymnastics, and whose performances are not likely to be up to the average of representatives of other schools.

5. The programme which it is proposed to carry out is enclosed for your information, and you are requested to report at once—

(a) The number of boys (not exceeding four) who will compete from each College or School, with their names and ages.

(b.) The part or parts of the programme in which each wishes to compete. As it is probable that time will not admit of all the candidates competing for every prize, each student should be called upon to name the prizes for which he wishes to compete, in the order of his preference.

(c.) The estimated cost of the journey of the boys and their professor to Calcutta and back, and of their board and lodging while in Calcutta.

6. You will be good enough to arrange that the teachers and pupils shall be on the ground set apart for the occasion at 2 p.m. Correspondence on this subject should be addressed to the Honorary Secretary to the Gymnastic Tournament.

*Programme of the Gymnastic Tournament to be held in the Belvedere grounds on Thursday,
7th January 1875.*

TO COMMENCE AT 2-30 P.M.

I.—PARALLEL BARS.

- (a) Different kinds of marches, single and double, forwards and backwards.
- (b) Different kinds of clearing the bars, single and double swing.
- (c) Independent practice.

1st Prize	(Presented by the Hon'ble H. L. Dampier)	... ..	Rs.	25
2nd "	" " " " "	... ..	"	10

II.—TRAPEZIUM.

- (a) Rising by single and double ropes.
- (b) Turning round the bar, forwards and backwards.
- (c) Independent practice (as forming the straight line, &c.)

1st Prize (Presented by the Hon'ble Rivers Thompson)	...	Rs.	25
2nd .....	...	"	10

III.—RINGS.

- (a) Rising with one and with both hands.
- (b) Standing above and below the rings.
- (c) Turning, single and continuous.
- (d) Independent practice (as forming the straight line, backwards and forwards, &c.)

1st Prize (Presented by the Hon'ble C. E. Bernard) ...	Rs.	25
2nd " " " " " "	"	10

IV.—INCLINED LADDER.

Different kinds of leading with the hands by the spars and by the sides.	
1st Prize (Presented by W. S. Atkinson, Esq.)	Rs. 25
2nd „	„ 10

V.—POLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE.

Different kinds of rising and descending with one and with both hands.	
Independent practice (as turning, forming the straight line, &c.)	
1st Prize (Presented by J. Sutcliffe, Esq.)	Rs. 25
2nd „	„ 10

VI.—HORIZONTAL BARS.

(a) Different kinds of vaulting.	
(b) Rising without touching the ground.	
(c) Different kinds of turning, single and continuous, with body, knees, armpit.	
(d) Independent practice (as full circle, forming the straight line, &c.)	
1st Prize (Presented by C. E. Buckland, Esq.)	Rs. 20
2nd „	„ 8

VII.—THE HORSE.

(a) Vaulting by one and two movements.	
(b) „ by resting on the knees.	
(c) „ between the hands and with one hand.	
(d) Independent practice.	
1st Prize (Presented by G. Toynbee, Esq.)	Rs. 20
2nd „	„ 8

VIII.

Hurdle race over six flights—150 yards.

Prize (Presented by W. G. Willson, Esq.)	Rs. 20
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PRIZES PRESENTED BY HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

1st Prize, Rs. 50.—For the most proficient pupil of all.
2nd „ „ 30.—For the most proficient teacher.
3rd „ „ 20.—For the second best pupil.

G TOYNEBEE,
Hony. Secy., Gymn. Tourt. Committee.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1874.—A plan and estimate of Rs. 30,500, for the erection of a landing stage at Cossipore, having been submitted by the Vice-Chairman to the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta with his letter No. 2288, dated 27th November 1874, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the construction of the landing stage under Section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th December 1874.—A plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 80,000, for the construction of water-works for watering the jetty enclosures and washing down the paved slope of the inland vessels wharf, having been submitted by the Vice-Chairman to the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta with his letter No. 1406, dated 18th August 1874, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the project under Section 35, Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th December 1874.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the following re-arrangement of the district and thana boundaries of the district of Bograh, and the transfer to that district of the villages named in the several lists below :—

ZILLAH BOGRAH.

The northern boundary of this zillah, starting from the village of Artoir, &c., on the north-west, shall pass along the limits of the following villages, viz. Artoir, &c., Hasunpore, Peeralipeetumpore, &c., Dharanjec, &c., Mahasool Khoord, &c., Amail, Hazrapore, Angra, Khooshgaree, Rashidpore, Motab, Keorta, Malancha, Simoolgaree, Dariven, Magoora, Simoolgaree Arazee, Pingloo, Lukhikole, Katalee, Birinchee Chuk, Madhayeputtee, Bihigaon, Nowagaon, Paikurdari, Shooshari, Pakoordoom, Sreekrishtopore or Piyara, Raigaon, Sanutta, &c., Himail, Bejkhanda, Sibshamoodra, Sibshamoodra, Gaurail, Bandedghachoygaon, Gaurail Arazee, Bhooteegareepectalee, Bhatahar, Telehar, Doodail, Karangka, Jagunathpore, Chootarpara Arazee, Poor, Bashoor Chuk, Janwora Chuk, Saldoh, Kachooa Chuk, Chandrahata, Hatgari, Palashee, Seralipore Chuk, Mare, Sokraboozoorg, Sokrakhoord, Bagulpore, Matookdaridaha, Noyamutpore, Koopa, Mirapore, Dogachi, Burra Mirza, Chuk Marcea, Rahobun, Gopalpore, Alumpore, Deolee, Pakooree, Ramchunderpore, Basueeah, Majpara, Baroepara, and Kaleekapore; then along the Bheemtee Nuddee to the village of Choergacha, then along the following villages, viz. Gopale, Sabazpore, Besoorpara, Besoorpara Arazee, Chur Chuk Nundun, Goramara, Saleeka, Koolbaree, Kunaicatta, Buleadanga, Daooderpara, Junteearpara, and Fazilpore-Kookhataer.

Note.—The villages mentioned in the annexed list have been transferred from zillah Rungpore to zillah Bograh.

The eastern boundary from Fazilpore-Kookhataer shall run southward along the Dowkoba river to the village of Sonapucha; then along the revenue survey limit to Majeera; then it shall coincide with the limits of the following villages, viz. Majeera, Aolakandee, Chaobaer, Burtulee, Sareekandee, Rankistopore, Burbilla, Notabaree, Chur Notabaree, Bishtopore-Chikasee, Anarpore, Par Dhanout, Ootur Belkoochee, Chukeebaree, Satpakheea, Chuk-Mehardee, Buncagater and Beel Koeta, Chur-Khookseea, Mirzapore or Gopalnuggur, Gujeebaree, Chuk Dakateea, and Nowdha Brumhgacha.

Note.—The villages mentioned in the enclosed list have been transferred from zillah Mymensing to zillah Bograh.

The southern boundary shall run along the limits of the following villages, viz. Nowdha Brumhgacha, Deegur Boodhargatee, Ramdeela-Jannuhumud, Ramdeela Saesta, &c., Ramdeela-Ataolla, Ramdeela Moorad, Surai Gobindpore, &c., Gopeenathpore or Kooreegatee, Nichintapore, Nissoondra, Chuk Juggurnath, Boozoorg-Simla with Chuk, Simla Bauee Bullub, Boozoorg Simla with Chuk, Chuk Keshub, Neerj Betkoer, Simabaree, Rowra, Dhunkooree-Ooturpara, Buraieduha, Chalancejhooree, &c., Bailgaree, Solakooree, Goshasono, Babtee, Afratgaree, Ahtail, Terocil Tainguree, Dateel, Goalheesa, Odgaon, Saraznuggur, Baora, Sagoona, Simla Sathburree, Chuk Rumanut, Gholghuree, Mookoondpore, Singra, Doalsurra, Dobeela, Taitoollee, Bungseedhar, Boozoorg Jamair, &c., Bailghuree, Mudareebaree, Kaseepara, Lukheekole, Khoksagaree, Pam-Bakooree, Oodaikooree, Oochulbaree, Poalgacha, Knadas, Kismut Chuk Soraie, Sodhora, Rupechar-Dabotur, Rupechar, Kapasuttee, Pullahar, Ratole, Santa, Kismut-Moh shmoora, Deokhunda, Khorasuttee, Goalpara, Seala-Bhowancepore, Rumthul, Dulgurra, Koorsael, Bundaie Khara Goalpara, Deogaon, Hureepore, Dhaikra, Chakduh, Dhaikra-Arazee, Koondgaon, Kosabaree, Hatsara, Basoollee-Pokhuree, Palunkooree, Jhankur, Gobindpore, Kyakoonchee, Buree, Bureabhuttee, Singahar, Bontoel, Damodurkooree, Beheegaon, Garoel, Khooteepara, Korabidul, Baseekora, Burburree, Aichkooree, Kaisrutta, Koosumbree, Kaseemulla, Rampoor, Kudma, Kurujbaree, Gooneepore, Beel-Bhanra or Ruktadub, Chutnee, Dureepore, Chuk-Oojeer, Gungakandee or Chundeeepore and Boozoorg Kandra, on the Juboona Nuddee.

Note.—The villages mentioned in the enclosed list have been transferred from zillah Rajshahye to zillah Bograh.

The western boundary shall coincide with the limits of the following villages, viz. Boozoorg-Kandra, Chuk Mokhtear, Gangjore, Burmotur, Lushkurpore, Sooltanpore, Chuk Rampore, Rijukpore, Boalee, Abdai Chuk, Rhidoyrampore-Chuk, Kholisakoori, Chahan Chuk, Juggunathpore, Rambhadropore, Shampore, Rhidoyrampore, Hureepore, Shampore, Tajnugur, Namanoorpore, Basoodebpore Chuk, Noorpore, Inaetpore, Huzrutpore, Baloo-bhara, Pakooree, Gobindpore, Shailkool, Archa, Nuksha, Mohidipore, Koosharmooree, Bhunjkola, Nujanpore, Bangtal, Khulshi, Mirzapore, Nagaon, Sadna, Sherpore, Changla, Jideepore, Siraoolea Khoord, Ghoraghat, Dhurmpore, Akhirotee, Jelahar, Kumolahar, Chakrail, Abhoypore, Golla, Rajpore, Panishad, Rajpore, Daoodpore Arazee, Krishtopore-Kadimpore, Rampore, Nalookabaree, Mathoorapore, Jhaobaree, Perijpore, Goyeshpore, Jalal Chuk, Goyeshpore, Gobind Chuk, Aootail, Kothee, Syamgunge, Parshapla, Nirsingpore-Arazee, Pampara, Kakribaree, Syampore, Lukhikole-Bujrog, Kashtogaree, Nohela, Jugur-nathpore, &c., Sarungpara Kismut, Sadishpore, Dwarisoan, &c., Russoolpore Tekala, Hureepore, Deeor Boojrook, Chundeeepore, Pecholeea, Isserpore, Majahidpore, Isserpore Chuk,

Mullikpore, Pohananda, Pohananda Chuk, Needhee, Namjawa, Jugdispore, Sagdona, Teropate, Dhawa, Komorpore, Dhanhara Chuk, Dogoir, Dhanhara, Koeekooree, Dareepore, Ramkistopore, Kullianpore, Kuria, Kachna Kismut, Makarta, Tajpore, Nandail, Hatkolah, Oochana, Koya, Futepore, Boikantpore, Rajnugur or Baksigunge, Mereartoir and Artoir, &c.

Note.—Pergunnahs Futtchjungpore and Sugoona-Kangore, Pulladassee, &c. (in main circuits 6 and 8 of the Dinagepore survey), situated east of the above described western boundary, have been transferred from zillah Dinagepore to zillah Bograh.

List of Villages transferred from Zillah Rungpore to Zillah Bograh.

Number.	Names of Villages.	Thakbust map number.	Names of Pergunnahs.
1	Fazilpore or Kookhataer	4	Islamabad.
	Bhowladanga	3	ditto.
	Khokseeah	2	ditto.
	Bulecadanga	36	Poladassee.
5	Kunaietta	37	ditto.
	Koolbareca	41	ditto.
	Chulecantulla	38	ditto.
	Surjunpara	67	ditto.
	Saleeka	39	ditto.
10	Goramara	40	ditto.
	Modoorpore	64	ditto.
	Chur Chuk Nundun	63	ditto.
	Bishonathpore	62	ditto.
	Besoorpara	61	ditto.
15	Gur Futapore	59	ditto.
	Sabazpore	60	ditto.
	Gopaie	56	ditto.
	Muheshpara	68	ditto.
	Takanee with Arazee	69	ditto.
20	Khatmaree Radhakantpore	87	ditto.
	Kismut Takanee	70	ditto.
	Gazareca	66	ditto.
	Islampore oorf Meenarpara	85	ditto.
	Kurunja	71	ditto.
25	Kismut Hasraj	72	ditto.
	Duree Hasraj	65	ditto.
	Sathbakee	80	ditto.
	Khodadiliarpara	79	ditto.
	Khoord Katabairpara	78	ditto.
30	Bishonathpore oorf Namazkhalee	73	ditto.
	Cheechaerpara	104	ditto.
	Rungraerpara	77	ditto.
	Khatabairpara	76	ditto.
	Raneerpara	75	ditto.
35	Kanoanairpara	74	ditto.
	Chuk Nundun	112	ditto.
	Moondoomalla	113	ditto.
	Ghur Chytunpara	114	ditto.
	Kabilpore	111	ditto.
40	Soojaitpore	115	ditto.
	Boiseechora	84	ditto.
	Chamoorpara	110	ditto.
	Gokoolpore	131	ditto.
	Kookheebajeet	130	ditto.
45	Kookheebajeet Arazee	130	ditto.
	Roghoonathpore	132	ditto.
	Bykantpore	133	ditto.
	Huree Churn	134	ditto.
	Mothoora	139	ditto.
50	Muhumudlaer	129	ditto.
	Nubeebpore	141	ditto.
	Ramkistopore	144	ditto.
	Syudpore	143	ditto.
	Islampore	127	ditto.

Number.	Names of Villages.	Thakbust map number.	Names of Pargunnahs.
55	Chuk Syudpore	126	Poladasee.
	Hubeepore	128	ditto.
	Ramkrishtopore, &c.	142	ditto.
	Juggurnathpore	125	ditto.
	Kookhee Debedas, &c.	145	ditto.
60	Jeebunpore	146	ditto.
	Amjhoopee	149	ditto.
	Bagbareedigur	121	ditto.
	Kanoopore, &c.	120	ditto.
	Neetanundpore	53	ditto.
65	Lahooreepara	54	ditto.
	Choergacha	55	ditto.
	Agoonatoer	57	ditto.
	Bocharpookhur	119	ditto.
	Korneepara	124	ditto.
70	Deeghurpara	122	ditto.
	Bailgachee	123	ditto.
	Gobrarpara	118	ditto.
	Choto Balooa, &c.	117	ditto.
	Kamarpara	58	ditto.
75	Balooapara, &c.	116	ditto.
	Atkooree 7 annas	148	ditto.
	Buro Bamuneea	107	ditto.
	Nagurpara	108	ditto.
	Moishabaree	106	ditto.
80	Ruseedpore	109	ditto.
	Dhormokole	105	ditto.
	Shampore	135	ditto.
	Dabeddas	137	ditto.
	Gopeebulubh	138	ditto.
85	Radhakantpore	140	ditto.
	Bareea	83	Bazeetpore.
	Debeepore	3	Gangnuggur.
	Kaleekapore	39	Bazeetpore.
	Jameegungnuggur	208	Poladasee.
90	Baroeepara	5	Gangnuggur.
	Majpara	4	ditto.
	Basneeah	7	ditto.
	Ramchundurpore	10	ditto.
	Doolubpore	9	ditto.
95	Poorunugoree, &c.	8	ditto.
	Bureea Arazee	83	Bazeetpore.
	Gunokearpara	2	Gangnuggur.
	Mirzapore, &c.	1	ditto.
	Pakooreea	205	Poladasee.
100	Bishtopore	81	Bazeetpore.
	Mirzapore Arazee	1	Gangnuggur.
	Manquair	71	Protapbazoo.
	Juggurnathpore	70	ditto.
	Bhowancepore	3	ditto.
105	Kasoreepore	7	ditto.
	Kherwapara	6	ditto.
	Rughoonathpore	69	ditto.
	Lukheekole	68	ditto.
	Burna Mirza	198	Poladasee.
110	Chuk Maree	75	Bazeetpore.
	Rahobun	76	ditto.
	Alumpore	204	Poladasee.
	Deolee	67	Protapbazoo.
	Raghubpore	11	Gangnuggur.
115	Khoord Magha	206	Poladasee.
	Boczoorg Magha	207	ditto.
	Kistopore Chuk	77	Bazeetpore.
	Badabhoyra	78	ditto.
	Bhoyra	79	ditto.
120	Majpara	195	Poladasee.

Number.	Names of Villages.	Thakbust map number.	Names of Pergunnahs.
	Madhoopore	194	Poladasee.
	Kanoochgara	196	ditto.
	Gowkoonda	193	ditto.
	Powrapara	192	ditto.
125	Talibpore	197	ditto.
	Peerpore	188	ditto.
	Kistmnt Narainpore	186	ditto.
	Oothalee	184	ditto.
	Nakareepara	37	Chatnuggur.
130	Chuk Pursoram	185	Poladasee.
	Choliman	189	ditto.
	Sunasee Dhoondakhda	183	ditto.
	Khalimpore	190	ditto.
	Chandpore	182	Chatnuggur.
135	Soojapore	181	Poladasee.
	Chundeeepore	180	ditto.
	Dabeeepore	187	ditto.
	Gunaespore	179	ditto.
	Badeeachora	178	ditto.
140	Anuntpore	177	ditto.
	Harirampore	191	ditto.
	Gopeenathpore Chuk	171	ditto.
	Lushkurpore	173	ditto.
	Radhakistopore	169	ditto.
145	Kaleepore	172	ditto.
	Gobindpore	176	ditto.
	Monohar Chuk	175	ditto.
	Ramchundropore	174	ditto.
	Lukheepore	170	ditto.
150	Sunkurpore	168	ditto.
	Chuklama	1	Paieka.
	Chukla 7 annas, &c.	80	Bazeetpore.
	Moradpore	167	Poladasee.
	Sonaiekandee	165	ditto.
155	Koaleepara	164	ditto.
	Baloopara	9	Protapbazoo.
	Barorghone	10	ditto.
	Dawnaie	162	Poladasee.
	Chahapore	163	ditto.
160	Sooltanpore	161	ditto.
	Meerpore	166	ditto.
	Panchpaieka	1	Khas Talook.
	Akhunee Chookaie	160	Poladasee.
	Koeychope	157	ditto.
165	Puchinpara	159	ditto.
	Seemultaer	158	ditto.
	Nungcolla	150	ditto.
	Gaolpara	151	ditto.
	Krishtopore	152	ditto.
170	Dukhinpara	153	ditto.
	Oozgram	154	ditto.
	Amudpore	156	ditto.
	Khoopce	1	Khoopce.
	Parabaisa	155	Poladasee.
175	Neemarpara	103	ditto.
	Baga Huldeea	82	ditto.
	Monorpotole	81	ditto.
	Kurunja with Arazee	194	ditto.
	Nischindpore	83	ditto.
180	Poddopara	84	ditto.
	Pakoolla	86	ditto.
	Hooah Kooah	92	ditto.
	Soojaitpore	88	ditto.
	Salbunda	91	ditto.
185	Acharairpara	89	ditto.
	Shabazpore	90	ditto.

Number.	Names of Villages.	Thakbust map number.	Names of Pergunnahs.
190	Shampore	93	Poladasee.
	Hooah Kooah Arazee	209	ditto.
	Khoksatulla	94	ditto.
	Porapaer	95	ditto.
	Koradanga	96	ditto.
	Surjunpara	215	ditto.
195	Boyra	101	ditto.
	Joregacha	102	ditto.
	Kismut Nowda Arazee	225	ditto.
	Gosaiebaree	100	ditto.
	Kismut Nowda	225	ditto.
	Gunsarpara	97	ditto.
200	Kurunja 9 annas	216	ditto.
	Sankahattee	217	ditto.
	Kurunja	98	ditto.
203	Atkooree (9 annas)	147	ditto.
	Gopalpore	203	ditto.

List of Villages transferred from Zillah Mymensing to Zillah Bograh.

Number.	Names of Villages.	Thakbust map number.	Names of Pergunnahs.
1	Dhoonut	1	Burbazoo.
	Oottur Belkoochee	10	ditto.
	Chala Belkoochee	11	ditto.
	Beel Baesaa	12	ditto.
5	Bishhureegacha	15	ditto.
	Buhulgacha	18	ditto.
	Beel Sitlaee	19	ditto.
	Owla Amood	20	ditto.
10	Bhoobungatee	14	ditto.
	Satpakeea	17	ditto.
	Chur Khookseea	33	ditto.
	Bunceagatee and Beel Koela	{ 31 } 32	ditto.
15	Chuk Mehardee	29	ditto.
	Beel Rowha	30	ditto.
	Bishnoopore	28	ditto.
	Pachthoopee, &c.	{ 21 } 22 23 and 24	ditto.
20	Shambaree	27	ditto.
	Owla Bishoonath	26	ditto.
	Owla Kookeel	25	ditto.
	Koeegatee	421	ditto.
25	Kashto Sagra	422	ditto.
	Teleegatee	424	ditto.
	Nagessurgatee	426	ditto.
	Sooghat	427	ditto.
30	Gooher Phooljore	428	ditto.
	Thakoorer Phooljore	429	ditto.
	Sataneer Phooljore	430	ditto.
	Sadukpore	431	ditto.
30	Dhooabaree	432	ditto.
	Mudhobag and Sreerampore	{ 433 } and 434	ditto.
	Joogegatee	425	ditto.
	Beel Poela	423	ditto.
30	Roodrobaree	420	ditto.
	Sakhateea	446	ditto.